

Peru - Macaws & Machu Picchu

Naturetrek Tour Report

25 July - 11 August 2007

Report compiled by Andy Smith



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Participants:	Sue Walsh John Wightman Linda Wightman Alan Bell Judith Rungay Graeme Phillips Janine Fletcher Steve Flack Ann Flack

Day 1

Wednesday 25th July

We arrived in Lima on schedule in the early evening, met Freda our local guide and transferred to our comfortable hotel in the fashionable suburb of Miraflores.

Day 2

Thursday 26th July

After a leisurely breakfast we drove to the Pantanos de Villa marshland reserve on the southern limits of the sprawling Lima conurbation. In a short time we saw a wide range of birds that included Pied-billed and Giant Grebes, Little Blue and Striated Herons, Least Bittern, Puna Ibis, White-cheeked Pintail, Cinnamon Teal, Andean Ruddy Duck, Osprey, American Kestrel, Andean Coot, Black-necked Stilt, Groove-billed Ani and Blue-and-white Swallow – a good start!

Next we drove south along the coast to the small fishing village of Pucusana. Here we took a short boat ride around the harbour and enjoyed excellent views of hundreds of Inca Terns, Guanay Cormorants and Peruvian Pelicans, a pair of smart Blackish Oystercatchers and a Seaside Cinclodes scrambling expertly over the surf-lashed rocks. A delicious fresh fish lunch in a harbour-side restaurant completed the morning.

During the afternoon we continued south along the desert coast on the Pan-American highway, marvelling both at the abject barrenness of much of the landscape and at the remarkable range of crops that are grown in the oasis valleys. A short stop at the Pantanos de Viejo marshes added Wren-like Rushbird, Grassland Yellow-Finch, Peruvian Meadowlark and the amazing Many-coloured Rush Tyrant to the list and then we pushed on to Paracas and our hotel for the next two nights.

Day 3

Friday 27th July

A pre-breakfast walk in the vicinity of the hotel produced a couple of diminutive Peruvian Sheartails, a few Cinerous Conebills, a Coastal Miner and masses of roosting Black-crowned Night Herons. With breakfast completed we set off for Ica and our Nasca Lines flight. At Ica airport we checked in and then took a look around the local gardens where we found Croaking Ground Dove, Long-tailed Mockingbird, Vermilion Flycatcher and Hooded Siskin. Poor visibility at Nasca was delaying flights, so with a wait on our hands we proceeded to the nearby Las Dunas Hotel where lush gardens promised birds. We weren't to be disappointed and during a brief walk around the grounds we found several colourful Amazilia Hummingbirds and diminutive Peruvian Sheartails, a smart White-crested Elaenia, a pair of striking little Pied-crested Tit Tyrants and a superb Black-necked Woodpecker. Back at the airport there was no positive news so we headed off to the oasis of Huacachina where we saw a pair of Collared Warbling Finches in the trees around the lake and enjoyed another excellent restaurant lunch.

Finally, in the mid-afternoon we had news that the fliers had a flight. As they boarded their twin-engined aircraft prior to roaring up and away over the desert to the legendary and mysterious Nasca Lines the rest of us decided to waste no further time and headed off back to Paracas. Stopping only for a group of 17 impressive Peruvian Thick-knees just outside Paracas itself, we drove out across the National Reserve to the spectacular sea-cliffs of La Cathedral and admired the impressive scenery, the various seabirds and the Turkey Vultures that cruised past us at eye level, skilfully riding the powerful up-draughts. Finally we walked down to a nearby beach, a vast sweep of sand and crashing surf, deserted save for masses of Grey Gulls and an inspiring place to finish a satisfying and enjoyable day.

Back at the hotel we reconvened for dinner. The fliers had returned safely (by taxi with Freda) and were all suitably impressed by the wonders they had seen.

Day 4

Saturday 28th July

After an early breakfast we boarded our speedboat for the ride to the Ballestas Islands with our captain Julian, one of the most experienced of the local boatmen. Peruvian Terns fished around the jetty and Blue-and-white Swallows hawked over the strand line as we roared off across the bay. We passed the enigmatic Candelabra figure etched on a hillside above the shore and then continued fast out to sea towards the distant Ballestas, just visible in the garua murk. A superb Peruvian Diving Petrel and a group of elegant Swallow-tailed Gulls punctuated the journey and then we arrived at the islands and were met by one of the world's great avian spectacles.

As we cruised slowly around the cliffs and arches we were amazed at the sheer number of birds. Guanay Cormorants and Peruvian Boobies were present in their tens of thousands and in amongst them were smaller numbers of Peruvian Pelicans, Neotropic Cormorants and Inca Terns. Here and there we found pairs of colourful Red-legged Cormorants and little groups of Humboldt Penguins, some surprisingly high up on the cliff faces. The whole amazing picture was completed by Seaside Cinclodes hopping around at the water's edge, Turkey Vultures soaring incongruously over the cliffs and Southern Sea-lions loafing on the rocks.

At one stage we bobbed under a cliff as thousands of Guanay Cormorants streamed backwards and forwards overhead observing a basic flight control pattern with outgoing birds taking a higher route than incoming ones. The undulations of the vast flocks created a “Mexican wave” effect and contributed to an unforgettable scene.

Back at Paracas we transferred to our bus and headed to the National Reserve again. At one bayside viewpoint we had distant views of a few Chilean Flamingos and a range of waders and along the shore at picturesque Lagunillas we found Turnstones, Least Sandpipers, Snowy Plovers and a surprise Surfbird foraging around the rock pools whilst Peruvian and Royal Terns fished offshore – very nice! In the afternoon we drove back along the coast to Lima, arriving in Miraflores a little after dark but in good time to prepare for our imminent jungle adventure...

Day 5

Sunday 29th July

After breakfast we transferred to the airport and soon we were airborne and climbing through the garua mist, up and over the spectacular snow-capped Andes and down into the green vastness of the rain forest beyond. We arrived at Puerto Maldonado shortly after midday. Formalities completed we transferred to a bus and began the short journey to the little port of Infierno. A brief roadside stop en-route produced Grey Hawk, Blue-crowned Trogon, Bluish-fronted Jacamar, Red-stained Woodpecker, Black-fronted Nunbird, Swainson’s Flycatcher and Blue Dacnis and provided an excellent introduction to the thrills of Amazonian birding!

At Infierno we noted a pair of handsome Yellow-tufted Woodpeckers in a dead tree at the edge of the settlement and then boarded our boat and set off up the Tambopata River. Pretty soon we left the bulk of the settlers and gold miners behind and were into patches of pristine rainforest. Our first Macaws appeared overhead and other highlights included a Capped Heron, a superb Sunbittern, several Greater Yellow-headed Vultures, a Bat Falcon, a Boat-billed Flycatcher and dozens of Yellow-rumped Caciques and Russet-backed Oropendolas. At one point a minor misjudgement by the boatman resulted in us jolting to a sudden stop on an unseen sandbank. To get us off required all hands overboard and pushing in the swirling, brown, thigh-deep water. After five minutes of effort and a good deal of hilarity and we were away again with no harm done – an entertaining little interlude.

The timing of our morning flight meant that the evening would inevitably overtake us and the last part of the journey was completed in darkness. Huddling against the unexpected cold we were all glad to finally get off the boat, climb the steps up the riverbank and make our way through the trees to the twinkling lights of the Refugio and the hot dinner that awaited us.

Day 6

Monday 30th July

At dawn we walked through the forest to the lodge’s canopy tower where we spent a glorious couple of hours amongst the treetops watching and listening to the forest wake up. The bird activity was excellent and we saw a host of exciting species including Cuvier’s Toucan, Curl-crested and Brown-mandibled Aracaris, Bare-necked Fruit Crow, Squirrel Cuckoo, Masked Tityra, Paradise and Yellow-bellied Tanagers, Purple and Green Honeycreepers, Crested and Olive Oropendolas and Violaceous Jay. A Rufous-capped Anthrush scuttling across the forest floor on our way back to the lodge completed an excellent morning and then, after a much-needed breakfast, we made our way back to our boat for the next stage of the journey.

