

Peru - Macaws & Machu Picchu

Naturetrek Tour Report

10 - 27 September 2008



Huarcapay Lake



A creek on the upper Tambopata River



A llama on the Inca Trail



Dead Woman's Pass

Report and images compiled by Andy Smith



Naturetrek Cheriton Mill Cheriton Alresford Hampshire SO24 0NG England

T: +44 (0)1962 733051

F: +44 (0)1962 736426

E: info@naturetrek.co.uk

W: www.naturetrek.co.uk

Tour Leader:	Andy Smith
Local Guides:	Nieves Oscar and Rueben Arturo
Participants:	Maggie Holland Ann Groshart John Howells Pauline Howells David Moore Dianne Watkins Jim Childs Agi Turner Angela Curran Wyndham Collins

Day 1

Wednesday 10th September

We arrived in Lima on schedule in the early evening, met Nieves our local guide and transferred to our comfortable hotel in the fashionable suburb of Miraflores.

Day 2

Thursday 11th September

After a leisurely breakfast we drove to the Pantanos de Villa marshland reserve on the southern limits of the sprawling Lima conurbation. In a short time we saw a wide range of birds that included Pied-billed and Giant Grebes, Little Blue and Striated Herons, Yellow-crowned Night Heron, Puna Ibis, Cinnamon Teal, Osprey, American Kestrel, Andean Coot, Black-necked Stilt, Killdeer, Groove-billed Ani, Blue-and-white Swallow and Long-tailed Mockingbird – a good start!

Next we drove south along the coast to the small fishing village of Pucusana. Here we took a short boat ride round the harbour and enjoyed excellent views of hundreds of Inca Terns, Guanay Cormorants and Peruvian Pelicans, a pair of smart Blackish Oystercatchers and a nice little party of Surf-birds scrambling expertly over the surf-lashed rocks. A delicious fresh fish lunch in a harbour-side restaurant completed the morning.

During the afternoon we continued south along the desert coast on the Pan-American highway, marvelling both at the abject barrenness of much of the landscape and at the remarkable range of crops that are grown in the oasis valleys. A brief stop at the Pantanos de Viejo marshes added White-cheeked Pintail, Wilson's Phalarope, Wren-like Rushbird, Peruvian Meadowlark and the amazing Many-coloured Rush-tyrant to the list and then, satisfied, we pushed on to Ica and our hotel for the next two nights.

Day 3

Friday 12th September

With breakfast completed we set off for the local airport and our Nasca Lines flight. After checking in, we took a look round the local area where we found a couple of Croaking Ground Doves, a pair of Vermilion Flycatchers, several Hooded Siskins, a trio of neat-looking Coastal Miners and at least six superb Burrowing Owls. Poor visibility at Nasca was delaying flights, so with a wait on our hands we shuttled back to our nearby hotel where the lush gardens promised birds. During a brief walk round the grounds we found several colourful *Amazilia* Hummingbirds, a striking little Pied-crested Tit-Tyrant, a smart Peruvian Pygmy Owl (a good sighting indeed!), a Bran-coloured Flycatcher and a pair of very handsome Black-necked Woodpeckers. Back at the airport the fliers finally got away and the non-fliers enjoyed another little walk that produced Harris's Hawk, Streaked Saltator, Collared Warbling Finch and Short-tailed Field Tyrant. A little later the fliers returned full of impressions of the wonders they had seen and we all headed off to the nearby oasis of Huacachina for a delicious and well-deserved restaurant lunch.

In the afternoon we drove back up the coast to Paracas and, after a brief roadside stop to admire an impressive Peruvian Thick-knees just outside the town, we drove out across the National Reserve to the spectacular sea cliffs of La Cathedral and admired the dramatic scenery, the various seabirds and the Turkey Vultures that cruised past us at eye-level, skilfully riding the powerful up-draughts. Finally we walked down to a nearby beach, a vast sweep of sand and crashing surf, deserted save for masses of Grey Gulls and a range of waders, and finished a satisfying and enjoyable day.

Day 4

Saturday 13th September

After an early breakfast we drove back up the highway to Paracas. At the bustling quayside we boarded our speedboat and then roared out across the bay. A close pod of Bottlenose Dolphins occasioned one stop and then, after we had admired the enigmatic Candelabra figure etched on a hillside above the shore, we continued fast out to sea towards the distant Ballestas, just visible in the 'garua' (a dry wind of this region) murk. A series of flocks of Red-necked and Grey Phalaropes interrupted the journey before we arrived at the islands and were met by one of the world's great avian spectacles.

As we cruised slowly around the cliffs and arches we were amazed at the sheer number of birds. Guanay Cormorants and Peruvian Boobies were present in their tens of thousands and in amongst them were smaller numbers of Peruvian Pelicans, Neotropic Cormorants and Inca Terns. Here and there we found pairs of colourful Red-legged Cormorants and little groups of Humboldt Penguins, some surprisingly high up on the cliff faces. The whole amazing picture was completed by Turkey Vultures soaring incongruously over the cliffs and Southern Sea Lions loafing on the rocks – fantastic!

Back at Paracas we transferred to our bus and headed to the National Reserve again. At one bay-side viewpoint we had distant views of a few Chilean Flamingoes and a huge flock of Black Skimmers, and at picturesque Lagunillas we found a Peruvian Surf Cinclodes foraging around the rock-pools, a couple of Royal Terns fishing offshore and a range of waders including Least and Semi-palmated Sandpipers, Snowy and Semi-palmated Plovers, several Surfbirds and a Greater Yellowlegs. In the afternoon we drove back along the coast to Lima and finally arrived in Miraflores at sunset with plenty of time to prepare for our imminent jungle adventure.

Day 5

Sunday 14th September

After breakfast we transferred to the airport and soon we were airborne and climbing through the garua mist, up and over the spectacular snow-capped Andes and down into the green vastness of the rainforest beyond. We arrived at Puerto Maldonado shortly after midday. Formalities completed, we transferred to a bus and began the short journey to the little port of Infierno where we boarded our boat and set off up the Tambopata River. Pretty soon we left the bulk of the settlers and gold miners behind and were into patches of pristine rainforest.

Our first macaws and parrots appeared overhead and other highlights included Capped Heron, Greater Yellow-headed Vulture, Collared Plover, Blue-crowned Motmot, Amazon Kingfisher, Violaceous Jay, Yellow-rumped Cacique and our only Capybaras of the trip. At a checkpoint we disembarked to present our passports, found a couple of distant Red Howler Monkeys and enjoyed excellent close-up views of a small group of Dusky Titi Monkeys and a Russet-backed Oropendola indulging in its bizarre display. Continuing on, we finally arrived at the Refugio in the late afternoon in good time to settle in before dinner.

Day 6

Monday 15th September

A full morning at the Refugio included a dawn trip to the canopy tower and then, after breakfast, a walk along one of the trails through some superb rainforest. A range of exciting birds during this eventful and enjoyable morning included White-tailed Trogon, Dark-billed Cuckoo, Yellow-fronted Nunbird, Gilded Barbet, Yellow-tufted Woodpecker, Crested Becard and Dwarf Tyrant-manakin. From the tower itself a mixed canopy feeding flock included Paradise, Green-and gold, Masked, Yellow-backed and Flame-crested Tanagers, while on the forest floor we encountered Goeldi's, Black, Black-faced, Chestnut-tailed and Scale-backed Antbirds, White-eyed and White-flanked Antwrens and Black-faced Antthrush – not bad!

