

Northern India & Himalayan Foothills

Naturetrek Tour Report

15 - 30 January 2011



Spotted Owlet courtesy of Peter Greaves

Report compiled by Bunty Mandhayan



Naturetrek Cheriton Mill Cheriton Alresford Hampshire SO24 0NG England

T: +44 (0)1962 733051

F: +44 (0)1962 736426

E: info@naturetrek.co.uk

W: www.naturetrek.co.uk

Tour Leader: Bunty Mandhayan (Local Guide)

Participants: Colin Boulton
Margaret Boulton
Peter Greaves
John Gordon
Robert Morrison
Catherine Morrison

Introduction

'Northern India and Himalayan foothills' is a Naturetrek tour that focuses on the rich avifauna of the famous north Indian birding destinations of Sultanpur Bird Sanctuary, Keoladeo National Park better known as Bharatpur, Corbett National Park and Nainital. There are visits to the cultural attractions of Fatehpur Sikri, Agra Fort and the Taj Mahal. Highlights of the trip included Tawny Fish Owl, Oriental Pied Hornbill, Rufous-breasted Accentor; Green-tailed Sunbird Scaly Thrush and Plain-backed Thrush. Among the mammals and reptiles seen on the tour were Smooth-coated Otter, Ganges River Dolphin, Marsh Crocodile and Fish-eating Crocodile (Gharial). A total of 373 species of birds, 24 species of mammals and many species of reptile were recorded.

Weather

Overall the weather remained cold in the morning, bright and sunny afternoons and pleasant evenings with temperatures ranging from 2°C to 20°C. Bharatpur was warm and sunny and sometimes could experience cold mornings. At Corbett National Park it very cold in the morning and rest of the day remained clear and sunny, misty in the mornings at Dhikala and occasionally windy, with a minimum temperature of 2°C. Nainital was cold but mostly sunny, with occasional overcast conditions and temperatures ranging from 5 to 20°C

Day 1

Friday 14th January

Travelled from the UK

Day 2

Saturday 15th January

New Delhi, Sultanpur Bird Sanctuary

Tour leaders met the group at Indira Gandhi International Airport, Delhi, and drove for twenty minutes to Hotel Leela Kempensky. After a quick lunch we drove off through the mesmerising traffic chaos for an hour and half to Sultanpur Bird Sanctuary. Birding at the reservoir for two and a half hours proved very fruitful. We had a chance to get familiar with the common birds of the northern Indian wetlands. Some of the highlights were little and Indian Cormorants, Grey and Purple Heron, Black-crowned Night Heron, Painted, Black-necked Stork, Black-headed and Glossy Ibis, Bar-headed Goose and Sarus Crane. We also saw various waterfowl, including the endemic Indian Spot-billed Duck. Various Sandpipers were seen feeding in the reservoir. White-throated Kingfishers and Ashy Prinias were seen, and Five-striped Palm Squirrels were seen in good numbers. Over-night stay at Leela Kempensky

Day 3

Sunday 16th January

Drive to Bharatpur

We left the hotel after an early breakfast and drove for five to six hours to Bharatpur. En route we stopped at Kosikalan at the small lake for Graceful Prinia but in vain, but we did manage to see Ruff, and Bronzed-winged Jacana, then carried on and reached there at lunch time. Later in the afternoon we did some bird watching at Keoladeo National Park. The adjacent woodlands held masses of squawking Rose-ringed Parakeets, our first Indian Grey Hornbills, and small manageable numbers of the commoner resident species such as Coppersmith Barbet, Black-rumped Flameback, Rufous Treepie, Black Drongo, Long-tailed Shrikes, Oriental Magpie and Indian Robins. With them were the commoner winter visitors, most prominent of which were Siberian Chiffchaffs, Hume's Leaf Warblers and Red-breasted Flycatchers. Among other interesting birds found here were: Spotted Owlet, Dusky Eagle Owl, Brahminy Starling, White Eared Bulbul, Red-breasted, Grey-headed Canary Flycatchers, Magpie Robin, and Black Redstart. Rhesus Macaque and Nilgai were the new mammals seen today. All too soon the sun was setting and we returned to our hotel, ready for an early night. We stayed overnight at our hotel, the Laxmi Vilas Palace, Bharatpur.

Day 4

Monday 17th January

Keoladeo National Park, Bharatpur

After an early breakfast and taking our packed lunches, we did an excursion into the park. Among other interesting birds found here were: Spotted Owlet, Black-rumped Flameback, Black Drongo, Brahminy Starling, Red-breasted, Magpie Robin, Black Redstart, and Olive-backed Pipit. After lunch we drove back to the barrier and took a rickshaw ride to Sapanmori area, from here we did two hour's birding on foot. Various new and interesting species were encountered here and these included Black-necked Stork, Oriental Honey Buzzard, Black-shouldered Kite, Indian Spotted, and Crested Serpent Eagles, Spotted Redshank, Marsh Sandpiper, Greenshank, Dusky Eagle Owl, Yellow-crowned Woodpecker, Long-tailed Shrikes. In the evening several Brown Rock Chats were seen perched on the hotel building. Jackal, Sambar, Spotted Deer and Indian Wild Boar were the new mammals. We stayed overnight at Laxmi Vilas Palace, Bharatpur.