Back on the river we settled down and watched the forest unfold ahead of us. Handsome White-winged and White-banded Swallows hawked low over the water whilst powerful White-collared Swifts cruised high overhead. At every bend of the river something new appeared and as the day progressed we saw Cocoli and Capped Herons, Orinoco Goose, King Vulture, Black and Ornate Hawk Eagles, Great Black Hawk, Plumbeous Kite, Black Caracara, Pied Lapwing, Yellow-billed Tern, Red-capped Cardinal and lots more. Spectacled Caimans loafed on the banks, Side-necked Terrapins sunned themselves on logs and at one point we passed a family group of Capybaras that allowed us a very close approach. We also began to see increasing numbers of macaws and parrots – an exciting taste of things to come!

In the mid-afternoon we arrived at the simple, serene and comfortable Tambopata Research Centre and after a brief break took to the trails. Various goodies were seen during this brief late afternoon session including Lettered Aracari, White-necked and Striolated Puffbirds, White-fronted Nunbird, Tawny-bellied Screech Owl and a couple of Brown Agoutis – all in all, an excellent end to an action packed day!

Day 7

Tuesday 31st July

A pre-dawn departure from the lodge ensured that we were comfortably in place at the clay cliff or colpa before daybreak. Even at this early stage the trees around our viewing point were full of screeching parrots and as the light improved the noise increased as more and more birds assembled. Over the next couple of hours we enjoyed the extraordinary and wonderful sight of hundreds of parrots and macaws, colourful and charismatic, coming down in great swirling flocks to eat clay from the cliffs. Undoubted stars were the big macaws and we had superb views of both Blue-and-yellow and Scarlet. Additionally however there were dozens of the smaller Chestnut-Fronted and Red-bellied Macaws and at least six neat Blue-headed. Throngs of Mealy and Blue-headed Parrots dominated the scene but in amongst them we found several Yellow-crowned Amazons, a few Orange-cheeked and White-bellied Parrots and good numbers of Dusky-headed and White-eyed Parakeets. Other notable sightings on this superb morning included Blue-throated Piping Guan, Bat Falcon, Purplish Jay, Mottle-backed Elaenia and Chestnut-bellied Seedeater.

Breakfast back at the lodge was enlivened by the appearance of two impressive Tayras slinking around behind the kitchen area and various notable birds including a pair of Pink-throated Becards, a Cinerous Mourner and a dazzling Lemon-throated Barbet. After this we spent the rest of the morning walking various trails through the pristine rain forest around the research centre and between us we saw a wide range of exciting and interesting wildlife. Mammal sightings included Black Spider, Squirrel, Brown Capuchin and Red Howler Monkeys; whilst bird highlights included Great Tinamou, Spix's Guan, Laughing Falcon, Broad-billed Motmot, Black-tailed Trogon, Bluish-fronted Jacamar, Golden Green and Crimson-crested Woodpeckers, Plumbeous Antbird, Thrush-like Wren and Casqued Oropendola.

In the late afternoon we took a short boat ride back towards the colpa, enjoyed lovely views of a large flock of Cobalt-winged Parakeets on a patch of exposed clay on the river bank, and then explored a area of wet varzea forest that produced a smart Barred Antshrike, an Amazon Kingfisher despatching a sizeable fish, an unexpected Yellow-browed Tyrant and thrillingly, some very fresh Jaguar pugmarks. We finished up at a peaceful tree-fringed pond where we found a couple of Hoatzins, extraordinary as ever, skulking self-consciously in the shrubbery, a trio of stunning Black-capped Donacobius and a small Black Caiman that stayed well hidden in the shady shadows.

Day 8

Wednesday 1st August

A second dawn session at the colpa produced another glorious parrot extravaganza. The complement of species and overall numbers were similar to the previous morning but and this time we also saw two superb Red-and-green Macaws and four diminutive Dusky-billed Parrotlets. An impressive fly-past Ringed Kingfisher added a further touch of quality as did brief views of a small group of Saddle-backed Tamarins twittering in the treetops as we made our way back to the lodge. A large troop of Squirrel Monkeys making their way through the trees around the research centre interrupted breakfast and as we prepared to leave we enjoyed great views of a Grey-headed Kite displaying high overhead and a trio of Double-toothed Kites.

Back on the river we enjoyed a pleasant voyage downstream retracing our journey of a couple of days previously. Side-necked Terrapins were out in force basking in tight groups on exposed logs and birds included Roadside, Grey and Great Black Hawks, several Orinoco Geese, a Large-billed Tern, over 20 Black Skimmers loafing on sandbars and three Sand-coloured Nighthawks.

We arrived back at the Refugio in the early afternoon and after a brief siesta took a walk to Coronado Lake, a classic ox-bow set deep in the forest. A Scaly-breasted Wren and a Spot-backed Antwren en-route were both excellent sightings, whilst at the lake itself, in beautiful surroundings, we enjoyed fantastic views of several Hoatzins plus a couple of Pale-vented Pigeons, four Social Flycatchers and a pair of skulking Amazonian Streaked Antwrens. Darkness fell as we made our way back to the Refugio and we finished the day with a brief caiman lamping session on the river.

Day 9

Thursday 2nd August

After an early breakfast we left the Refugio and boarded our boat for the last time. The relatively short ride in fine sunshine was as enjoyable as ever and pleasantly enlivened by a couple of Amazon Kingfishers, a few Collared Plovers, two Pied Lapwings, a surprise Channel-billed Toucan and our last macaws. A brief break back at Infierno produced Dusky-capped Flycatcher, Tropical Kingbird, Blue-grey Tanager and our only Buff-throated Saltator of the trip. From here we bussed back to Puerto Maldonado and civilisation and in no time were airborne and heading towards the Andes, leaving the jungle far behind and below.

Arriving in Cusco we immediately noticed how much thinner the air was as we struggled to walk and talk at the same time. Outside the airport we were met by our local agent Julio and whisked off for a delicious traditional lunch in a restaurant in the centre of town. Suitably replete we checked into our hotel and took a siesta. In the late afternoon our new local guide Thomas gave us a guided tour of some of the major sights of this remarkable and beautiful city and then we finished the day with dinner at the famous Inca Grill in the buzzing Plaza de Armas.

Day 10

Friday 3rd August

With some of the group opting to spend the day exploring more of Cusco, the rest of us headed off to picturesque Huacarpay Lake an hour or so to the south. Shallow and marshy and surrounded by grassland and scrubby hills with a backdrop of spectacular mountains, Huacarpay is a wonderful place to explore and in a short space of time we saw a wide range of species including White-tufted Grebe, Cinereous Harrier, Speckled, Puna

and Cinnamon Teals, Yellow-billed Pintail and Andean Duck. Plumbeous Rails skulked around the edges of the rush beds, Puna Ibis waded in the shallows and smart Andean Lapwings strutted around on the dry grassy margins. Smaller birds included Sparkling Violetear, Andean Negrito, Rufous-naped Ground Tyrant, Black-billed Shrike-Tyrant, Blue-and-yellow Tanager, Chiguanco Thrush and Yellow-winged Blackbird. We completed a thoroughly successful and enjoyable morning with good views of a striking Bearded Mountaineer visiting some yellow Nicotiana flowers and a pair of Streak-fronted Thornbirds hopping around in the scrub.

From Huacarpay we drove down to the Sacred Valley and then on up to the ruins of Pisac noting hundreds of Andean Gulls along the river en-route. The ruins, spread out along a precipitous ridge, were impressive indeed and we marvelled at the quality of the Inca stonework and the dramatic setting. The birding interest continued too with Puna Hawk, Giant Hummingbird, Andean Flicker, Rusty-fronted Canastero, Yellow-billed Tit-Tyrant, Black-throated Flowerpiercer, Peruvian Sierra Finch and another Bearded Mountaineer all putting in appearances. At the end of the afternoon we returned to Cusco and visited the massive ruined fortress of Saqsaywaman, before returning to the hotel to meet up with our colleagues, hear about their day and prepare for our time on the Inca Trail.