At the end of the morning we returned to the boat and continued our journey upstream. Once we were underway we settled down and watched the forest unfold ahead of us. Handsome White-winged and White-banded Swallows hawked low over the water, while powerful White-collared Swifts cruised high overhead. At every bend of the river something new appeared and as the day progressed we saw Cocoli and Capped Herons, Anhinga, Orinoco Goose, Razor-billed Curassow, King Vulture, Black Hawk-eagle, Great Black and Zone-tailed Hawks, Plumbeous Kite, Black Caracara, Yellow-billed Tern, Sand-coloured Nighthawk and lots more. Occasional caimans loafed on the banks, Side-necked Terrapins sunned themselves on logs and, as we progressed, so we began to see increasing numbers of macaws and parrots – an exciting taste of things to come! In the late afternoon, at the end of a satisfying day, we arrived at the simple, serene and comfortable Tambopata Research Centre and settled in for our 2-night stay full of anticipation for the morning.

Day 7

Tuesday 16th September

A pre-dawn departure from the lodge ensured that we were comfortably in place at the clay cliff, or 'colpa', before daybreak. Even at this early stage the trees around our viewing point were full of screeching parrots and as the light improved the noise increased as more and more birds assembled. Over the next couple of hours we enjoyed the extraordinary and wonderful sight of hundreds of parrots and macaws, colourful and charismatic, coming down in great swirling flocks to eat clay from the cliffs. The undoubted stars of this spectacle were the big macaws and we had superb views of Blue-and-yellow, Red-and-green and Scarlet.

Additionally, there were dozens of the smaller Chestnut-Fronted and Red-bellied Macaws and at least two neat Blue-headed. Masses of Mealy and Blue-headed Parrots dominated the scene and among them we found several Yellow-crowned Amazons, a few Orange-cheeked and White-bellied Parrots and good numbers of Dusky-headed and White-eyed Parakeets. Other notable sightings on this superb morning included Blue-throated Piping Guan, Purplish Jay, Swallow Tanager and Olive Oropendola.

A break for breakfast back at the lodge was enlivened by the appearance of a party of colourful Lettered Aracaris, a pair of Pink-throated Becards and a stunning male Band-tailed Manakin that posed long enough for everyone to get really good views. After this we spent the rest of the morning walking various trails through the pristine rainforest around the research centre and between us we saw a wide range of exciting and interesting wildlife. Mammal sightings included Black Spider, Squirrel, Brown Capuchin and Red Howler Monkeys, Saddle-backed Tamarin and some noisy White-lipped Peccaries. Bird highlights included Pale-winged Trumpeter, Collared and Blue-crowned Trogons, Lineated Woodpecker, Bluish-fronted Jacamar, Fasciated Antshrike, Striated Antbird, a displaying Cinerous Mourner and a superb female Royal Flycatcher, a new bird for all present!

In the late afternoon we took a short boat ride back towards the colpa and explored an area of wet 'varzea' forest (seasonally flooded forest) that produced another Razor-billed Curassow, a male White-winged Becard, a surprise Yellow-browed Tyrant and a wonderfully vocal Pale-legged Hornero. We finished up at a peaceful tree-fringed pond where we found a trio of Hoatzins, extraordinary as ever, a Sungrebe, a striking Black-capped Donacobius and a small Black Caiman that stayed well hidden in the shady shallows.

Day 8

Wednesday 17th September

A second dawn session at the colpa produced another glorious parrot extravaganza. The complement of species and overall numbers were similar to the previous morning, but this time we saw rather more Red-and-green Macaws, had better views of Blue-headed Macaws and added a couple of diminutive Dusky-billed Parrotlets to the list. After breakfast back at the research centre we packed up and made our way back down to the boat, stopping en route to watch a group of impressive Red Howler Monkeys up in the trees close to the trail.

Back on the river we enjoyed a pleasant voyage downstream retracing our journey of a couple of days previously. A River Otter asleep on a log in the shallows was an excellent sighting and a range of notable birds included Roadside and Great Black Hawks, Greater Yellowlegs, Yellow-billed Tern, Amazon and Green Kingfishers, Swallow-wing Puffbird and four King Vultures. We finally arrived back at the Refugio in the early afternoon, and after a brief siesta took a walk to Coronado Lake, a classic ox-bow set deep in the forest. Here, in beautiful surroundings, floating serenely on a sturdy wooden raft, we saw Hoatzins, White-throated Toucans, Pale-vented Pigeons, Great Antshrikes, Streaked Antwren and a group of neat and well-camouflaged Long-nosed Bats roosting on a fallen tree.

Day 9

Thursday 18th September

After an early breakfast we left the Refugio and boarded our boat for the last time. The relatively short ride in fine sunshine was as enjoyable as ever and pleasantly enlivened by a Collared Plover, a couple of Amazon Kingfishers, Spot-breasted and Yellow-tufted Woodpeckers, a Bare-necked Fruitcrow, three neat Yellow-browed Sparrows and a trio of impressive Horned Screamers strutting around majestically on a muddy bank.

After a brief break at Infierno we continued by bus to Puerto Maldonado and civilisation; we were soon airborne and heading towards the Andes, leaving the jungle far behind and below us.

Arriving in Cusco we immediately noticed how much thinner the air was, making it difficult to walk and talk at the same time. Outside the airport we were met by our new local guide, Arturo, and whisked off for a delicious traditional lunch in a restaurant in the centre of town. Suitably replete we checked into our hotel and took a siesta. In the late afternoon, Arturo gave us a guided tour of some of the major sights of this remarkable and beautiful city and we finished the day with dinner at the famous Inca Grill in the buzzing Plaza de Armas.

Day 10

Friday 19th September

After breakfast we set off to picturesque Huacarpay Lake an hour or so to the south of Cusco. With shallow and marshy and surrounded by grassland and scrubby hills, plus a backdrop of spectacular mountains, Huacarpay is a wonderful place to explore. In a short space of time we saw a wide range of birds including White-tufted Grebe, Speckled, Puna and Cinnamon Teals, Yellow-billed Pintail, Andean Duck and several Wilson's Phalaropes. Plumbeous Rails and Many-coloured Rush-tyrants skulked around the edges of the rushes, Puna Ibis waded in the shallows, and a pair of smart Andean Lapwings strutted about on the dry grassy margins. Smaller birds included Bare-faced Ground Dove, Sparkling Violetear, White-browed Chat-tyrant, Rufous-naped Ground Tyrant, Chiguanco Thrush, Ashy-breasted Sierra Finch and Yellow-winged Blackbird. We completed a successful morning with good views of a striking Bearded Mountaineer Hummingbird visiting some yellow Nicotiana flowers as we enjoyed a drink at a roadside bar.

From Huacarpay we drove down to the Sacred Valley and then on up to the ruins of Pisac, noting hundreds of Andean Gulls along the river en route. The ruins, spread out along a precipitous ridge, were impressive and we marvelled both at the quality of the Inca stonework and the dramatic setting. The birding interest continued too, with Black-chested Buzzard Eagle, Mountain Caracara, Giant Hummingbird, Rusty-fronted Canastero, Yellow-billed Tit-tyrant, Black-throated Flowerpiercer and another Bearded Mountaineer all putting in appearances. At the end of the afternoon we returned to Cusco and visited the massive ruined fortress of Saqsaywaman, before returning to the hotel in good time to prepare for our time on the Inca Trail.