Day 5

Tuesday 18th January

Bayana and Bund Baratha

Today we left with a packed lunch for a full day's excursion to Bund Baratha (a reservoir which gets its name from the nearby village of Baratha). Situated at a distance of 40 km from the village, one reaches the Bund by driving through the remote north Indian rural landscape. En route we stopped at this village called Bayana to look at the nesting site of the endangered Indian Vulture, which was quite a wonderful experience, the sight of the Vulture flying over the cliff was mesmerizing and a few were seen perched on a cliff face. Later a stop at the irrigation department inspection bungalow was an opportunity to see the resident colony of Indian Flying Foxes that roosts in the Ficus trees. Thereafter, we drove up to the dam. Lots more was expected there but due to the high water level and less bird migration we could see fewer waders at the dam. Overnight was at our hotel – Laxmi Vilas Palace, Bharatpur.

Day 6

Wednesday 19th January

Keoladeo National Park & nearby water bodies

Today in the morning we checked out some waterbodies outside the park included the canal and the city's drainage. We found a broad collection of waders including Wood, Green, Common and Marsh Sandpipers, Spotted and Common Redshanks, Greenshank, Temminck's Stints and Black-winged Stilts. Nearby, Citrine, White and White-browed Wagtails foraged and Pied Kingfishers flew overhead. Later after taking our packed lunch from the hotel we visited the Keoladeo National Park. The main event of the day was the rickshaw ride along the main access road. With cars banned, these rickshaws provide the most popular means of getting to the heart of the park. New species, among other birds seen, were: Kentish Plover, Temminck's Stint, Pied Avocet, Black-necked Stork and White Wagtail of baicalensis race. Indian Grey Mongoose and House Mouse were new mammals seen today. A new reptilian addition today was the Indian Flapshell Turtle. We spent another night at Laxmi Vilas Palace, Bharatpur.

Day 7

Thursday 20th January

Agra

After an early breakfast we drove for 30 minutes to the ruined city of Fatehpur Sikri for sightseeing. After spending an hour and half looking at the magnificent buildings of the ruined city and recording Theobalt's Tomb Bat as a new mammal for the trip, we drove for another hour and half to see the Taj Mahal - India's (possibly the world's) most beautiful building. We spent a couple of hours at the great monument and some time looking for birds in the gardens of Taj Mahal and on the River Yamuna behind the monument. A new addition today was River Lapwing. We made a quick visit for lunch at a restaurant, and then went to see the grand Red Fort of Agra. After sightseeing at Agra we drove for about six hours to Fort Unchagaon, once the Residential Palace of the Maharaja of Unchagaon. Overnight at Fort Unchagaon.

Day 8

Friday 21st January

Kumerian (Corbett)

After having early breakfast, we drove from Unchagaon for about six hours before reaching Quality Inn's The Den at Kumerian. Post-lunch birding was restricted to the wonderful habitat near the lodge and we took a trail to the Kosi River below the lodge. The day's birding included: Spotted Forktail, Crested Treeswift, Crested Kingfisher, Lineated Barbet, Greater Yellow Naped and Brown-capped Pygmy Woodpecker, White-crested Laughingthrush, Large-billed Crow, Bronzed Drongos, Bar-winged Flycatcher Shrike, Scarlet and Long-tailed Minivets, Himalayan Bulbul, Rufous-bellied Niltava, Yellow-bellied and Black-throated Fantails, Grey-hooded Warbler, Plumbeous and White-capped Water Redstarts, Grey Bushchat, Blue Whistling Thrush, Great, Black-lored Tits, Velvet-fronted Nuthatch, Bar-tailed Tree Creeper and White Wagtail (of leucopsis race). Overnight stay at the hotel Quality Inn, Kumerian.

Day 9

Saturday 22nd January

Kumerian

We spent the morning birding the roadside from our hotel towards Kumeria, and it took no less than three hours to cover this short distance!

New and multi-hued birds were everywhere, many with confusingly long and hyphenated names; Scarlet and Long-tailed Minivets, Bar-winged Flycatcher-shrike, Grey Bush Chat (but looking like a miniature shrike), Grey-breasted Prinia, Lineated Barbet, Himalayan Flameback, Grey-capped Pygmy Woodpecker, Lesser Yellownappe, Yellow-bellied and White-throated Fantails, confusingly grey Great Tits, hundreds of Himalayan and Red-vented Bulbuls, Black-chinned Babbler, Chestnut-bellied and Velvet-fronted Nuthatches, Rufous-bellied Niltava, Grey-headed Canary Flycatcher, Orange-bellied Leafbird and many more.

After reaching the Kosi River we paused to enjoy the multitude of birds that make the river their home; Plumbeous and White-capped Water Redstarts, Brown Dipper, Common, Crested and Pied Kingfishers, and Grey and White-browed Wagtails. After much searching we eventually located a diminutive Little Forktail on the far riverbank, and a nearby flock brought us our first Black-crested and Ashy Bulbuls, Crimson Sunbirds and Whistler's Warblers amongst the throngs of Himalayan Bulbuls. The day's birding also produced Mountain Hawk Eagle, a nesting pair of Pallas's Fish Eagle, Black Francolin, Red Jungle Fowl, Slaty-headed Parakeet, Alpine Swift, Blue-throated Barbet, a massive flock of Nepal House Martins, Red-billed Blue Magpie, Black Bulbul, Black-chinned Babbler, White-crested Laughingthrush, Slaty-blue Flycatchers, Small Niltava, Lemon-rumped and Whistler's Warblers and Common Rosefinch. Indian Muntjac was a new mammal recorded for the trip today. Overnight stay at our hotel, the Quality Inn, Kumerian.