Day 11

Saturday 4th August

After breakfast we boarded our bus and headed out of Cusco and across the high altitude Chinchero plateau. It was a lovely clear morning and the views of the surrounding snow-capped peaks were superb. En-route we noted several Mountain Caracaras and American Kestrels and a fine male Cinerous Harrier. Dropping down into the Sacred Valley we passed through Urubamba and continued to the small and bustling little town of Ollantaytambo where we had a chance to stock up with any last minute supplies before beginning the trail. A little further on, at Km 82, we came to the end of the road and found our porters waiting for us. After a little time adjusting loads the porters set off at their usual "hell for leather" pace and we followed, a little more sedately.

Keeping close to the river our route took us through a patchwork of farmsteads and dry rocky scrubland and past occasional small Inca ruins. We were on "Torrent Duck Alert" and with regular scans of the river below we soon found our quarry, a duck and a drake together, striking as ever, loafing on boulders and leaping in and out of the foaming water with consummate ease and skill. Other birds as we continued along the trail included Andean Swift, Bare-faced Ground Dove, Black Phoebe, White-winged Black Tyrant and White-capped Dipper, whilst prolonged views of an immature Andean Condor cruising majestically along the crags high above us provided a clear highlight. Towards the end of the afternoon, after a leisurely and enjoyable walk, we arrived at Km 88 to find our tents already erected and the kettle on. In no time we were comfortably settled in and enjoying an excellent dinner.

Day 12

Sunday 5th August

Up at first light with a cup of tea we were soon packed, breakfasted and ready to go. After pausing to admire some large pink orchids bursting out of a rock face we descended to the nearby checkpoint and bridge. With the friendly formalities completed we crossed the river and continued to the impressive Inca terraces at Patallacta and then on up the beautiful Cusichaca Valley.

The scenery was superb throughout and a stream of good birds, including White-bellied Woodstar, Green-tailed Trainbearer, Sierran Elaenia, Rust-and-yellow Tanager, Black-backed Grosbeak and Golden-billed Saltator kept the birding interest going. We ate lunch in a lovely streamside meadow with Rufous-breasted Chat-Tyrants, Spectacled Whitestarts and a superb male Great Sapphirewing, then walked on up to Huayllabamba where we enjoyed some great views of an impressive Giant Hummingbird and a Streak-throated Bush Tyrant. In the late afternoon we arrived at our well positioned campsite and settled in for our second night under canvas.

Day 13

Monday 6th August

Up and away again shortly after first light, the trail took us steadily upwards through some excellent patches of cloud forest and we enjoyed some great birding as we walked. Hummingbirds were much in evidence and during the morning we saw Shining and White-tufted Sunbeams, Great Sapphirewing, Violet-throated Starfrontlet, Tyrian Metaltail and a superb Sword-billed Hummingbird that allowed everybody some excellent views as it fed at some large red trumpet-shaped flowers. Good views of a Red-crested Cotinga and a smart little Peruvian Chat Tyrant were bonuses, whilst new species in the various feeding flocks that we encountered included Creamy-crested Spinetail, White-throated Tyrannulet, Tufted Tit-Tyrant, White-browed Conebill, Tit-like Dacnis, Chestnut-bellied Mountain Tanager, Cusco Brush Finch and Masked Flowerpiercer.

We stopped for lunch just above Llulluchapampa in an area of open boulder-strewn grassland. A completely different range of birds met us here and during a pleasant lunch break we saw Peruvian and Plumbeous Sierra Finches, D'Orbigny's Chat-Tyrant, Bar-winged Cinclodes, Cordilleran Canastero, Vilcabamba Tapaculo and a brief Stripe-headed Antpitta. After lunch we began the long, hard climb to the top of the infamous Dead Woman's Pass, the toughest stretch of the trail and the highest point at 4,200 metres. Everyone managed admirably and it was a happy crew indeed that posed for the customary celebratory photographs at the top. We paused to savour the views and our achievement and then continued down through fine paramo habitat to the campsite at Pacamayo. A Blue-mantled Thornbill, a few Brown-bellied Swallows and a confiding Brocket Deer provided some last wildlife interest and concluded a long but hugely satisfying day.

Day 14

Tuesday 7th August

A pair of confiding Rufous Antpittas hopping amongst the vegetation and boulders along the shore of the little stream at the edge of our campsite started the day in fine style and we were soon breakfasted, packed up and ready to go. From Pacamayo the path climbed steeply to the dramatically positioned ruins of Runcu Raccay and we paused as we walked to admire various colourful orchids and the antics of several Moustached Flowerpiercers and a striking male Tit-like Dacnis. Beyond Runcu Raccay the steep climb continued but we were veterans by this stage and progress was good. Vilcabamba Tapaculos, Great Sapphirewings and a couple of Brown-backed Chat Tyrants kept the birding interest going and in a short time we reached the second pass, where we took a brief break to recover our breath and admire the spectacular scenery. From here we descended to the ruins of Sayacamarca noting an Unstreaked Tit-Tyrant and a couple of exquisite Golden-collared Tanagers en-route. Below Sayacamarca the trail continued through some lovely patches of cloud forest where we found an excellent range of birds in a short space of time including Amethyst-throated Sunangel, Marcapata Spinetail, Citrine Warbler, Black-capped Hemispingus and several dazzling Scarlet-bellied Mountain Tanagers.

We ate lunch in the tussock grass clearing at Chaquicocha where a small flock of Plain-coloured Seed-eaters foraged unobtrusively in the dust and then continued through the afternoon along an impressive and largely level stretch of original Inca paving through yet more wonderful scenery and habitat. Shining Sunbeams zapped around the vegetation, a bizarre little Puna Thistletail skulked its way through the scrub and a Crowned Chat-Tyrant perched unobtrusively in a trailside tree. Towards the end of the afternoon, with a pair of Mountain Caracaras watching from a nearby crag, we reached the ridge-top campsite at Phuyupatamarca and enjoyed a glorious sunset over jagged mountain peaks before settling down to a last dinner under canvas.

Day 15

Wednesday 8th August

A cold, clear night gave way to an icy, crystal clear dawn and a beautiful sunrise over the snow peaks. With breakfast completed we said goodbye and thank-you to our team of porters and negotiated the steep steps down to the precipitously positioned ruins of Phuyupatamarca. A Bar-winged Cinclodes hopping around one of the leats and the trilling calls of Puna Thistletails were just about the only signs of life in the early morning cold, but as we descended further through a bamboo thicket we came across a smart Coppery-naped Puffleg, an Unstreaked Tit-Tyrant and a couple of Creamy-crested Spinetails. The trail continued to descend and as we lost altitude and the morning advanced, so the temperature rose. We were soon walking through rich sub-tropical rainforest and the views across the steep, forested slopes and down to the rushing Urubamba River were superb.

The birds were good too and a large mixed flock that crossed our path included Pearled Treerunner, White-banded Tyrannulet, Superciliaried Hemispingus, Blue-capped Tanager, Chestnut-bellied Mountain Tanager, Plushcap and Bluish Flowerpiercer. Elsewhere on the trail we encountered a confiding little Mountain Wren and two bizarre Yellow-billed Caciques foraging their way furtively through a bamboo thicket, though the overall highlight was the sight of two superb Grey-breasted Mountain Toucans calling loudly from the top of a trailside tree – a good find indeed! Lower down in drier, more open woodland near our lunch stop at Trekker's Lodge we found a couple of Common Bush Tanagers, a frenetic little flock of Blue-and-black Tanagers and a pair of Chestnut-collared Swifts that zoomed past low overhead.