Day 11

Saturday 20th September

After breakfast we boarded our bus and headed out of Cusco and across the high altitude Chinchero Plateau. It was a lovely clear morning and the views of the surrounding snow-capped peaks were superb. En route we noted American Kestrels, Band-tailed Pigeons and an Andean Flicker. Dropping down into the Sacred Valley we passed through Urubamba and continued to the small and bustling little town of Ollantaytambo where we had a chance to stock up with any last minute supplies before beginning the trail. A little further on, at Km 82, we came to the end of the road and found our porters waiting for us. After a little time adjusting loads, the porters set off at their usual 'hell for leather' pace and we followed, a little more sedately.

Keeping close to the river our route took us through a patchwork of farmsteads and dry rocky scrubland and past occasional small Inca ruins. We were on 'Torrent Duck alert' and with regular scans of the river below we soon found our first ones, a duck and a drake together, striking as ever, loafing on boulders and leaping in and out of the foaming water with consummate ease and skill.

Other birds as we continued along the trail included Andean Swift, White-capped Dipper and, outstandingly, an immature Fasciated Tiger Heron which wandered out of the riverside vegetation to stand on a boulder in full view for several minutes. Towards the end of the afternoon, after a leisurely and enjoyable walk, we arrived at Km 88 to find our tents already erected and the kettle on. In no time we were comfortably settled in and enjoying an excellent dinner and a fine starry night.

Day 12

Sunday 21st September

Up at first light with a cup of tea we were soon packed, breakfasted and ready to go. After pausing to admire some large pink orchids sprouting out of a rock face we descended to the nearby checkpoint and bridge. With the friendly formalities completed we crossed the river and continued to the impressive Inca terraces at Llactapacta and then on up the beautiful Cusichaca Valley. The scenery was superb throughout and a stream of good birds, including Giant Hummingbird, Black Phoebe, White-winged Black Tyrant, Greenish Yellow-finch and Black-backed Grosbeak kept the birding interest going. We ate lunch in a lovely streamside meadow with White-capped Dippers and a Sierran Elaenia then continued on our way. A rush of birds at a bridge a little further on provided a pleasant diversion and in a short space of time we enjoyed good views of Tufted Tit-tyrants, Slaty-backed Chat-tyrant, Streak-throated Bush-tyrant, Brown-capped Vireo, Rust-and-yellow Tanager, Spectacled Redstart and a stunning male Great Sapphirewing. Continuing through Huayllabamba we arrived at our well-positioned campsite in good time to settle in for our second night under canvas.

Day 13

Monday 22nd September

Up and away again shortly after first light, the trail took us steadily upwards through some excellent patches of cloud forest and we enjoyed some great birding as we walked. Hummingbirds were much in evidence and during the morning we saw Shining and White-tufted Sunbeams, Great Sapphirewing, Giant Hummingbird, Tyrian Metaltail and Sapphire-vented Puffleg. Excellent views of Chestnut-breasted Mountain Finches, Golden-billed Saltators and a large flock of Mitred Parakeets were real bonuses, while new species in the various feeding flocks that we encountered included Creamy-crested Spinetail, White-throated Tyrannulet, Tufted Tit-tyrant, Tit-like Dacnis, Chestnut-bellied Mountain Tanager and Masked Flowerpiercer.

We stopped for lunch just above Llulluchapampa in an area of open boulder-strewn grassland. A completely different range of birds met us here and during a pleasant lunch break we saw Peruvian Sierra Finch, D'Orbigny's and Brown-backed Chat-tyrants, Bar-winged Cinclodes, and a quartet of superb Andean Flickers. After lunch we began the long, hard climb to the top of the infamous Dead Woman's Pass, the toughest stretch of the trail and the highest point at 4,200 metres. Everyone managed admirably and it was a happy crew indeed that posed for the customary celebratory photographs at the top. We paused to savour the views and our achievement then continued down through fine 'paramo' (a neotropical ecosystem) habitat to the campsite at Pacamayo. Blue-mantled Thornbills, Streak-backed Canasteros, several Brown-bellied Swallows and a Sedge Wren provided some last wildlife interest and concluded a long but hugely satisfying day.

Day 14

Tuesday 23rd September

A Red-crested Cotinga and a Rufous Antpitta at the campsite started the day in fine style and we were soon breakfasted, packed up and ready to go.

From Pacamayo the path climbed steeply to the dramatically positioned ruins of Runcu Raccay and we paused as we walked to admire various colourful orchids and the antics of several Moustached Flowerpiercers and a pair of Tit-like Dacnis. Beyond Runcu Raccay the steep climb continued, but we were veterans by this stage and progress was good. Vilcabamba Tapaculos, Great Sapphirewings and a Pearled Treerunner kept the birding interest going and in a short time we reached the second pass, where we took a brief break to recover our breath and admire the spectacular scenery. From here we descended to the ruins of Sayacamarca noting a quartet of Crested Duck on a trailside lake en route. Below Sayacamarca the path continued through a lovely patch of cloud forest where, despite the late morning heat, we found a few good birds including two Marcapata Spinetails, a Citrine Warbler, a pair of Rufous-breasted Chat-tyrants and a dazzling Scarlet-bellied Mountain Tanager.

We ate lunch in the tussock grass clearing at Chaquicocha and then continued along an impressive and largely level stretch of original Inca paving through yet more wonderful scenery and habitat. Notable birds included a couple of Puna Hawks soaring around the crags and a stunning Golden-collared Tanager. Towards the end of the afternoon we reached the spectacularly positioned ridge-top campsite at Phuyupatamarca and enjoyed a glorious sunset over jagged mountain peaks before settling down to a last dinner under canvas.

Day 15

Wednesday 24th September

A cold, clear night gave way to an icy, crystal clear dawn and a beautiful sunrise over the snow peaks. With breakfast completed we said goodbye and thank you to our team of porters and negotiated the steep steps down to the precipitously positioned ruins of Phuyupatamarca. There were few signs of life in the early morning cold, but the trail continued to descend steeply and as we lost altitude and the morning advanced, so the temperature rose. We were soon walking through rich subtropical rainforest and the views across the steep, forested slopes and down to the rushing Urubamba River were superb. The birds were good too, and during the course of the morning we encountered a wide range of species including Violet-throated Starfrontlet, Amethyst-throated Sunangel, Azara's Spinetail, Streak-necked Flycatcher, Black-capped Hemispingus and both Hooded and Scarlet-bellied Mountain Tanagers.

After lunch at Trekker's Lodge and a brief look at the picturesque ruins of Winay Wayna, where some of us saw a pair of Inca Wrens and a group of impressively fast Chestnut-collared Swifts, we set off on the last leg. The afternoon was warm and the forest lovely but we were on a mission now and even the sight of a pair of Andean Guans and a neat little Crowned Chat-tyrant couldn't delay us for long. Soon we made that last little climb up to the Sun Gate and then there below us lay the magnificent sight of Machu Picchu. We all paused to savour the moment, take photos and congratulate each other on our achievement. Then, rejuvenated we strolled on down into the city itself where Arturo led us on a thoroughly informative guided tour of this fabulous and inspiring place. Finally, elated and tired, we caught the last bus down into Aguas Calientes and checked into our luxurious hotel.

Day 16

Thursday 25th September

A full morning at Aguas Calientes gave us all plenty of time to relax after the rigours of the trail. We divided our time between exploring the town and its various markets and strolling around the bird-rich forested grounds of the hotel.