Day 10

Sunday 23rd January

Kumerian & Dhikala

This morning we took a walk by the lodge to check up some of the specialities that had eluded us. Thereafter we left for a drive to Dhikala, situated inside Corbett Tiger Reserve. We headed into Corbett NP and Dhikala Forest Rest House which was to be our home for the next two nights. We began the day as we had yesterday, birding the roadside towards the Dhangari Gate, the closest raptor clearly was a cracking juvenile Mountain Hawk Eagle which soared around for five minutes and gave the views we can usually only dream about. Once through the gate, our first flock was a busy one with several Black-lored Tits and a Lemon-rumped Warbler adding to the excitement. En route to Dhikala one client from one jeep managed to see a magnificent male and female Tiger beside the road which was a mind blowing experience for them. Post lunch activities included a game-drive. Birds seen during the day included Black Stork, Cinereous Vulture, Osprey, Collared Falconet, Kaleej Pheasant, Brown Fish Owl, Himalayan Swiftlet, Oriental Pied Hornbill, Streak-throated Woodpecker, Greater Flameback, Red-whiskered Bulbul, and Green Magpie. New mammals seen today included Wild Boar. We stayed the night at Dhikala forest complex, Corbett Tiger Reserve.

Day 11

Monday 24th January

Dhikala

An elephant ride was organised this morning for half of the group; the rest of us went out in the jeeps. After breakfast, the whole of the group went and sat on the watch tower and after lunch we did the game drive. New species recorded today were: Lesser Fish Eagle, Hen Harrier, Spotted Dove, Rufous Woodpecker, Lesser Yellownappe, Himalayan Flameback, Large Cuckooshrike, Common Iora, Rusty-cheeked Scimitar Babbler, Zitting and Bright-headed Cisticolas, and Pin-tailed Pigeon. Mammals seen today included an 'early-morning-surprised' Hog Deer. We stayed the night at Dhikala forest complex, Corbett Tiger Reserve.

Day 12

Tuesday 25th January

Dhikala & drive to Nainital

We did the morning game drive around Dhikala, before starting our journey towards Nainital situated at an elevation of 2,100m. Before lunch at Tiger Camp hotel we did birding near Garjia Temple and managed to see Grey-winged Blackbird, though we tried looking for Ibisbill around the River Kosi riverbanks but in vain. We arrived at Nainital at dusk. Overnight at Naini Retreat, Nainital.

Day 13

Wednesday 26th January

Sattal

We spent the entire day birding along the quiet Sat Tal road that leads down to a tranquil tree-fringed lake. Being at a much higher elevation, many of the birds we encountered here were new for us, although some familiar favourites including Grey-hooded Warblers and Yellow-bellied Fantails remained. An unfamiliar 'takking' call quickly revealed itself to belong to a Dusky Warbler, quite a scarce visitor to these parts. The fields that are often so good for wintering birds were largely bare of birds as the altitudinal migrants had yet to appear, although Long-tailed Shrikes and Grey Bush Chats remained conspicuous. Nearby, a pair of Yellow-breasted Greenfinches sat quietly in a roadside tree, while nearby a couple of Russet Sparrows called from an overhead wire.

As we entered the woodlands, bird flocks returned and it was soon clear that their composition here was quite different to those we'd seen earlier. Delightfully cute Black-throated Tits soon became one of the most numerous species, often joined by smaller numbers of Green-backed and Black-lored Tits, Oriental White-eyes and numerous Phylloscopus warblers. A small party of Red-billed Blue Magpies cavorted through the trees then dropped down to drink as a large party of White-throated Laughingthrushes called noisily as they bounced through the leaf litter. A walk around the lake gave good views of the flocks of Black Bulbuls, a couple of Grey Treepeeps, several Olive-backed Pipits and Blue Whistling Thrushes, and a gorgeous male Rufous-bellied Niltava. We spent the night at Naini Retreat, Nainital.

Day 14

Thursday 27th January

Mongoli Valley, High Fields

Again we dropped below Naini Tal to spend the morning in the delightful Mongoli Valley. The Mongoli Valley is even quieter than the Sat Tal road, and the only form of transport is on the back of a mule. Otherwise here you have to walk. Working our way slowly along the broad trail through dense oak and rhododendron forest, birds seemed to be everywhere – this was a much busier place than Sat Tal. Mixed flocks moved through, often at eye level which revealed numerous Phylloscopus warblers and enabled everyone to finally catch up with Lemon-rumped and Whistler's Warblers, as well as drool over their first Ashy-throated Warblers. Soon our first Brown-fronted Woodpeckers appeared with them, and Rufous Sibilias became numerous. Movements in the undergrowth proved to be a party of laughingthrushes....most were Streaked, but four Chestnut-crowned showed nicely, as did a couple of Rusty-cheeked Scimitar-babblers. Next came a pair of Greater Yellownapes quietly working on a fallen trunk, while below them dozens of White-throated Laughingthrushes slowly made their way up a narrow gully. Several Kalij Pheasants had made this valley their home, and seemed largely unconcerned by the large numbers of people that use the track through their forest.