After lunch at Trekker's Lodge and a brief look at the picturesque ruins of Winay Wayna where we also enjoyed good views of a pair of duetting Inca Wrens, we set off on the last leg. The afternoon was warm and the forest lovely but we were on a mission now and even the sight of a pair of Andean Guans and a couple of trail crossing Hooded Tinamous couldn't delay us long. Soon we made that last little climb up to the Sun Gate and then there below us lay the magnificent sight of Machu Picchu... We all paused to savour the moment, take photos and congratulate each other on our achievement. Then, rejuvenated we strolled on down into the city itself where Thomas led us on a thoroughly informative guided tour of this fabulous and inspiring place. Finally, elated and tired, we caught the last bus down into Aguas Calientes and checked into our luxurious hotel.

Day 16

Thursday 9th August

A full morning at Aguas Calientes gave us all plenty of time to relax after the rigours of the trail. We divided our time between exploring the town and its various markets and strolling around the bird-rich forested grounds of the hotel. Among a host of hummingbirds visiting the various feeders and zapping around the flowering trees were several Chestnut-breasted Coronets and Collared Incas, a few Green-and-white Hummingbirds, a couple of Green Violet-ears and at least one male Booted Racquet-tail.

Tanagers were conspicuous too and included Blue-necked, Saffron-crowned, Silver-backed, Hepatic and lots of Blue-grey. Walking the trails we found Mitred Parakeets, Speckle-faced Parrots, White-throated Quail Dove and White-tipped Dove and enjoyed tantalising views of at least two female and one brief male Andean Cock-of-the-Rock. A scan of the river below produced a pair of Torrent Tyrannulets whilst a wide range of other small bird during this excellent morning included Golden-crowned Flycatcher, Streaked Xenops, Slaty-throated Redstart, Russet-crowned Warbler, Tropical Parula, Grey-breasted Wood-Wren and Thick-billed Euphonia.

After a delicious lunch we caught the train back to Cusco. The journey along the Urubamba valley was as spectacular as we had anticipated and was further enlivened by good numbers of Torrent Ducks on the river and a couple of Aplomado Falcons hunting in tandem. We finally arrived back in Cusco after dark but with just enough time for that last bit of shopping and a delicious plate of chicharones.

Day 17

Friday 10th August

An early flight took us back over the Andes and down to Lima. We were efficiently met by Sheila our guide for the day and whisked off for an authoritative and interesting tour of the colonial part of the city. After lunch and a short break back at the Hotel Jose Antonio we visited the excellent National Museum of Archaeology and Anthropology before heading to the airport. The check-in went smoothly and our evening flight left on schedule.

Day 18

Saturday 11th August

Touching down in Madrid in the late morning we transferred to our London flights and arrived safely back at Heathrow a couple of hours later.

Acknowledgements

Thanks to Freda, Richard, Rueben, Julio, Thomas, Bruno, Sheila and all our various drivers, porters and cooks who all worked very hard to ensure that we had a thoroughly enjoyable time. Special thanks also to all the members of the group for their consistent good humour and positive interest – It was a great trip!

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Species Lists

Birds

	Common name	Scientific name	July							August									
			26	27	28	29	30	31	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
1	Great Tinamou	<i>Tinamus major</i>					1h	1											
2	Variagated Tinamou	<i>Crypturellus variegatus</i>								2									
3	Undulated Tinamou	<i>Crypturellus undulatus</i>				1+1h	2h	1+2h	1h										
4	Brown Tinamou	<i>Crypturellus obsoletus</i>															2		
5	Hooded Tinamou	<i>Nothocercus nigrocapillus</i>															2+2h		
6	Pied-billed Grebe	<i>Podilymbus podiceps</i>	10																
7	White-tufted Grebe	<i>Rollandia rolland</i>	1								2								
8	Great Grebe	<i>Podiceps major</i>	15		1														
9	Humboldt Penguin	<i>Spheniscus humboldti</i>			30														
10	Sooty Shearwater	<i>Puffinus griseus</i>			20														
11	Peruvian Diving Petrel	<i>Pelecanoides garnotii</i>		1	1														
12	Leach's Storm-Petrel	<i>Oceanodroma leucorhoa</i>	1																
13	Wilson's Storm-Petrel	<i>Oceanites oceanicus</i>			3														
14	Peruvian Pelican	<i>Pelecanus thagus</i>	100+	100+	100's														
15	Peruvian Booby	<i>Sula variegata</i>	100's	100's	1000's														
16	Neotropic Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax brasilianus</i>	100's	100's	100's	3	2											10	
17	Guanay Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax bougainvillii</i>	10		1000's														
18	Red-legged Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax gaimardi</i>		3	10														
19	Capped Heron	<i>Pilherodius pileatus</i>				1	1												
20	Cocoi Heron	<i>Ardea cocoi</i>					4	1	4	1									
21	Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>	8	1	6		2		1										
22	Little Blue Heron	<i>Egretta caerulea</i>	4	2															
23	Snowy Egret	<i>Egretta thula</i>	5	1	1	5	15	1	10	3									
24	Cattle Egret	<i>Bulbulcus ibis</i>	100+	5	10	30	15				2	1							
25	Striated Heron	<i>Butorides striatus</i>	3								1								
26	Black-crowned Night-Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>	15	60	30														
27	Least Bittern	<i>Ixobrychus exilis</i>	3																
28	Puna Ibis	<i>Plegadis ridgwayi</i>	50								40	5			1				
29	Chilean Flamingo	<i>Phoenicopterus chilensis</i>			4														

	Common name	Scientific name	July							August									
			26	27	28	29	30	31	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
30	Orinoco Goose	<i>Neochen jubata</i>					2			5									
31	Torrent Duck	<i>Merganetta armata</i>										9	3				7		
32	Andean (Speckled) Teal	<i>Anas flavirostris andium</i>										10							
33	Yellow-billed Pintail	<i>Anas georgica</i>										12							
34	White-cheeked Pintail	<i>Anas bahamensis</i>	50																
35	Puna Teal	<i>Anas puna</i>										50							
36	Cinnamon Teal	<i>Anas cyanoptera</i>	30									10							
37	Andean Duck	<i>Oxyura ferruginea</i>	15									1							
38	Black Vulture	<i>Coragyps atratus</i>	50	20	25	25	100	20	25	15								20	
39	Turkey Vulture	<i>Cathartes aura</i>	1	10	15	5	1		5										
40	Greater Yellow-headed Vulture	<i>Cathartes melambrotus</i>				20	30		10	3									
41	Andean Condor	<i>Vultur gryphus</i>										1							
42	King Vulture	<i>Sarcoramphus papa</i>					2	1											
43	Osprey	<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>	2		1														
44	Grey-headed Kite	<i>Leptodon cayanensis</i>					1		1										
45	Double-toothed Kite	<i>Harpagus bidentatus</i>					1		3	1									
46	Plumbeous Kite	<i>Ictinia plumbea</i>					40	6	8	1									
47	Cinereous Harrier	<i>Circus cinereus</i>									2	1							
48	Great-Black Hawk	<i>Buteogallus urubitinga</i>					2		1										
49	Black-chested Buzzard-Eagle	<i>Geranoeatus melanoleucus</i>												1		2			
50	Grey Hawk	<i>Asturina nitida</i>				1		1											
51	Roadside Hawk	<i>Buteo magnirostris</i>					2	2	2	1									
52	Red-backed Hawk	<i>Buteo polyosoma</i>	1	6															
53	Puna Hawk	<i>Buteo poecilochrous</i>									1						1		
54	Ornate Hawk-Eagle	<i>Spizaetus ornatus</i>					1												
55	Black Hawk-Eagle	<i>Spizaetus tyrannus</i>					1												
56	Black Caracara	<i>Ibycter ater</i>					8												
57	Red-throated Caracara	<i>Daptrius americanus</i>					1												
58	Mountain Caracara	<i>Phalcooenus megalopterus</i>	3	1							1	11		2	3	4			
59	Laughing Falcon	<i>Herpetotheres cachinnans</i>						1											
60	American Kestrel	<i>Falco sparverius</i>	5	3	2						3	16	6					1	
61	Aplomado Falcon	<i>Falco femoralis</i>									1							2	