Among a host of hummingbirds visiting the various feeders and zapping around the flowering trees were dozens of Chestnut-breasted Coronets and Sparkling Violetears, several Collared Incas and Green-and-white Hummingbirds and smaller numbers of Green Violetears, Booted Racquet-tails, Speckled Hummingbirds and Long-tailed Sylphs. Tanagers were conspicuous too and included Blue-necked, Saffron-crowned, Blue-and-yellow, Silver-backed, Beryl-spangled, Hepatic and lots of Blue-grey. Walking the trails we found Andean Guans, Speckle-faced Parrots, White-throated Quail Dove, Undulated Antpitta, Variable Antshrike, Dusky-green Oropendola and a small party of Masked Fruiteaters. A scan of the river below produced a trio of Torrent Tyrannulets and a superb Highland Motmot, while a wide range of other small bird during this excellent morning included Golden-olive Woodpecker, Golden-crowned Flycatcher, Streaked Xenops, Slaty-throated Redstart, Russet-crowned Warbler, Tropical Parula, Cusco Brush-finch, Thick-billed Euphonia and Blue-naped Chlorophonia. After a delicious lunch we caught the train back to Cusco. The journey along the Urubamba valley was as spectacular as we had anticipated and was further enlivened by good numbers of Torrent Ducks on the river and a few White-capped Dippers. We finally arrived back in Cusco after dark but with just enough time for that last bit of shopping.

Day 17

Friday 26th September

An early morning flight took us back over the Andes and down to Lima. We were met by our local guide for the day and whisked off for an authoritative and interesting tour of the colonial part of the city. After lunch and a short break back at the Hotel Jose Antonio we visited the excellent National Museum of Archaeology and Anthropology before heading to the airport. The check-in went smoothly and our evening flights left on schedule.

Day 18

Saturday 27th September

Touching down in Madrid in the early afternoon we transferred to our various UK flights and arrived home a few hours later.

Acknowledgements

Thanks to Nieves, Oscar, Rueben, Arturo and our various drivers, porters, cooks, fixers and other guides who all worked very hard to ensure that we had a thoroughly enjoyable time. Special thanks also to the various members of the group for helping to make the trip so successful and memorable.

Receive our e-newsletter

Join the Naturetrek e-mailing list and be the first to hear about new tours, additional departures and new dates, tour reports and special offers. Visit www.naturetrek.co.uk to sign up.

Naturetrek Facebook

We are delighted to launch the Naturetrek Facebook page so that participants of Naturetrek tours can remain in touch after the holiday and share photos, comments and future travel plans. Setting up a personal profile at www.facebook.com is quick, free and easy. The [Naturetrek Facebook page](#) is now live; do please pay us a visit!

Species Lists

Birds (H=heard only)

	Common name	Scientific name	September															
			11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
1	Cinereous Tinamou	<i>Crypturellus cinereus</i>								h								
2	Little Tinamou	<i>Crypturellus soui</i>					1h											
3	Undulated Tinamou	<i>Crypturellus undulatus</i>				h			2h	h								
4	Pied-billed Grebe	<i>Podilymbus podiceps</i>	5															
5	White-tufted Grebe	<i>Rollandia rolland</i>										3						
6	Great Grebe	<i>Podiceps major</i>	10															
7	Humboldt Penguin	<i>Spheniscus humboldti</i>			20													
8	Sooty Shearwater	<i>Puffinus griseus</i>			1													
9	Peruvian Diving Petrel	<i>Pelecanoides garnotii</i>	1															
10	Peruvian Pelican	<i>Pelecanus thagus</i>	100	100's	100's													
11	Peruvian Booby	<i>Sula variegata</i>	50	100's	1000's													3
12	Neotropic Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax brasilianus</i>	100+	100's	100's	5	10			10		2						50
13	Guanay Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax bougainvillii</i>	30		1000's													
14	Red-legged Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax gaimardi</i>	2		6													
15	Anhinga	<i>Anhinga anhinga</i>					2			2								
16	Capped Heron	<i>Pilherodius pileatus</i>				1	3											
17	Yellow-crowned Night-heron	<i>Nyctanassa violacea</i>	5															
18	Cocoi Heron	<i>Ardea cocoi</i>				1	3			2	1	1						
19	Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>	15		1		1			2								
20	Little Blue Heron	<i>Egretta caerulea</i>	10				2			1		1						
21	Snowy Egret	<i>Egretta thula</i>	15			5	10	2		6	3	2						
22	Cattle Egret	<i>Bulbulcus ibis</i>	50		20	20					1	10						
23	Striated Heron	<i>Butorides striatus</i>	5															
24	Black-crowned Night-heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>	10									1						
25	Fasciated Tiger-heron	<i>Tigrisoma fasciatum</i>											1					
26	Puna Ibis	<i>Plegadis ridgwayi</i>	100									100+					20	2
27	Horned Screamer	<i>Anhima cornuta</i>									3							
28	Chilean Flamingo	<i>Phoenicopterus chilensis</i>			7													
29	Orinoco Goose	<i>Neochen jubata</i>					4											

	Common name	Scientific name	September															
			11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
30	Torrent Duck	<i>Merganetta armata</i>										12	2				18	
31	Andean (Speckled) Teal	<i>Anas flavirostris andium</i>										5						
32	Yellow-billed Pintail	<i>Anas georgica</i>										1						
33	White-cheeked Pintail	<i>Anas bahamensis</i>	5															
34	Puna Teal	<i>Anas puna</i>										25						
35	Cinnamon Teal	<i>Anas cyanoptera</i>	30									15						
36	Andean Duck	<i>Oxyura ferruginea</i>	1									1						
37	Crested Duck	<i>Lophonetta specularoides</i>														5		
38	Black Vulture	<i>Coragyps atratus</i>	50		10	20	20	10	50	20								
39	Turkey Vulture	<i>Cathartes aura</i>	5	15	12	10	5		1	10								
40	Greater Yellow-headed Vulture	<i>Cathartes melambrotus</i>				5	15	2	3	5								
41	King Vulture	<i>Sarcoramphus papa</i>					3		4									
42	Osprey	<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>	5				3		1									
43	Plumbeous Kite	<i>Ictinia plumbea</i>				1	5		5	5								
44	Great-Black Hawk	<i>Buteogallus urubitinga</i>					2		1									
45	Harris's Hawk	<i>Parabuteo unicinctus</i>	1	2														
46	Black-chested Buzzard-eagle	<i>Geranoeatus melanoleucus</i>										2			2			
47	Roadside Hawk	<i>Buteo magnirostris</i>				1	1	2	2	3								
48	Variable Hawk	<i>Buteo polyosoma</i>			1										3	1		
49	Zone-tailed Hawk	<i>Buteo albonotatus</i>					1											
50	Black Hawk-eagle	<i>Spizaetus tyrannus</i>					1	1										
51	Black Caracara	<i>Ibycter ater</i>					4	1	1	5								
52	Mountain Caracara	<i>Phalcoboenus megalopterus</i>	1		1							6			2	1		
53	American Kestrel	<i>Falco sparverius</i>	8	4	3							2	7	2				
54	Aplomado Falcon	<i>Falco femoralis</i>																
55	Bat Falcon	<i>Falco rufifularis</i>					1											
56	Andean Guan	<i>Penelope montagnii</i>													4	2		
57	Blue-throated Piping-guan	<i>Pipile cumanensis</i>						2	2									
58	Razor-billed Curassow	<i>Crax tuberosa</i>					2	1	1									1
59	Hoatzin	<i>Opisthocomus hoazin</i>						4	10									
60	Pale-winged Trumpeter	<i>Psophia leucoptera</i>						5										
61	Plumbeous Rail	<i>Pardirallus sanguinolentus</i>										2						