The skies above the valley were excellent for larger raptors, and we were soon checking each and every dot as it broke the ridgeline. Most were Eurasian Griffons and Steppe Eagles. Returning to Naini Tal in the afternoon, we paused to watch a group of Rock Buntings foraging for seeds below the thicker scrub, and with them we noticed a couple of Rufous-breasted Accentors behaving in an equally furtive manner. Another pause to check the raptors as we climbed towards Naini Tal revealed even more Eurasian Griffons and Steppe Eagles. Much of the afternoon was spent at the High Fields, where birds were few and far between, however a Striated Prinia was a great find.

Day 15

Friday 28th January

Snow-view Ridge, Pangot, Vinayak

We took a walk around the lodge in the morning, followed by a walk on the Snow-view ridge. For our final morning we took the Kilbury Road to the Snow View lookout and beyond through Pangot for 17Km to Vinayak through pristine mixed forest, with distant views of the snow-capped peaks of the mighty Himalaya set against a backdrop of forest clad slopes. In the early morning sunlight, there can be few finer sights on earth. Birding along this quiet road was quite different to the lower elevations, with many species appearing for the first time, making for yet another exciting day. Oriental Turtle Dove fed by the roadside, our first of the trip. White-tailed Nuthatch and Spot-winged Tit, both absent until today, were two of the most numerous species in the mixed flocks. As always, Grey-hooded Warblers, Yellow-browed Tits and Oriental White-eyes dominated but by diligently searching through these flocks we also found a party of delightful Black-faced Warblers, Lemon-rumped and Buff-barred Warblers, a couple of White-browed Shrike-babblers showed well, Long-tailed Minivets glowed in the morning light, raucous parties Rufous Sibias were numerous, Green-tailed Sunbirds eventually showed well, while Bar-tailed Treecreepers and Green-backed Tits seemed to be on every tree. Other birds preferred the company of their own kind. Several Black-throated Thrushes appeared, noisy groups of Black Bulbuls fed on the fruiting trees, Streaked Laughingthrushes were common in the undergrowth, a flock of Black-headed Jays held at least two Eurasian Jays, looking quite different to their European counterparts, and a couple of male Blue-capped Redstarts ducked and weaved around a bare stump.

As the sun warmed the morning air, large raptors began to appear along the ridges. Along with the now familiar Steppe Eagles and Eurasian Griffon, we picked up a couple of Eurasian Black Vultures and finally, after much searching, a couple of adult Himalayan Griffons and a darker youngster. Usually Himalayan is much the commoner of the two Griffons here, certainly later in the winter, so perhaps they were only starting to arrive. We ate lunch on a pleasant knoll near the hamlet of Saul, where a Mountain Hawk Eagle circled overhead. While looking at the Himalayas in the late afternoon sun, we noticed dozens of very distant hirundines dotting the skies. Most were too distant, but eventually some drifted closer and revealed their black throats and vents, confirming them to be Nepal House Martins. With them came a handful of Himalayan Swiftlets, but neither species hung around, and soon they were gone. We spent the night at Naini Retreat, Nainital.

Day 16

Saturday 29th January

Drive to New Delhi

Today we bid farewell to Naini Tal and began the long drive back to Delhi.

Today was to be a travelling day, and as the traffic on Indian's overcrowded roads inexorably grinds to a halt, so the time available for birding this route becomes ever shorter. Our plan to stop at the Ganges was for a short while, we did add Black-headed and Brown-headed Gull to our list. The highlight was at least four Ganges River Dolphins that kept surfacing near the bridge giving us fabulous views of them. We eventually reached Delhi shortly after dusk where a warm shower and farewell dinner awaited before our early morning flight to London.

Day 17

Sunday 30th January

Return travel to the UK

Summary

This had been a memorable tour to some of northern India's most unspoilt wild areas. In just two weeks we had visited three very special areas, all within easy reach of Delhi, and enjoyed some memorable sights. We recorded a respectable 373 bird species.

Receive our e-newsletter

Join the Naturetrek e-mailing list and be the first to hear about new tours, additional departures and new dates, tour reports and special offers. Visit www.naturetrek.co.uk to sign up.

Naturetrek Facebook

We are delighted to launch the Naturetrek Facebook page so that participants of Naturetrek tours can remain in touch after the holiday and share photos, comments and future travel plans.

Setting up a personal profile at www.facebook.com is quick, free and easy. The [Naturetrek Facebook page](#) is now live; do please pay us a visit!