	Common name	Scientific name	July							August									
			26	27	28	29	30	31	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
62	Bat Falcon	<i>Falco rufigularis</i>				1	1	2	6	1									
63	Speckled Chachalaca	<i>Ortalis guttata</i>				h													
64	Andean Guan	<i>Penelope montagnii</i>														3	2		
65	Spix's Guan	<i>Penelope jacquacu</i>						2	1										
66	Blue-throated Piping-Guan	<i>Pipile cumanensis</i>						3	1										
67	Starred Woodquail	<i>Odontophorus stellatus</i>					2h												
68	Hoatzin	<i>Opisthocomus hoazin</i>						2	7										
69	Pale-winged Trumpeter	<i>Psophia leucoptera</i>						7											
70	Plumbeous Rail	<i>Pardirallus sanguinolentus</i>									5								
71	Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>	20	30	5						50								
72	Andean Coot	<i>Fulica ardesiaca</i>	50		30						50								
73	Sunbittern	<i>Eurypyga helias</i>				1													
74	Blackish Oystercatcher	<i>Haemotopus ater</i>	2		4														
75	American Oystercatcher	<i>Haemotopus palliatus</i>	2	8	6														
76	Black-necked Stilt	<i>Himantopus mexicanus</i>	10		1														
77	Peruvian Thick-knee	<i>Burhinus superciliaris</i>	1	17															
78	Pied Lapwing	<i>Vanellus cayanus</i>					2		5	2									
79	Andean Lapwing	<i>Vanellus resplendens</i>									10	1							
80	Black-bellied (Gray) Plover	<i>Pluvialis squatarola</i>			1														
81	Snowy (Kentish) Plover	<i>Charadrius alexandrinus</i>		10	4														
82	Collared Plover	<i>Charadrius collaris</i>							1	7									
83	Whimbrel	<i>Numenius phaeopus</i>		1	3														
84	Godwit spp.	<i>Limosa spp.</i>			1														
85	Greater Yellowlegs	<i>Tringa melanoleuca</i>			10		1				2								
86	Lesser Yellowlegs	<i>Tringa flavipes</i>									3								
87	Solitary Sandpiper	<i>Tringa solitaria</i>				1													
88	Ruddy Turnstone	<i>Arenaria interpres</i>			10														
89	Surfbird	<i>Aphriza virgata</i>			1														
90	Least Sandpiper	<i>Calidris minutilla</i>			3														
91	Red-necked Phalarope	<i>Phalaropus lobatus</i>			4														
92	Gray Gull	<i>Larus modestus</i>	100's	100's	1000's														
93	Band-tailed (Belcher's) Gull	<i>Larus belcheri</i>	100+	100's	1000's													20	

	Common name	Scientific name	July							August									
			26	27	28	29	30	31	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
94	Kelp Gull	<i>Larus dominicanus</i>	1	5	2													10	
95	Gray-headed Gull	<i>Larus cirrocephalus</i>	100+	20	25														
96	Andean Gull	<i>Larus serranus</i>				8					100	5							
97	Swallow-tailed Gull	<i>Creagus furcatus</i>			25														
98	Royal Tern	<i>Sterna maxima</i>			2														
99	South-American Tern	<i>Sterna hiruninacea</i>			4														
100	Elegant Tern	<i>Sterna elegans</i>			1														
101	Yellow-billed Tern	<i>Sterna superciliaris</i>					4	1	3	2									
102	Peruvian Tern	<i>Sterna lorata</i>		6	10														
103	Large-billed Tern	<i>Phaetusa simplex</i>							1										
104	Inca Tern	<i>Larosterna inca</i>	50	100	100's														
105	Black Skimmer	<i>Rynchops niger</i>					3		20										
106	Feral Pigeon	<i>Columba livia</i>	10	2	5						10	25						30	
107	Spot-winged Pigeon	<i>Columba maculosa</i>									15								
108	Pale-vented Pigeon	<i>Columba cayennensis</i>						1	1										
109	Plumbeous Pigeon	<i>Columba plumbea</i>					1	h	h										
110	Ruddy Pigeon	<i>Columba subvinacea</i>						1h	1+1h										
111	Eared Dove	<i>Zenaida auriculata</i>				15					1	15						20	
112	Pacific Dove	<i>Zenaida meloda</i>	100's	100's	100's	100's												100	
113	Croaking Ground-Dove	<i>Columbina cruziana</i>	10	25	3	3													
114	Bare-faced Ground-Dove	<i>Metriopelia ceciliae</i>									5	7	4						
115	White-tipped Dove	<i>Leptotila verreauxi</i>																1	
116	White-throated Quail Dove	<i>Geotrygon freneta</i>																1	
117	Blue and Yellow Macaw	<i>Ara ararauna</i>					h	6	10										
118	Scarlet Macaw	<i>Ara macao</i>				8	6	20	25										
119	Red and Green Macaw	<i>Ara chloroptera</i>				2	2		30	2									
120	Chestnut-fronted Macaw	<i>Ara severa</i>				50	20	50	60	3									
121	Red-bellied Macaw	<i>Orthopsittaca manilata</i>					2	25	10										
122	Blue-headed Macaw	<i>Propyrrhura couloni</i>					2	6	2										
123	White-eyed Parakeet	<i>Aratinga leucophthalmus</i>						25	40										
124	Dusky-headed Parakeet	<i>Aratinga weddellii</i>				30		25	30	8									
125	Mitred Parakeet	<i>Aratinga mitrata</i>									2							15	

	Common name	Scientific name	July							August									
			26	27	28	29	30	31	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
126	Scarlet-fronted Parakeet	<i>Aratinga wagleri</i>																20	
127	Rock (Black-capped) Parakeet	<i>Pyrrhura rupicola</i>					15												
128	Andean Parakeet	<i>Bolborhynchus orbygnesi</i>														1			
129	Dusky-billed parrotlet	<i>Forpus sclateri</i>							4										
130	Cobalt-winged Parakeet	<i>Brotogeris cyanoptera</i>				15	50	75	40	20									
131	White-bellied Parrot	<i>Pionites leucogaster</i>					4	5	5										
132	Orange-cheeked Parrot	<i>Pionopsitta barrabandi</i>						5	6										
133	Blue-headed Parrot	<i>Pionus menstruus</i>				1	30	200	250										
134	Speckle-faced Parrot	<i>Pionus tumultuosus</i>															10		
135	Yellow-crowned Parrot	<i>Amazona ochrocephala</i>						10	10										
136	Mealy Parrot	<i>Amazona farinosa</i>				2	2	50	70										
137	Dark-billed Cuckoo	<i>Coccyzus melacoryphus</i>						1											
138	Squirrel Cuckoo	<i>Piaya cayana</i>					1												
139	Smooth-billed Ani	<i>Crotophaga ani</i>				10		2	1	5									
140	Groove-billed Ani	<i>Crotophaga sulcirostris</i>	8	1	3														
141	Andean Pygmy-Owl	<i>Glaucidium jandini</i>											1h						
142	Tropical Screech Owl	<i>Megascops choliba</i>						1h											
143	Tawny-bellied Screech Owl	<i>Megascops watsonii</i>					1	1h	2h	1h									
144	Sand-coloured Nighthawk	<i>Chordeiles rupestris</i>					1		3										
145	Pauraque	<i>Nyctidromus albicollis</i>					3h	1h	3h										
146	Ladder-tailed Nightjar	<i>Hydropsalis climacocerca</i>							1										
147	Oscellated Poorwill	<i>Nyctiphrynus ocellatus</i>					1h												
148	Chestnut-collared Swift	<i>Streptoprocne rutila</i>														2			
149	White-collared Swift	<i>Streptoprocne zonaris</i>				50	100+			2									
150	Gray-rumped Swift	<i>Chaetura cinereiventris</i>				10	15												
151	White-tipped Swift	<i>Aeronautes montivagus</i>															1		
152	Andean Swift	<i>Aeronautes andecolus</i>								1	30	30		2					
153	Fork-tailed Palm-Swift	<i>Tachornis squamata</i>				3		1											
154	Green Violetear	<i>Colibri thalassinus</i>													3h	1			
155	Sparkling Violetear	<i>Colibri coruscans</i>								4		5	3		1	10			
156	Green-and-White Hummingbird	<i>Leucippus viridicauda</i>															10		
157	Amazilia Hummingbird	<i>Amazilia amazilia</i>		15	1													1	