	Common name	Scientific name	September															
			11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
62	Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>	10	3							10							
63	Andean Coot	<i>Fulica ardesiaca</i>	50		50						100							
64	Sungrebe	<i>Heliornis fulica</i>						1										
65	Blackish Oystercatcher	<i>Haemotopus ater</i>	2	6	2													
66	American Oystercatcher	<i>Haemotopus palliatus</i>	2	4	4													
67	Black-necked Stilt	<i>Himantopus mexicanus</i>	20		5													
68	Peruvian Thick-knee	<i>Burhinus superciliaris</i>		1	31													
69	Grey Plover	<i>Pluvialis squatarola</i>		2	2													
70	Semipalmated Plover	<i>Charadrius semipalmatus</i>			2													
71	Killdeer	<i>Charadrius vociferus</i>	3															
72	Snowy Plover	<i>Charadrius alexandrinus</i>		5	5													
73	Collared Plover	<i>Charadrius collaris</i>				1				1								
74	Pied Lapwing	<i>Vanellus cayanus</i>						4										
75	Andean Lapwing	<i>Vanellus resplendens</i>									3							
76	Whimbrel	<i>Numenius phaeopus</i>	50	5	5													
77	Greater Yellowlegs	<i>Tringa melanoleuca</i>	3+		2				12		2							
78	Lesser Yellowlegs	<i>Tringa flavipes</i>	5+															
79	Spotted Sandpiper	<i>Actitis macularia</i>	3		4		5		4	2								
80	Ruddy Turnstone	<i>Arenaria interpres</i>	20	1	30													
81	Surfbird	<i>Aphriza virgata</i>	10	8	2													
82	Sanderling	<i>Calidris alba</i>		15	50													
83	Semipalmated Sandpiper	<i>Calidris pusilla</i>			6													
84	Least Sandpiper	<i>Calidris minutilla</i>			5													
85	Wilson's Phalarope	<i>Stenagopus tricolor</i>	6								7							
86	Red-necked Phalarope	<i>Phalaropus lobatus</i>			200+													
87	Grey Phalarope	<i>Phalaropus fulicaria</i>			20+													
88	Gray Gull	<i>Larus modestus</i>	1000's	100's	1000's													
89	Band-tailed (Belcher's) Gull	<i>Larus belcheri</i>	100's	100's	100's												5	
90	Kelp Gull	<i>Larus dominicanus</i>	20	10+	5+												3	
91	Gray-headed Gull	<i>Larus cirrocephalus</i>	100+	100's	100's													
92	Andean Gull	<i>Larus serranus</i>									100's	25					5	2
93	Royal Tern	<i>Sterna maxima</i>			2													

	Common name	Scientific name	September															
			11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
94	Yellow-billed Tern	<i>Sterna superciliaris</i>				1	6		3	1								
95	Peruvian Tern	<i>Sterna lorata</i>		1														
96	Inca Tern	<i>Larosterna inca</i>	100+	100	100's													
97	Black Skimmer	<i>Rynchops niger</i>			250+		3											
98	Feral Pigeon	<i>Columba livia</i>	20	2	2	5				12	15	10						100's
99	Spot-winged Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas maculosa</i>										8						
100	Band-tailed Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas fasciata</i>												6				
101	Pale-vented Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas cayennensis</i>					4	6	20									
102	Plumbeous Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas plumbea</i>					2											
103	Ruddy Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas subvinacea</i>							1h									
104	Eared Dove	<i>Zenaida auriculata</i>	10	2		20					25	30	5					2+
105	Pacific Dove	<i>Zenaida meloda</i>	100+	100+	100	30												50+
106	Croaking Ground-dove	<i>Columbina cruziana</i>	10	25	3	2												2
107	Bare-faced Ground-dove	<i>Metriopelia ceciliae</i>									25							
108	White-tipped Dove	<i>Leptotila verreauxi</i>														2	2	
109	Grey-fronted Dove	<i>Leptotila rufaxilla</i>				1		1										
110	White-throated Quail Dove	<i>Geotrygon freneta</i>																1
111	Blue and Yellow Macaw	<i>Ara ararauna</i>				1	15	30	35									
112	Scarlet Macaw	<i>Ara macao</i>				2	10	20	15	4								
113	Red and Green Macaw	<i>Ara chloroptera</i>					50	2	20									
114	Chestnut-fronted Macaw	<i>Ara severa</i>				20	2	30	35									
115	Red-bellied Macaw	<i>Orthopsittaca manilata</i>						50	50									
116	Blue-headed Macaw	<i>Propyrrhura couloni</i>						2	3									
117	White-eyed Parakeet	<i>Aratinga leucophthalmus</i>						5	40									
118	Dusky-headed Parakeet	<i>Aratinga weddellii</i>						50	50									
119	Mitred Parakeet	<i>Aratinga mitrata</i>										2		30	15		15	
120	Scarlet-fronted Parakeet	<i>Aratinga wagleri</i>	15															
121	Dusky-billed Parrotlet	<i>Forpus sclateri</i>							2									
122	Cobalt-winged Parakeet	<i>Brotogeris cyanoptera</i>					100	100	40	10								
123	White-bellied Parrot	<i>Pionites leucogaster</i>					10	10	10									
124	Orange-cheeked Parrot	<i>Pionopsitta barrabandi</i>						5	10									
125	Blue-headed Parrot	<i>Pionus menstruus</i>				8	15	50	50	5								

	Common name	Scientific name	September																
			11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	
126	Speckle-faced Parrot	<i>Pionus tumultuosus</i>														4	5		
127	Yellow-crowned Parrot	<i>Amazona ochrocephala</i>						30	40										
128	Mealy Parrot	<i>Amazona farinosa</i>					12	25	300	5									
129	Dark-billed Cuckoo	<i>Coccyzus melacoryphus</i>					1	1											
130	Squirrel Cuckoo	<i>Piaya cayana</i>							2h										
131	Smooth-billed Ani	<i>Crotophaga ani</i>								3									
132	Groove-billed Ani	<i>Crotophaga sulcirostris</i>	6	5															
133	Barn Owl	<i>Tyto alba</i>				1													
134	Amazonian Pygmy Owl	<i>Glaucidium hardyi</i>							h										
135	Peruvian Pygmy Owl	<i>Glaucidium peruanum</i>		1															
136	Tawny-bellied Screech Owl	<i>Megascops watsonii</i>							h	h									
137	Burrowing Owl	<i>Athene cunicularia</i>	1	6															
138	Common Potoo	<i>Nyctibius griseus</i>								h									
139	Sand-coloured Nighthawk	<i>Chordeiles rupestris</i>						1											
140	Pauraque	<i>Nyctidromus albicollis</i>						h											
141	Ladder-tailed Nightjar	<i>Hydropsalis climacocerca</i>								1									
142	Band-winged Nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus maculicaudus</i>													2h				
143	Chestnut-collared Swift	<i>Streptoprocne rutila</i>														5			
144	White-collared Swift	<i>Streptoprocne zonaris</i>				10	15		20		20								
145	Gray-rumped Swift	<i>Chaetura cinereiventris</i>					15												
146	White-tipped Swift	<i>Aeronautes montivagus</i>														10			
147	Andean Swift	<i>Aeronautes andecolus</i>										15	10						
148	Fork-tailed Palm-swift	<i>Tachornis squamata</i>					1	1		5									
149	Long-tailed/White-bearded Hermit	<i>Phaetornis superciliosus/hispidus</i>								1									
150	White-necked Jacobin	<i>Florisuga mellivora</i>					1												
151	Green Violetear	<i>Colibri thalassinus</i>																2	
152	Sparkling Violetear	<i>Colibri coruscans</i>									2		1					15	
153	Foek-tailed Woodnymph	<i>Thalurania falcata</i>					1	1											
154	Green-and-White Hummingbird	<i>Leucippus viridicauda</i>																12	
155	White-bellied Hummingbird	<i>Leucippus chionogaster</i>										1						2	
156	Amazilia Hummingbird	<i>Amazilia amazilia</i>	3	10	2														1
157	Speckled Hummingbird	<i>Adelomyia melanogenys</i>																6	