Species Lists

Birds (✓ = recorded)

	Common name	Scientific name	January														
			13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
1	Little Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓									
2	Indian Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax fuscicollis</i>	✓				✓	✓									
3	Great Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>			✓		✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓				✓
4	Little Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax niger</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓					✓				✓
5	Darter	<i>Anhinga melanogaster</i>	✓		✓		✓	✓									
6	Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>	✓		✓		✓	✓				✓					
7	Purple Heron	<i>Ardea purpurea</i>			✓	✓	✓										✓
8	Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				✓
9	Intermediate Egret	<i>Egretta intermedia</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓								✓
10	Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓								✓
11	Indian Pond-heron	<i>Ardeola grayii</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓		✓				✓
12	Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓								✓
13	Striated Heron	<i>Butorides striata</i>			✓		✓			✓	✓		✓				
14	Black-crowned Night Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>	✓		✓		✓										
15	Black Bittern	<i>Ixobrychus flavicollis</i>				✓											
16	Painted Stork	<i>Mycteria leucocephala</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓										
17	Asian Openbill	<i>Anastomus oscitans</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓										
18	Black Stork	<i>Ciconia nigra</i>								✓	✓	✓	✓				
19	Woolly-necked Stork	<i>Ciconia episcopus</i>		✓	✓			✓		✓	✓	✓	✓				✓
20	Black-necked Stork	<i>Ephippiorhynchus asiaticus</i>	✓		✓		✓					✓					
21	Black-headed Ibis	<i>Threskiornis melanocephalus</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓										
22	Red-naped Ibis	<i>Pseudibis papillosa</i>						✓									
23	Glossy Ibis	<i>Plegadis falcinellus</i>	✓														
24	Eurasian Spoonbill	<i>Platalea leucorodia</i>	✓		✓		✓										
25	Lesser Whistling Duck	<i>Dendrocygna javanica</i>			✓	✓	✓										
26	Greylag Goose	<i>Anser anser</i>					✓										
27	Bar-headed Goose	<i>Anser indicus</i>	✓	✓	✓												
28	Ruddy Shelduck	<i>Tadorna ferruginea</i>			✓		✓	✓				✓					
29	Comb Duck	<i>Sarkidiornis melanotos</i>				✓	✓	✓									

	Common name	Scientific name	January														
			13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
30	Gadwall	<i>Anas strepera</i>	✓										✓				
31	Common Teal	<i>Anas crecca</i>	✓	✓			✓						✓				
32	Mallard	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>	✓														
33	Spot-billed Duck	<i>Anas poecilorhyncha</i>	✓	✓													
34	Northern Pintail	<i>Anas acuta</i>		✓													
35	Northern Shoveler	<i>Anas clypeata</i>	✓	✓		✓											
36	Red-crested Pochard	<i>Netta rufina</i>				✓											
37	Common Pochard	<i>Aythya ferina</i>			✓												
38	Ferruginous Duck	<i>Aythya nyroca</i>			✓												
39	Tufted Duck	<i>Aythya fuligula</i>					✓										
40	Osprey	<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>				✓					✓	✓	✓				
41	Oriental Honey-buzzard	<i>Pernis ptilorhynchus</i>			✓												
42	Black-shouldered Kite	<i>Elanus caeruleus</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓					
43	Black Kite	<i>Milvus migrans</i>	✓	✓					✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
44	Black-eared Kite	<i>Milvus migrans lineatus</i>												✓			
45	Pallas' Fish-eagle	<i>Haliaeetus leucoryphus</i>									✓	✓	✓	✓			
46	White-tailed Sea-eagle	<i>Haliaeetus albicilla</i>															✓
47	Grey-headed Fish-eagle	<i>Ichthyophaga ichthyaetus</i>												✓			
48	Lesser Fish-eagle	<i>Ichthyophaga humilis</i>											✓				
49	Egyptian Vulture	<i>Neophron percnopterus</i>					✓	✓	✓	✓							✓
50	White-rumped Vulture	<i>Gyps bengalensis</i>											✓				
51	Slender-billed Vulture	<i>Gyps tenuirostris</i>															✓
52	Long-billed Vulture	<i>Gyps indicus</i>					✓				✓	✓					
53	Himalayan Griffon	<i>Gyps himalayensis</i>													✓	✓	
54	Eurasian Griffon	<i>Gyps fulvus</i>													✓	✓	
55	Cinereous Vulture	<i>Aegypius monachus</i>										✓		✓	✓		
56	Red-headed Vulture	<i>Sarcogyps calvus</i>											✓				
57	Lammergeier	<i>Gypaetus barbatus</i>												✓		✓	
58	Short-toed Eagle	<i>Circaetus gallicus</i>										✓					
59	Crested Serpent-eagle	<i>Spilornis cheela</i>			✓							✓	✓	✓			
60	Eurasian Marsh Harrier	<i>Circus aeruginosus</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓										
61	Hen Harrier	<i>Circus cyaneus cyaneus</i>											✓				✓