	Common name	Scientific name	July							August									
			26	27	28	29	30	31	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
158	Speckled Hummingbird	<i>Adelomyia melanogenys</i>															2		
159	Chestnut-breasted Coronet	<i>Boissonneaua matthewsii</i>														3	15		
160	Shining Sunbeam	<i>Aglaeactis cupripennis</i>												1	1	2			
161	White-tufted Sunbeam	<i>Aglaeactis castelnaudii</i>												3					
162	Collared Inca	<i>Coeligena torquata</i>														1	6		
163	Violet-throated Starfrontlet	<i>Coeligena violifer</i>											2	1					
164	Sword-billed Hummingbird	<i>Ensifera ensifera</i>												2					
165	Great Sapphirewing	<i>Pterophanes cyanopterus</i>											2	2	3	4			
166	Giant Hummingbird	<i>Patagona gigas</i>									2	3	5						
167	Amethyst-throated Sunangel	<i>Helianthus amethysticollis</i>													2	3			
168	Coppery-naped Puffleg	<i>Eriocnemis sapphiropygia</i>													2	1			
169	Booted Racquet-tail	<i>Ocreatus underwoodii</i>															1		
170	Black-tailed Trainbearer	<i>Lesbia victoriae</i>											1			1			
171	Green-tailed Trainbearer	<i>Lesbia nuna</i>											3						
172	Bearded Mountaineer	<i>Oreonympha nobilis</i>									2			1					
173	Tyrian Metaltail	<i>Metallura tyrianthina</i>											2	5	1				
174	Blue-mantled Thornbill	<i>Chalcostigma stanleyi</i>												1					
175	Peruvian Sheartail	<i>Thaumastura cora</i>		3	5														
176	White-bellied Woodstar	<i>Chaetocercus mulsant</i>											1						
177	Blue-crowned Trogon	<i>Trogon curucui</i>				2													
178	Black-tailed Trogon	<i>Trogon melanurus</i>					1	1											
179	Ringed Kingfisher	<i>Ceryle torquata</i>							1										
180	Amazon Kingfisher	<i>Chloroceryle amazona</i>						1	2	2									
181	Highland Motmot	<i>Momotus aequatorialis</i>														1h			
182	Rufous Motmot	<i>Baryphengus martii</i>								1h									
183	Broad-billed Motmot	<i>Electron platyrhynchum</i>						1											
184	Bluish-fronted Jacamar	<i>Galbula cyanescens</i>				2		2											
185	White-necked Puffbird	<i>Notharcus macrorhyncos</i>					2												
186	Striolated Puffbird	<i>Nystalus striolatus</i>					2												
187	Black-fronted Nunbird	<i>Monasa nigrifrons</i>				3	1	2	1										
188	White-fronted Nunbird	<i>Monasa morphoeus</i>					2												
189	Swallow-wing	<i>Chelidoptera tenebrosa</i>				1	10	2	3	2									

	Common name	Scientific name	July							August									
			26	27	28	29	30	31	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
190	Lemon-throated Barbet	<i>Eubucco richardsoni</i>						1											
191	Lettered Aracari	<i>Pteroglossus inscriptus</i>					2	2											
192	Ivory-billed Aracari	<i>Pteroglossus (azara) mariae</i>					5	1											
193	Curl-crested Aracari	<i>Pteroglossus bauharnesii</i>					2												
194	Grey-breasted Mountain Toucan	<i>Andigena hypoglauca</i>														2			
195	White-throated (Cuvier's) Toucan	<i>Ramphastos tucanus (cuvieri)</i>					4		3										
196	Channel-billed Toucan	<i>Ramphastos vitellinus</i>								1									
197	Yellow-tufted Woodpecker	<i>Melanerpes cruentatus</i>				2	1	2	1	1									
198	Red-stained Woodpecker	<i>Veliniornis affinis</i>				1													
199	Golden-green Woodpecker	<i>Piculus chrysochloros</i>						1											
200	Crimson-mantled Woodpecker	<i>Piculus rivoli</i>														1h			
201	Black-necked Woodpecker	<i>Colaptes atricollis</i>		1															
202	Andean Flicker	<i>Colaptes rupicla</i>									2		1h		1h				
203	Ringed Woodpecker	<i>Celeus torquatus</i>					1												
204	Crimson-crested Woodpecker	<i>Campephilus melanoleucos</i>				1		3		2									
205	Barred Woodcreeper	<i>Dendrocolaptes certhia</i>					1h			1h									
206	Cinnamon-throated Woodcreeper	<i>Dendrexetastes rufigula</i>					2h			1h									
207	Long-billed Woodcreeper	<i>Nasica longirostris</i>						1											
208	Buff-throated Woodcreeper	<i>Xiphorhynchus guttatus</i>					1+5h	1+3h	3h	1h									
209	Coastal Miner	<i>Geositta peruviana</i>		2	3														
210	Surf Cinclodes	<i>Cinclodes taczanowskii</i>	3	1	2														
211	Bar-winged Cinclodes	<i>Cinclodes fuscus</i>												12	2	1			
212	White-winged Cinclodes	<i>Cinclodes atacamensis</i>									3						2		
213	Pale-legged Hornero	<i>Funarius leucopus</i>						h	h										
214	Wren-like Rushbird	<i>Phleocryptes melanops</i>	3+5h								2+3h								
215	Creamy-crested Spinetail	<i>Cranioleuca albicapilla</i>									1			6		2			
216	Marcapata Spinetail	<i>Cranioleuca marcapatae</i>														2			
217	Puna Thistletail	<i>Schizoeaca helleri</i>													1+6h	2h			
218	Rusty-fronted Canastero	<i>Asthenes ottonis</i>									3+4h	1+3h							
219	Cordilleran Canastero	<i>Asthenes modesta</i>												3h	3h				
220	Streak-fronted Thornbird	<i>Phacellodromus striaticeps</i>									2								
221	Pearled Treerunner	<i>Margarornis squamiger</i>														2	2		