	Common name	Scientific name	September															
			11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
158	Chestnut-breasted Coronet	<i>Boissonneaua matthewsii</i>															20	
159	Shining Sunbeam	<i>Aglaeactis cupripennis</i>												6	3			
160	White-tufted Sunbeam	<i>Aglaeactis castelnaudii</i>												2				
161	Collared Inca	<i>Coeligena torquata</i>											1					5
162	Violet-throated Starfrontlet	<i>Coeligena violifer</i>															2	
163	Great Sapphirewing	<i>Pterophanes cyanopterus</i>											4	5	5	2		
164	Giant Hummingbird	<i>Patagona gigas</i>									3	2	5	1				
165	Amethyst-throated Sunangel	<i>Heliangelus amethysticollis</i>															2	
166	Sapphire-vented Puffleg	<i>Eriocnemis luciani</i>												1	6			
167	Booted Racquet-tail	<i>Ocreatus underwoodii</i>																2
168	Black-tailed Trainbearer	<i>Lesbia victoriae</i>											1	3				
169	Green/Black-tailed Trainbearer	<i>Lesbia nuna/victoriae</i>										2		2	1		1	
170	Bearded Mountaineer	<i>Oreonympha nobilis</i>											3					
171	Tyrian Metaltail	<i>Metallura tyrianthina</i>												1	5	1		
172	Blue-mantled Thornbill	<i>Chalcostigma stanleyi</i>													2			
173	Long-tailed Sylph	<i>Agelaiocercus kingi</i>																3
174	White-bellied Woodstar	<i>Chaetocercus mulsant</i>																1
175	Purple-collared Woodstar	<i>Myrtis fanny</i>		4														
176	White-tailed Trogon	<i>Trogon viridis</i>					1											
177	Blue-crowned Trogon	<i>Trogon curucui</i>						2										
178	Collared Trogon	<i>Trogon collaris</i>						1										
179	Trogon spp.	<i>Trogon spp.</i>								h	h							
180	Amazon Kingfisher	<i>Chloroceryle amazona</i>				1	3			2	2							
181	Green Kingfisher	<i>Chloroceryle americana</i>					1	1	1									
182	Highland Motmot	<i>Momotus aequatorialis</i>																1
183	Blue-crowned Motmot	<i>Momotus momota</i>				1												
184	Bluish-fronted Jacamar	<i>Galbula cyanescens</i>						1										
185	Black-fronted Nunbird	<i>Monasa nigrifrons</i>				1	1	4	1									
186	Yellow-billed Nunbird	<i>Monasa flavirostris</i>					4											
187	Swallow-wing	<i>Chelidoptera tenebrosa</i>					3	1	3									
188	Gilded Barbet	<i>Capito auritus</i>					1											
189	Lettered Aracari	<i>Pteroglossus inscriptus</i>						5										

	Common name	Scientific name	September															
			11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
190	White-throated (Cuvier's) Toucan	<i>Ramphastos tucanus (cuvieri)</i>						h	2	2								
191	Yellow-tufted Woodpecker	<i>Melanerpes cruentatus</i>					1			4								
192	Little Woodpecker	<i>Veniliornis passerinus</i>						1										
193	Red-stained Woodpecker	<i>Veliniornis affinis</i>					1h		1									
194	Golden-olive Woodpecker	<i>Piculus rubiginosus</i>															1	
195	Black-necked Woodpecker	<i>Colaptes atricollis</i>		2	2													
196	Spot-breasted Woodpecker	<i>Colaptes punctigula</i>								1								
197	Andean Flicker	<i>Colaptes rupicla</i>									1		8					
198	Rufous-headed Woodpecker	<i>Celeus spectabilis</i>						2h										
199	Lineated Woodpecker	<i>Dryocopus lineatus</i>					1	1										
200	Plain-brown Woodcreeper	<i>Dendrocincla fuliginosa</i>					1											
201	Wedge-billed Woodcreeper	<i>Glyphorhynchus spirurus</i>				1			1									
202	Lineated Woodcreeper	<i>Lepidocolaptes albolineatus</i>					1h											
203	Buff-throated Woodcreeper	<i>Xiphorhynchus guttatus</i>				1		4h	4h	2h								
204	Coastal Miner	<i>Geositta peruviana</i>		3														
205	Surf Cinclodes	<i>Cinclodes taczanowskii</i>			2													
206	Bar-winged Cinclodes	<i>Cinclodes fuscus</i>											10	1				
207	White-winged Cinclodes	<i>Cinclodes atacamensis</i>										2						
208	Pale-legged Hornero	<i>Funarius leucopus</i>						1	1h									
209	Wren-like Rushbird	<i>Phleocryptes melanops</i>	10								8							
210	Azara's Spinetail	<i>Synallaxis azarae</i>															2	
211	Creamy-crested Spinetail	<i>Cranioleuca albicapilla</i>										4h	4+5h	1+1h				
212	Marcapata Spinetail	<i>Cranioleuca marcapatae</i>												2				
213	Rusty-fronted Canastero	<i>Asthenes ottonis</i>									2+1h							
214	Streak-backed Canastero	<i>Asthenes wyatti</i>											2+5h	1h				
215	Pearled Treerunner	<i>Margarornis squamiger</i>												1				
216	Chestnut-winged Foliage-gleaner	<i>Philydor erythropterus</i>						1										
217	Streaked Xenops	<i>Xenops rutilans</i>															1	
218	Fasciated Antshrike	<i>Cymbilaimus lineatus</i>						1										
219	Great Antshrike	<i>Taraba major</i>							2									
220	Variable Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus caeruleus</i>															2	
221	Amazonian Streaked Antwren	<i>Myrmotherula multostriata</i>							2									