	Common name	Scientific name	January														
			13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
62	Pallid Harrier	<i>Circus macrourus</i>					✓										
63	Crested Goshawk	<i>Accipiter trivigatus</i>													✓		
64	Shikra	<i>Accipiter badius</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓									✓
65	Besra	<i>Accipiter virgatus</i>					✓										
66	Eurasian Sparrowhawk	<i>Accipiter nisus</i>			✓					✓	✓						
67	Upland Buzzard	<i>Buteo hemilasius</i>													✓		
68	Black Eagle	<i>Ictinaetus malayensis</i>														✓	
69	Indian Spotted Eagle	<i>Aquila hastata</i>			✓												✓
70	Greater Spotted Eagle	<i>Aquila clanga</i>	✓		✓		✓							✓			
71	Tawny Eagle	<i>Aquila rapax</i>		✓													
72	Steppe Eagle	<i>Aquila nipalensis</i>			✓				✓					✓	✓	✓	✓
73	Imperial Eagle	<i>Aquila heliaca</i>			✓												
74	Bonelli's Eagle	<i>Aquila fasciatus</i>				✓											
75	Changeable Hawk-eagle	<i>Spizaetus cirrhatus</i>									✓	✓	✓				
76	Mountain Hawk-eagle	<i>Spizaetus nipalensis</i>								✓	✓	✓	✓				
77	Collared Falconet	<i>Microhierax caerulescens</i>								✓	✓	✓	✓				
78	Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>		✓											✓	✓	
79	Peregrine Falcon	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>						✓					✓		✓		
80	Shaheen Falcon	<i>Falco peregrinus peregrinator</i>												✓			
81	Red-necked Falcon	<i>Falco chicquera</i>			✓												
82	Black Francolin	<i>Francolinus francolinus</i>									✓	✓					
83	Grey Francolin	<i>Francolinus pondicerianus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓										
84	Blue-breasted Quail	<i>Coturnix chinensis</i>							✓								
85	Red Junglefowl	<i>Gallus gallus</i>								✓		✓	✓				
86	Kalij Pheasant	<i>Lophura leucomelanos</i>								✓		✓					
87	Indian Peafowl	<i>Pavo cristatus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓				✓
88	Sarus Crane	<i>Grus antigone</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓								✓
89	Brown Crake	<i>Amauornis akool</i>					✓										
90	White-breasted Waterhen	<i>Amauornis phoenicurus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓								✓
91	Indian Swamphen	<i>Porphyrio porphyrio poliocephalus</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓									
92	Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓								✓
93	Common Coot	<i>Fulica atra</i>	✓		✓		✓										✓

	Common name	Scientific name	January														
			13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
94	Pheasant-tailed Jacana	<i>Hydrophasianus chirurgus</i>					✓										
95	Bronze-winged Jacana	<i>Metopidius indicus</i>			✓	✓	✓										✓
96	Greater Painted-snipe	<i>Rostratula benghalensis</i>				✓	✓										
97	Black-winged Stilt	<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓								✓
98	Stone Curlew	<i>Burhinus oedicephalus</i>			✓		✓										
99	Great Thick-knee	<i>Burhinus recurvirostris</i>										✓					
100	Indian Courser	<i>Cursorius coromandelicus</i>					✓					✓					
101	Pied Avocet	<i>Recurvirostra avosetta</i>			✓		✓										
102	River Lapwing	<i>Vanellus duvaucellii</i>						✓				✓	✓	✓			
103	Yellow-wattled Lapwing	<i>Vanellus malabaricus</i>			✓	✓	✓										
104	Red-wattled Lapwing	<i>Vanellus indicus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				✓	✓			✓
105	White-tailed Lapwing	<i>Vanellus leucurus</i>		✓													
106	Grey-headed Lapwing	<i>Vanellus cinereus</i>					✓										
107	Little Plover	<i>Charadrius dubius</i>				✓											
108	Kentish Plover	<i>Charadrius alexandrinus</i>					✓										
109	Common Snipe	<i>Gallinago gallinago</i>				✓	✓										
110	Black-tailed Godwit	<i>Limosa limosa</i>	✓														
111	Spotted Redshank	<i>Tringa erythropus</i>				✓	✓										✓
112	Common Redshank	<i>Tringa totanus</i>		✓		✓	✓										✓
113	Marsh Sandpiper	<i>Tringa stagnatilis</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓						✓				
114	Common Greenshank	<i>Tringa nebularia</i>			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	✓				✓
115	Green Sandpiper	<i>Tringa ochropus</i>		✓		✓	✓						✓				✓
116	Wood Sandpiper	<i>Tringa glareola</i>	✓	✓		✓	✓										
117	Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>	✓			✓	✓					✓	✓	✓			✓
118	Little Stint	<i>Calidris minuta</i>					✓										
119	Temminck's Stint	<i>Calidris temminckii</i>				✓	✓	✓	✓								
120	Ruff	<i>Philomachus pugnax</i>			✓												✓
121	Caspian Gull	<i>Larus cachinnans</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓											✓
122	Pallas's Gull	<i>Larus ichthyæetus</i>						✓									
123	Black-headed Gull	<i>Larus ridibundus</i>															✓
124	Brown-headed Gull	<i>Larus brunnicephalus</i>															✓
125	River Tern	<i>Sterna aurantia</i>						✓				✓					