	Common name	Scientific name	July							August									
			26	27	28	29	30	31	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
222	Streaked Xenops	<i>Xenops rutilans</i>															1		
223	Barred Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus doliatus</i>						2	1	1									
224	Dusky-throated Antshrike	<i>Thamnomanes ardesiacus</i>						1h											
225	Amazonian Streaked Antwren	<i>Myrmotherula multostriata</i>								2									
226	Plumbeous Antbird	<i>Mermeciza hyperythra</i>							1+1h										
227	Spot-backed Antbird	<i>Hylophylax naevius</i>								1									
228	Warbling Antbird	<i>Hypocnemis cantator</i>						1											
229	Rufous-capped Antthrush	<i>Formicarius colma</i>						1											
230	Rufous-fronted Antthrush	<i>Formicarius rufifrons</i>							1h										
231	Stripe-headed Antpitta	<i>Grallaria andicola</i>														1			
232	Rufous Antpitta	<i>Grallaria rufula</i>														2			
233	Trilling Tapaculo	<i>Scytalopus parvirostris</i>															4h		
234	Vilcabamba Tapaculo	<i>Scytalopus urubambae</i>														3	2+4h		
235	Cinereous Mourner	<i>Laniocerca hypopyrra</i>							1	1									
236	Red-crested Cotinga	<i>Ampelion rubrocristata</i>														3	2	1	
237	Screaming Piha	<i>Lipaugus vociferans</i>						2h		6h	2h								
238	Bare-necked Fruitcrow	<i>Gymnoderus foetidus</i>						3											
239	Andean Cock-of-the-rock	<i>Rupicola peruviana</i>																4	
240	Dwarf Tyrant-Manakin	<i>Tyranneutes stolzmanni</i>							1										
241	Streak-necked Flycatcher	<i>Mionectes striaticollis</i>															1	1	
242	Large Elaenia	<i>Elaenia spectabilis</i>					1												
243	White-crested Elaenia	<i>Elaenia albiceps</i>		2															
244	Mottle-backed Elaenia	<i>Elaenia gigas</i>							1										
245	Highland Elaenia	<i>Elaenia obscura</i>																1	
246	Sierran Elaenia	<i>Elaenia pallatangae</i>										1	1						
247	Torrent Tyrannulet	<i>Serpophaga cinerea</i>																4	
248	Mouse-coloured Tyrannulet	<i>Phaeomyias murina</i>				1													
249	White-lored Tyrannulet	<i>Ornithion inerne</i>						1											
250	Sclater's Tyrannulet	<i>Phyllomyias sclateri</i>																2	
251	White-throated Tyrannulet	<i>Mecocerculus leucophrys</i>												3	1				
252	White-banded Tyrannulet	<i>Mecocerculus stictopterus</i>															4		
253	Tufted Tit-Tyrant	<i>Anairetes parulus</i>												3					

	Common name	Scientific name	July						August									
			26	27	28	29	30	31	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
254	Yellow-billed Tit-Tyrant	<i>Anairetes flavirostris</i>									1							
255	Pied-crested Tit-Tyrant	<i>Anairetes reguloides</i>		2														
256	Unstreaked Tit Tyrant	<i>Uromyias agraphia</i>												1	1			
257	Many-coloured Rush-tyrant	<i>Tachuris rubrigastra</i>	5								2							
258	Marble-faced Bristle-Tyrant	<i>Phylloscartes ophthalmicus</i>														1		
259	Olivaceous Flatbill	<i>Rhynchocyclus olivaceus</i>					1											
260	Cinnamon Flycatcher	<i>Pyrrhomyias cinnamomea</i>													1			
261	Black Phoebe	<i>Sayornis nigricans</i>										6					2	
262	Vermilion Flycatcher	<i>Pyrocephalus rubinus</i>	4	20	3	1	1	1		2								4
263	Rufous-breasted Chat-Tyrant	<i>Ochthoeca rufipectoralis</i>											3	1	2	2		
264	Brown-backed Chat-tyrant	<i>Ochthoeca fumicolor</i>													2			
265	White-browed Chat-Tyrant	<i>Ochthoeca leucophrys</i>									4							
266	D'Orbigny's Chat Tyrant	<i>Ochthoeca oenanthoides</i>												4				
267	Crowned Chat-Tyrant	<i>Ochthoeca frontalis</i>												1	3			
268	Drab Water Tyrant	<i>Ochthornis littoralis</i>				5	10	2	1	1								
269	Streak-throated Bush-tyrant	<i>Myiotheretes striaticollis</i>											1	1				
270	Black-billed Shrike-Tyrant	<i>Agriornis montana</i>									1							
271	Spot-billed Ground-tyrant	<i>Muscisaxicola maculirostris</i>									1							
272	Little Ground-Tyrant	<i>Muscisaxicola fluviatilis</i>					1	2	2									
273	Rufous-naped Ground-tyrant	<i>Muscisaxicola rufivertex</i>									3							
274	Andean Negrito	<i>Lessonia oreas</i>									2							
275	White-winged Black-tyrant	<i>Knipolegus aterrimus</i>										4	8			2		
276	Yellow-browed Tyrant	<i>Satrapa icterophrys</i>						1										
277	Dusky-capped Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus tuberculifer</i>					2	2		1								
278	Swainson's Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus swainsoni</i>				1												
279	Lesser Kiskadee	<i>Philohydor lictor</i>				4	1	1	2	1								
280	Great Kiskadee	<i>Pitangus sulphuratus</i>				3	3	1	3	4								
281	Boat-billed Flycatcher	<i>Megarynchus pitangua</i>				1												
282	Social Flycatcher	<i>Myizetetes similis</i>						1	4								1	
283	Golden-crowned Flycatcher	<i>Myiodynastes chrysocephalus</i>															2	
284	Streaked Flycatcher	<i>Myiodynastes maculatus</i>						1										
285	Piratic Flycatcher	<i>Legatus leucocephalus</i>							1									

	Common name	Scientific name	July							August									
			26	27	28	29	30	31	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
286	Tropical Kingbird	<i>Tyrannus melancholicus</i>	1	3		5	8	4	3	5							1		
287	Barred Becard	<i>Pachyramphus versicolor</i>															1		
288	Pink-throated Becard	<i>Pachyramphus minor</i>						2											
289	Masked Tityra	<i>Tutyra semifasciata</i>					2	2											
290	Grey-breasted Martin	<i>Progne chalybea</i>				5													
291	White-winged Swallow	<i>Tachycineta albiventer</i>				5	30		40	30									
292	Blue and White Swallow	<i>Pygochelidon cyanoleuca</i>	30	25	50						2	8	3			25	15		
293	Brown-bellied Swallow	<i>Notiochelidon murina</i>										20		3	2				
294	White-banded Swallow	<i>Atticora fasciata</i>				5	20		5	15									
295	Southern Rough-winged Swallow	<i>Stelgidopteryx ruficollis</i>				15	50	10	35	20									
296	White-capped Dipper	<i>Cinclus leucocephalus</i>									1								
297	Black-capped Donacobius	<i>Donacobius atricapillus</i>						3											
298	Thrush-like Wren	<i>Campylorhynchus turdinus</i>				2	h	2											
299	Inca Wren	<i>Thrythorus eisenmanni</i>														2+4h			
300	Moustached Wren	<i>Thrythorus genibarbis</i>						2h											
301	House Wren	<i>Troglodytes aedon</i>		2	1						2h	1	2+5h	5h	1h	2h	5		
302	Mountain Wren	<i>troglodytes solstitialis</i>														4			
303	Gray-breasted Wood-Wren	<i>Henicorhina leucophrys</i>														1h	1+3h		
304	Scaly-breasted Wren	<i>Microcerculus marginatus</i>							1										
305	Musician Wren	<i>Cypphorhinus aradus</i>						1h											
306	Long-tailed Mockingbird	<i>Mimus longicaudatus</i>	5	30	4														
307	Chiguanco Thrush	<i>Turdus chiguanco</i>									10	12	10	3	6	12	6		
308	Great Thrush	<i>Turdus fuscater</i>											4	10	8	5			
309	Lawrence's Thrush	<i>Turdus lawrencii</i>					1h	1h	1h										
310	Purplish Jay	<i>Cyanocorax cyanomelas</i>						5	4										
311	Violaceous Jay	<i>Cyanocorax violaceus</i>				6	6	10	5	3									
312	Red-eyed Vireo	<i>Vireo olivaceus</i>				2											3		
313	Brown-capped Vireo	<i>Vireo leucophrys</i>						1					3						
314	Bananaquit	<i>Coereba flaveola</i>															2		
315	Common Bush-Tanager	<i>Chlorospingus ophthalmicus</i>														2			
316	Grey-hooded Bush Tanager	<i>Cnemoscopus rubrirostris</i>															2		
317	Black-capped Hemispingus	<i>Hemispingus atropileus</i>													1	3			