	Common name	Scientific name	September															
			11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
222	White-eyed Antwren	<i>Myrmotherula leucopthalma</i>					2											
223	White-flanked Antwren	<i>Myrmotherula axillaris</i>					1											
224	Grey Antwren	<i>Myrmotherula menetriesii</i>						2										
225	Striated Antbird	<i>Drymophila devillei</i>						1										
226	Black Antbird	<i>Cercomacra serva</i>					2		1h									
227	White-browed Antbird	<i>Myrmoborus leucophrys</i>						2										
228	Black-faced Antbird	<i>Myrmoborus myotherinus</i>					1											
229	Chestnut-tailed Antbird	<i>Myrmeciza hemimelaena</i>				h	2			1h								
230	Goeldi's Antbird	<i>Myrmeciza goeldii</i>					1											
231	Scale-backed Antbird	<i>Hylophylax poecilonata</i>					2											
232	Black-faced Antthrush	<i>Formicarius analis</i>					2+4h	1h	1h									
233	Undulated Antpitta	<i>Grallaria squamigera</i>																1
234	Rufous Antpitta	<i>Grallaria rufula</i>											1h	1+2h	1h			
235	Trilling Tapaculo	<i>Scytalopus parvirostris</i>													1h			
236	Vilcabamba Tapaculo	<i>Scytalopus urubambae</i>											10h	4h	1h			
237	Cinereous Mourner	<i>Laniocerca hypopyrra</i>						1										
238	Red-crested Cotinga	<i>Ampelion rubrocristata</i>													3			
239	Masked Fruiteater	<i>Pipreola pulchra</i>																4
240	Screaming Piha	<i>Lipaugus vociferans</i>					1h	1h										
241	Bare-necked Fruitcrow	<i>Gymnoderus foetidus</i>								1								
242	Band-tailed Manakin	<i>Pipra fascicauda</i>						2										
243	Dwarf Tyrant-manakin	<i>Tyranneutes stolzmanni</i>					1	h	h									
244	Streak-necked Flycatcher	<i>Mionectes striaticollis</i>														1	1	
245	Small-billed Elaenia	<i>Elaenia parvirostris</i>							1									
246	Sierran Elaenia	<i>Elaenia pallatangae</i>											1			3		
247	Southern Beardless Tyrannulet	<i>Camptostoma obsoletum</i>	1															
248	Plain Tyrannulet	<i>Inezia inornatus</i>							1									
249	Torrent Tyrannulet	<i>Serpophaga cinerea</i>																4
250	White-lored Tyrannulet	<i>Ornithion inerne</i>					2											
251	Sclater's Tyrannulet	<i>Phyllomyias sclateri</i>																1
252	White-throated Tyrannulet	<i>Mecocerculus leucophrys</i>												2	2			
253	Tufted Tit-tyrant	<i>Anairetes parulus</i>											3	2				

	Common name	Scientific name	September																
			11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	
254	Yellow-billed Tit-tyrant	<i>Anairetes flavirostris</i>										3							
255	Pied-crested Tit-tyrant	<i>Anairetes reguloides</i>		3															
256	Many-coloured Rush-tyrant	<i>Tachuris rubrigastra</i>	4								3								
257	Short-tailed Pygmy-tyrant	<i>Myiornis ecaudatus</i>					1												
258	Golden-crowned Spadebill	<i>Platyrhynchus coronatus</i>							1h										
259	Royal Flycatcher	<i>Onychorhynchus coronatus</i>							1										
260	Bran-coloured Flycatcher	<i>Myriophobus fasciatus</i>		1															
261	Smoke-coloured Pewee	<i>Conoptus fumigatus</i>																2	
262	Black Phoebe	<i>Sayornis nigricans</i>											2					2	
263	Vermilion Flycatcher	<i>Pyrocephalus rubinus</i>	5	15	5	4	1	1	1										2
264	Rufous-breasted Chat-tyrant	<i>Ochthoeca rufipectoralis</i>													2				
265	Slaty-backed Chat-tyrant	<i>Ochthoeca cinnamomeiventris</i>											1						
266	Brown-backed Chat-tyrant	<i>Ochthoeca fumicolor</i>												2	2				
267	White-browed Chat-tyrant	<i>Ochthoeca leucophrys</i>										4							
268	D'Orbigny's Chat Tyrant	<i>Ochthoeca oenanthoides</i>												2					
269	Crowned Chat-tyrant	<i>Ochthoeca frontalis</i>																1	
270	Drab Water Tyrant	<i>Ochthornis littoralis</i>				4	10	1	2	2									
271	Streak-throated Bush-tyrant	<i>Myiotheretes striaticollis</i>											1						
272	Black-billed Shrike-tyrant	<i>Agriornis montana</i>				2													
273	Rufous-naped Ground-tyrant	<i>Muscisaxicola rufivertex</i>										3							
274	Short-tailed Field-tyrant	<i>Muscigalla brevicauda</i>		2															
275	White-winged Black-tyrant	<i>Knipolegus aterrimus</i>											5					2	
276	Yellow-browed Tyrant	<i>Satrapa icterophrys</i>							1										
277	Short-crested Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus ferox</i>						1	1										
278	Swainson's Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus swainsoni</i>						1											
279	Great Kiskadee	<i>Pitangus sulphuratus</i>				2	4	2	6	3									
280	Social Flycatcher	<i>Myiozetetes similis</i>				1		2	2										
281	Grey-capped Flycatcher	<i>Myiozetetes granadensis</i>				1	3												
282	Golden-crowned Flycatcher	<i>Myiodynastes chrysocephalus</i>																	1
283	Streaked Flycatcher	<i>Myiodynastes maculatus</i>						3											
284	Piratic Flycatcher	<i>Legatus leucocephalus</i>						1	2										
285	Variegated Flycatcher	<i>Empidonomus varius</i>							2										

	Common name	Scientific name	September																
			11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	
286	Tropical Kingbird	<i>Tyrannus melancholicus</i>	1	3	2	2	8	6	15	5							2		
287	Eastern Kingbird	<i>Tyrannus tyrannus</i>						1											
288	White-winged Becard	<i>Pachyramphus polychopterus</i>						1											
289	Pink-throated Becard	<i>Pachyramphus minor</i>						2											
290	Crested Becard	<i>Pachyramphus validus</i>					1												
291	Brown-chested Martin	<i>Progne tapera</i>					10			2									
292	White-winged Swallow	<i>Tachycineta albiventer</i>					20		40	10									
293	Blue and White Swallow	<i>Pygochelidon cyanoleuca</i>	25	50	30					2							35	20	
294	Brown-bellied Swallow	<i>Notiochelidon murina</i>									12		10	10	10	10	6		
295	White-banded Swallow	<i>Atticora fasciata</i>				2	10	5	25	10									
296	Southern Rough-winged Swallow	<i>Stelgidopteryx ruficollis</i>				3	8	2	5	2									
297	Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>									1								
298	White-capped Dipper	<i>Cinclus leucocephalus</i>										2	5					2	
299	Black-capped Donacobius	<i>Donacobius atricapillus</i>						1	2										
300	Inca Wren	<i>Thrythorus eisenmanni</i>															2+8h	2h	
301	Sedge Wren	<i>Cistothorus platensis</i>											1	2h					
302	House Wren	<i>Troglodytes aedon</i>	4	5	2	1	1	1	1		4	20	8	10			2	3	1
303	Mountain Wren	<i>troglodytes solstitialis</i>														1	1		
304	Gray-breasted Wood-wren	<i>Henicorhina leucophrys</i>																3	
305	Long-tailed Mockingbird	<i>Mimus longicaudatus</i>	12	20	3														
306	Chiguanco Thrush	<i>Turdus chiguanco</i>									12	5	6	4	4	4	3	2	
307	Great Thrush	<i>Turdus fuscater</i>									1		2	7	7	6			
308	Black-billed Thrush	<i>Turdus ignobilis</i>				1		2										1	
309	Glossy Black Thrush	<i>Turdus serranus</i>																1	
310	Purplish Jay	<i>Cyanocorax cyanomelas</i>					10	10	6										
311	Violaceous Jay	<i>Cyanocorax violaceus</i>				5	4	4	h	3									
312	Red-eyed Vireo	<i>Vireo olivaceus</i>					2	1										3	
313	Brown-capped Vireo	<i>Vireo leucophrys</i>										1						1	
314	Bananaquit	<i>Coereba flaveola</i>	8																4
315	Grey-hooded Bush Tanager	<i>Cnemoscopus rubrirostris</i>																1	
316	Black-capped Hemispingus	<i>Hemispingus atropileus</i>																1	
317	Rust and Yellow Tanager	<i>Thlypopsis ruficeps</i>										8	6				1		