	Common name	Scientific name	January														
			13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
126	Rock Dove	<i>Columba livia</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
127	Oriental Turtle Dove	<i>Streptopelia orientalis</i>													✓		
128	Eurasian Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓								✓
129	Red Collared-dove	<i>Streptopelia tranquebarica</i>		✓		✓											
130	Spotted Dove	<i>Streptopelia chinensis</i>				✓				✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓
131	Laughing Dove	<i>Streptopelia senegalensis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓			✓			✓
132	Emerald Dove	<i>Chalcophaps indica</i>							✓			✓	✓				
133	Yellow-footed Pigeon	<i>Treron phoenicoptera</i>		✓	✓			✓									
134	Alexandrine Parakeet	<i>Psittacula eupatria</i>															✓
135	Rose-ringed Parakeet	<i>Psittacula krameri</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓				✓
136	Plum-headed Parakeet	<i>Psittacula cyanocephala</i>									✓	✓	✓				
137	Slaty-headed Parakeet	<i>Psittacula himalayana</i>								✓	✓	✓	✓				✓
138	Red-breasted Parakeet	<i>Psittacula alexandri</i>											✓				
139	Common Hawk Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus varius</i>	✓														
140	Asian Koel	<i>Eudynamys scolopacea</i>		✓													
141	Greater Coucal	<i>Centropus sinensis</i>					✓	✓		✓							
142	Indian Scops-owl	<i>Otus bakkamoena</i>					✓										
143	Dusky Eagle-owl	<i>Bubo coromandus</i>		✓	✓												
144	Brown Fish-owl	<i>Ketupa zeylonensis</i>							✓		✓	✓					
145	Tawny Fish-owl	<i>Ketupa flavipes</i>									✓						
146	Asian Barred Owlet	<i>Glaucidium cuculoides</i>										✓	✓	✓			
147	Jungle Owlet	<i>Glaucidium radiatum</i>									✓						
148	Spotted Owlet	<i>Athene brama</i>		✓	✓			✓	✓	✓							
149	Grey Nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus indicus</i>				✓											
150	Large-tailed Nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus macrurus</i>					✓			✓							
151	Himalayan Swiftlet	<i>Aerodramus brevirostris</i>							✓	✓			✓	✓			
152	White-rumped Spinetail	<i>Zoonavena sylvatica</i>											✓				
153	Asian Palm-swift	<i>Cypsiurus balasiensis</i>				✓											
154	Alpine Swift	<i>Tachymarptis melba</i>								✓							
155	Little Swift	<i>Apus affinis</i>				✓	✓	✓	✓	✓							
156	Crested Treeswift	<i>Hemiprocne coronata</i>							✓	✓	✓		✓				
157	Common Kingfisher	<i>Alcedo atthis</i>				✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		

	Common name	Scientific name	January														
			13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
158	Stork-billed kingfisher	<i>Pelargopsis capensis</i>									✓	✓	✓				
159	White-throated Kingfisher	<i>Halcyon smyrnensis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
160	Crested Kingfisher	<i>Megaceryle lugubris</i>						✓	✓		✓	✓	✓				
161	Pied Kingfisher	<i>Ceryle rudis</i>			✓	✓				✓		✓	✓	✓			
162	Green Bee-eater	<i>Merops orientalis</i>	✓	✓													✓
163	Indian Roller	<i>Coracias benghalensis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓								✓
164	Eurasian Hoopoe	<i>Upupa epops</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓									
165	Indian Grey Hornbill	<i>Ocyrceros birostris</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓								✓
166	Oriental Pied-hornbill	<i>Anthracceros albirostris</i>								✓							
167	Great Barbet	<i>Megalaima virens</i>												✓	✓	✓	✓
168	Brown-headed Barbet	<i>Megalaima zeylanica</i>			✓												
169	Lineated Barbet	<i>Megalaima lineata</i>								✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
170	Blue-throated Barbet	<i>Megalaima asiatica</i>										✓	✓	✓			
171	Coppersmith Barbet	<i>Megalaima haemacephala</i>	✓	✓	✓							✓	✓				
172	Eurasian Wryneck	<i>Jynx torquilla</i>										✓					
173	Brown-capped Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos moluccensis</i>			✓												✓
174	Grey-capped Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos canicapillus</i>							✓	✓	✓		✓		✓	✓	
175	Brown-fronted Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos auriceps</i>												✓	✓	✓	
176	Fulvous-breasted Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos macei</i>								✓	✓	✓	✓				
177	Yellow-crowned Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos mahrattensis</i>			✓	✓											
178	Rufous-bellied Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos hyperythrus</i>															✓
179	Himalayan Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos himalayensis</i>															✓
180	Rufous Woodpecker	<i>Celeus brachyurus</i>										✓					
181	Lesser Yellownape	<i>Picus chlorolophus</i>												✓			
182	Greater Yellownape	<i>Picus flavinucha</i>								✓		✓		✓	✓		
183	Scaly-bellied Woodpecker	<i>Picus squamatus</i>									✓						
184	Streak-throated woodpecker	<i>Picus Xanthopygaeus</i>									✓						
185	Grey-headed Woodpecker	<i>Picus canus</i>								✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓
186	Himalayan Flameback	<i>Dinopium shorii</i>							✓	✓	✓	✓					
187	Black-rumped Flameback	<i>Dinopium benghalense</i>		✓	✓					✓	✓	✓					
188	Great Slaty Woodpecker	<i>Mulleripicus pulverulentus</i>									✓	✓					
189	Ashy-crowned Sparrow-lark	<i>Eremopterix grisea</i>				✓											