	Common name	Scientific name	July						August										
			26	27	28	29	30	31	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
318	Superciliaried Hemispingus	<i>Hemispingus superciliaris</i>															5		
319	Parodi's Hemispingus	<i>Hemispingus parodii</i>															1		
320	Rust and Yellow Tanager	<i>Thlypopsis ruficeps</i>											10	2					
321	Red-crowned Ant-Tanager	<i>Habia rubica</i>							1										
322	Hepatic Tanager	<i>Piranga flava</i>																2	
323	Silver-beaked Tanager	<i>Ramphocelus carbo</i>				8	2	2		5									
324	Blue-gray Tanager	<i>Thraupis episcopus</i>								2	3							20	5
325	Blue and Yellow Tanager	<i>Thraupis bonariensis</i>										2			1			8	
326	Blue-capped Tanager	<i>Thraupis cyanocephala</i>															8		
327	Yellow-backed Tanager	<i>Hemithruapis flavicollis</i>						2											
328	Golden-collared Tanager	<i>Iridosornis jelskii</i>										2		1	10	10			
329	Chestnut-bellied Mountain-Tanager	<i>Delothraupis castaneiventris</i>													2				
330	Thick-billed Euphonia	<i>Euphonia laniirostris</i>												1	1	2			
331	White-lored Euphonia	<i>Euphonia chrysopasta</i>				1												3	
332	Blue-and-black Tanager	<i>Tangara vassorii</i>															15		
333	Paradise Tanager	<i>Tangara chilensis</i>						3											
334	Green and Gold Tanager	<i>Tangara schrankii</i>						1											
335	Saffron-crowned Tanager	<i>Tangara xanthocephala</i>																	3
336	Blue-necked Tanager	<i>Tangara cyanicollis</i>																	4
337	Silver-backed Tanager	<i>Tangara viridicollis</i>																	5
338	Green Honeycreeper	<i>Chlorophanes spiza</i>						2											
339	Purple Honeycreeper	<i>Cyanerpes caeruleus</i>						1											
340	Blue Dacnis	<i>Dacnis cyana</i>				2													
341	Black-faced Dacnis	<i>Dacnis lineata</i>							1										
342	Tit-like Dacnis	<i>Xenodacnis parina</i>												2	1				
343	Plushcap	<i>Catamblyrhynchus diadema</i>																1	
344	Peruvian Sierra-finch	<i>Phrygilus punensis</i>										8		1	4		5		
345	Plumbeous Sierra-finch	<i>Phrygilus unicolor</i>												10	3				
346	Ash-breasted Sierra-Finch	<i>Phrygilus plebejus</i>										30							
347	Collared Warbling-Finch	<i>Poospiza hispaniolensis</i>		2															
348	Blue-black Grassquit	<i>Volatinia jacarina</i>	1			1													
349	Double-collared Seedeater	<i>Sporophila caeruleascens</i>						3	3	2	1								

	Common name	Scientific name	July							August									
			26	27	28	29	30	31	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
350	Chestnut-bellied Seedeater	<i>Sporophila castaneiventris</i>						2	1										
351	Chestnut-bellied Seed-Finch	<i>Oryzoborus angolensis</i>					1												
352	Band-tailed Seedeater	<i>Catamenia analis</i>								75	30	25				2			
353	Plain-coloured Seedeater	<i>Catamenia inornata</i>											1	8					
354	Black-backed Grosbeak	<i>Pheucticus aureoventris</i>									1	3					3		
355	Moustached Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossa mystacalis</i>											8	8	5				
356	Black-throated Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossa brunneiventris</i>								2			20	5	10				
357	Bluish Flowepiercer	<i>Diglossopsis caeruleascens</i>														1			
358	Masked Flower-piercer	<i>Diglossopsis cyanea</i>												1	2	5			
359	Grassland Yellow-Finch	<i>Sicalis luteola</i>		40															
360	Greenish Yellow-Finch	<i>Sicalis olivascens</i>									1								
361	Red-capped Cardinal	<i>Paroaria gularis</i>					2												
362	Cusco Brush-finch	<i>Atlapetes schistaceus</i>												2					
363	Yellow-browed Sparrow	<i>Ammodramus aurifrons</i>					3		1										
364	Rufous-collared Sparrow	<i>Zonotrichia capensis</i>	10	20	15	5					100	100	50	50	50	50	3	5	
365	Greyish Saltator	<i>Saltator coerulescens</i>				1													
366	Buff-throated Saltator	<i>Saltator maximus</i>								1									
367	Golden-billed Saltator	<i>Saltator aurantiirostris</i>									1	1	8	5					
368	Tropical Parula	<i>Parula pitiayumi</i>																1	
369	Slate-throated Redstart	<i>Myioborus miniatus</i>																8	
370	Spectacled Redstart	<i>Myioborus melanocephalus</i>											5	8		10	1		
371	Citrine Warbler	<i>Basileuterus luteoviridis</i>														1	1		
372	Russet-crowned Warbler	<i>Basileuterus coronatus</i>																1	
373	Cinereous Conebill	<i>Conirostrum cinereum</i>		15	5						h		25	40	15	10			
374	White-browed Conebill	<i>Cionirostrum ferrugineiventre</i>												2	2				
375	Capped Conebill	<i>Conirostrum albifrons</i>																1	
376	Yellow-winged Blackbird	<i>Agelaius thilius</i>									30								
377	Peruvian Meadowlark	<i>Sternella bellicosa</i>	1																
378	Shiny Cowbird	<i>Molothrus bonariensis</i>	8			5													
379	Giant Cowbird	<i>Scaphidura oryzivora</i>				20	25	6	20	2									
380	Epaulet Oriole	<i>Icterus cayenensis</i>					1												
381	Yellow-billed Cacique	<i>Amblycercus holosericeus</i>															2		

	Common name	Scientific name	July							August									
			26	27	28	29	30	31	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
382	Yellow-rumped Cacique	<i>Cacicus cela</i>				6	10	25	10	10									
383	Casqued Oropendola	<i>Psarocolius oseryi</i>						5	1										
384	Crested Oropendola	<i>Psarocolius decumanus</i>				4	5	1											
385	Olive Oropendola	<i>Psarocolius bifasciatus</i>					20		2	1									
386	Russet-backed Oropendola	<i>Psarocolius angustifrons</i>				100	30	50	50	50									
387	Hooded Siskin	<i>Carduelis magellanica</i>		6							50		3						
388	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>		10	5													10	

Mammals

1	Southern Sea-lion	<i>Otaria byronia</i>			12													
2	Saddleback Tamarin	<i>Sanguinus fuscicollis</i>						2	6									
3	Dusky Titi Monkey	<i>Callicebus moloch</i>						1	2									
4	Squirrel Monkey	<i>Saimiri sciureus</i>						5	20									
5	Brown Capuchin Monkey	<i>Cebus apella</i>						2										
6	Red Howler Monkey	<i>Alouatta seniculus</i>						4										
7	Black Spider Monkey	<i>Ateles paniscus</i>						3										
8	Marine Otter	<i>Lontra felina</i>																
9	White-lipped Peccary	<i>Tayassu pecari</i>																
10	Capybara	<i>Hydrochaeris hydrochaeris</i>				5	13											
11	Southern Amazon Red Squirrel	<i>Sciurus spadiceus</i>					1	3		1								
12	Brown Agouti	<i>Dasyprocta variegata</i>					2	3	1									
13	Tayra	<i>Eira barbara</i>						2										
14	Bottle-nosed Dolphin	<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>		6	4													
15	Brocket Deer	<i>Mazama americana</i>														1		

Reptiles

1	Black Caiman	<i>Caiman niger</i>						1										
2	Spectacled Caiman	<i>Caiman crocodilus</i>				1	1		1									
3	Yellow-spotted Sidenecked Turtle	<i>Podocnemis unifilis</i>				5		10	15									
4	Amazon Racerunner	<i>Ameiva ameiva</i>				5	5	3	5									