	Common name	Scientific name	September															
			11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
318	Red-crowned Ant-tanager	<i>Habia rubica</i>						4										
319	Hepatic Tanager	<i>Piranga flava</i>														1	2	
320	Silver-beaked Tanager	<i>Ramphocelus carbo</i>				3	10	8	6									
321	Blue-gray Tanager	<i>Thraupis episcopus</i>				1	4	2									12	3
322	Palm Tanager	<i>Thraupis palmarum</i>					1											
323	Blue and Yellow Tanager	<i>Thraupis bonariensis</i>									1	2				3		8
324	Blue-capped Tanager	<i>Thraupis cyanocephala</i>																3
325	Yellow-backed Tanager	<i>Hemithruapis flavicollis</i>						12	3									
326	Flame-crested Tanager	<i>Tachyphonus cristatus</i>					5											
327	Hooded Mountain-tanager	<i>Buthraupis montana</i>																5
328	Scarlet-bellied Mountain-tanager	<i>Anisognathus igniventris</i>														1	10	
329	Golden-collared Tanager	<i>Iridosornis jelskii</i>														1		
330	Chestnut-bellied Mountain-tanager	<i>Delothraupis castaneiventris</i>												2				
331	Thick-billed Euphonia	<i>Euphonia laniirostris</i>																4
332	Orange-bellied Euphonia	<i>Euphonia xanthogaster</i>					1											
333	Blue-naped Chlorophonia	<i>Chlorophonia cyanea</i>																1
334	Blue-and-black Tanager	<i>Tangara vassorii</i>															1	
335	Paradise Tanager	<i>Tangara chilensis</i>					5	2										
336	Green and Gold Tanager	<i>Tangara schrankii</i>					2	1										
337	Saffron-crowned Tanager	<i>Tangara xanthocephala</i>																2
338	Blue-necked Tanager	<i>Tangara cyanicollis</i>																3
339	Masked Tanager	<i>Tangara nigrocincta</i>					4											
340	Beryl-spangled Tanager	<i>Tangara nigroviridis</i>																2
341	Silver-backed Tanager	<i>Tangara viridicollis</i>																4
342	Opal-crowned Tanager	<i>Tangara callophrys</i>						1										
343	Green Honeycreeper	<i>Chlorophanes spiza</i>					2											
344	Blue Dacnis	<i>Dacnis cyana</i>					2	1										
345	Black-faced Dacnis	<i>Dacnis lineata</i>						1										
346	Tit-like Dacnis	<i>Xenodacnis parina</i>											1	4	1			
347	Swallow Tanager	<i>Tersina viridis</i>						1	2									
348	Plumbeous Sierra-finch	<i>Phrygilus unicolor</i>											10	1				
349	Ash-breasted Sierra-Finch	<i>Phrygilus plebejus</i>										2+						

	Common name	Scientific name	September															
			11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
350	Chestnut-breasted Mountain-finch	<i>Poospiza caesar</i>									1			2				
351	Collared Warbling-finch	<i>Poospiza hispaniolensis</i>		2														
352	Blue-black Grassquit	<i>Volatinia jacarina</i>	5	10	1	2												
353	Double-collared Seedeater	<i>Sporophila caerulescens</i>				20	10											
354	Band-tailed Seedeater	<i>Catamenia analis</i>									35	25	35	15				
355	Black-backed Grosbeak	<i>Pheucticus aureoventris</i>											2					1
356	Moustached Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossa mystacalis</i>													15	2		
357	Black-throated Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossa brunneiventris</i>									5		1	15	12	3		
358	Masked Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossopsis cyanea</i>												2	2	1		
359	Rusty Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossopsis sittoides</i>												1				1
360	Grassland Yellow-finch	<i>Sicalis luteola</i>	3															
361	Greenish Yellow-finch	<i>Sicalis olivascens</i>									1		5					
362	Red-capped Cardinal	<i>Paroaria gularis</i>				1												
363	Cusco Brush-finch	<i>Atlapetes schistaceus</i>														2	1	
364	Yellow-browed Sparrow	<i>Ammodramus aurifrons</i>								3								
365	Rufous-collared Sparrow	<i>Zonotrichia capensis</i>	6	20	5	h				3	50	50	100+	50+	100+	50		5
366	Greyish Saltator	<i>Saltator coerulescens</i>						1										
367	Streaked Saltator	<i>Saltator striatipectus</i>		3														
368	Golden-billed Saltator	<i>Saltator aurantirostris</i>										3	6	1				
369	Tropical Parula	<i>Parula pitayumi</i>																3
370	Slate-throated Redstart	<i>Myioborus miniatus</i>														1	5	
371	Spectacled Redstart	<i>Myioborus melanocephalus</i>											2			4	5	
372	Citrine Warbler	<i>Basileuterus luteoviridis</i>													1			
373	Russet-crowned Warbler	<i>Basileuterus coronatus</i>																1
374	Buff-rumped Warbler	<i>Basileuterus fulvicauda</i>									1h							
375	Cinereous Conebill	<i>Conirostrum cinereum</i>		25						5	5		20	25				
376	Yellow-winged Blackbird	<i>Agelaius thilius</i>									12							
377	Peruvian Meadowlark	<i>Sternella bellicosa</i>	5															
378	Shiny Cowbird	<i>Molothrus bonariensis</i>	3	1														2
379	Giant Cowbird	<i>Scaphidura oryzivora</i>				15	50	15	20	10								
380	Troupial	<i>Icterus icterus</i>				2												
381	Yellow-rumped Cacique	<i>Cacicus cela</i>				2	10	10	15	10								

	Common name	Scientific name	September															
			11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
382	Crested Oropendola	<i>Psarocolius decumanus</i>				2	5	2	5	3								
383	Olive Oropendola	<i>Psarocolius bifasciatus</i>						3	5									
384	Dusky-green Oropendola	<i>Psarocolius atrovirens</i>															1+	
385	Russet-backed Oropendola	<i>Psarocolius angustifrons</i>				20	30	40	20	10								
386	Hooded Siskin	<i>Carduelis magellanica</i>		25							20			1				
387	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	h	15	10													10+

Mammals

1	Southern Sea Lion	<i>Otaria byronia</i>	3		150+													
2	Saddleback Tamarin	<i>Sanguinus fuscicollis</i>						8										
3	Dusky Titi Monkey	<i>Callicebus moloch</i>				5		h	2+									
4	Squirrel Monkey	<i>Saimiri sciureus</i>						10										
5	Brown Capuchin Monkey	<i>Cebus apella</i>						6	5									
6	Red Howler Monkey	<i>Alouatta seniculus</i>				2	5	7	8									
7	Peruvian Spider Monkey	<i>Ateles chamek</i>						2										
8	White-lipped Peccary	<i>Tayassu pecari</i>						3+										
9	Capybara	<i>Hydrochaeris hydrochaeris</i>				2												
10	Southern Amazon Red Squirrel	<i>Sciurus spadiceus</i>						1										
11	Brown Agouti	<i>Dasyprocta variegata</i>				1												
12	Southern River Otter	<i>Lutra longicauda</i>							1									
13	Bottlenose Dolphin					7												
14	Red Brocket Deer	<i>Mazama americana</i>															1	

Reptiles

1	Black Caiman	<i>Caiman niger</i>					1	1										
2	Yellow-spotted Sidenecked Turtle	<i>Podocnemis unifilis</i>				5	15											
3		<i>Microlophus peruvianos</i>				1												
4	Amazon Racerunner	<i>Ameiva ameiva</i>					2	2	3									