	Common name	Scientific name	January														
			13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
190	Crested Lark	<i>Galerida cristata</i>				✓	✓										
191	Singing Bushlark	<i>Mirafra cantillans</i>					✓										
192	Rufous-tailed lark	<i>Ammomanes phoenicurus</i>					✓										
193	Greater short-toed Lark	<i>Calandrella brachydactyla</i>					✓										
194	Sand Martin	<i>Riparia riparia</i>		✓													
195	Plain Martin	<i>Riparia paludicola</i>	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓				✓
196	Eurasian Crag Martin	<i>Ptyonoprogne rupestris</i>												✓		✓	
197	Dusky Crag-martin	<i>Ptyonoprogne concolor</i>	✓					✓									
198	Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	✓		✓				✓		✓		✓				✓
199	Wire-tailed Swallow	<i>Hirundo smithii</i>						✓									✓
200	Red-rumped Swallow	<i>Cecropis daurica</i>				✓	✓		✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓
201	Nepal Martin	<i>Delichon nipalensis</i>									✓		✓				
202	White-browed Wagtail	<i>Motacilla maderaspatensis</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				✓
203	White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba leucopsis</i>		✓		✓			✓								
204	White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba baicalensis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓										✓
205	Masked Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba personata</i>		✓	✓	✓											
206	Citrine Wagtail	<i>Motacilla citreola</i>				✓	✓										
207	Yellow Wagtail	<i>Motacilla flava</i>					✓										
208	Grey Wagtail	<i>Motacilla cinerea</i>				✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
209	Oriental Pipit	<i>Anthus rufulus</i>				✓						✓	✓				
210	Richard's Pipit	<i>Anthus richardi</i>					✓										
211	Tawny Pipit	<i>Anthus campestris</i>				✓											
212	Long-billed Pipit	<i>Anthus similis</i>									✓						
213	Tree Pipit	<i>Anthus trivialis</i>		✓									✓				
214	Olive-backed Pipit	<i>Anthus hodgsoni</i>														✓	
215	Large Cuckoo-shrike	<i>Coracina macei</i>										✓					
216	Small Minivet	<i>Pericrocotus cinnamomeus</i>										✓					
217	Long-tailed Minivet	<i>Pericrocotus ethologus</i>								✓	✓	✓					
218	Scarlet Minivet	<i>Pericrocotus flammeus</i>								✓	✓						✓
219	Bar-winged Flycatcher-shrike	<i>Hemipus picatus</i>							✓	✓	✓		✓		✓		✓
220	Black-crested Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus melanicterus</i>										✓					
221	Red-whiskered Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus jocosus</i>										✓	✓				

	Common name	Scientific name	January															
			13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	
222	White-eared Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus leucotis</i>										✓	✓					
223	White-cheeked Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus leucogenys</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓											
224	Red-vented Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus cafer cafer</i>										✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓
225	Red-vented Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus cafer bengalensis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓								✓
226	Mountain Bulbul	<i>Ixos mccllellandii</i>												✓				
227	Ashy Bulbul	<i>Hemixos flavala</i>								✓	✓	✓						
228	Black Bulbul	<i>Hypsipetes leucocephalus</i>														✓	✓	
229	Golden-fronted Leafbird	<i>Chloropsis auriformis</i>									✓							
230	Orange-bellied Leafbird	<i>Chloropsis hardwickii</i>									✓							
231	Common Iora	<i>Aegithina tiphia</i>										✓		✓				
232	Brown Dipper	<i>Cinclus pallasii</i>										✓						
233	Rufous-breasted Accentor	<i>Prunella strophiatea</i>												✓	✓			
234	Altai Accentor	<i>Prunella himalayana</i>															✓	
235	Blue Whistling-thrush	<i>Myophonus caeruleus</i>							✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
236	Chestnut-bellied Rock-Thrush	<i>Monticola rufiventris</i>									✓			✓				
237	Scaly Thrush	<i>Zoothera dauma</i>												✓				
238	Plain-backed Thrush	<i>Zoothera mollissima</i>		✓				✓										
239	Orange-headed Thrush	<i>Zoothera citrina</i>			✓		✓											
240	Grey-winged Blackbird	<i>Turdus boulboul</i>								✓								
241	Dark-throated Thrush	<i>Turdus ruficollis</i>										✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
242	Zitting Cisticola	<i>Cisticola juncidis</i>										✓						
243	Golden-headed Cisticola	<i>Cisticola exilis</i>										✓						
244	Striated Prinia	<i>Prinia criniger</i>								✓					✓			✓
245	Grey-breasted Prinia	<i>Prinia hodgsonii</i>				✓				✓	✓	✓		✓				✓
246	Ashy Prinia	<i>Prinia socialis</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓					✓	✓	✓				
247	Plain Prinia	<i>Prinia inornata</i>			✓	✓	✓											
248	Chestnut-headed Tesia	<i>Tesia castaneocoronata</i>											✓	✓				
249	Aberrant Bush-warbler	<i>Cettia flavolivacea</i>												✓				
250	Blyth's Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus dumetorum</i>			✓	✓			✓									
251	Clamorous Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus stentoreus</i>				✓												
252	Great Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus arundinaceus</i>			✓	✓												
253	Common Tailorbird	<i>Orthotomus sutorius</i>			✓	✓	✓						✓					

	Common name	Scientific name	January														
			13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
254	Common Chiffchaff	<i>Phylloscopus collybita</i>			✓		✓							✓	✓		
255	Dusky Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus fuscatus</i>												✓	✓		
256	Smoky Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus fuligiventer</i>													✓		
257	Tickell's Leaf-warbler	<i>Phylloscopus affinis</i>											✓				
258	Sulphur-bellied Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus griseolus</i>				✓											
259	Buff-barred Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus pulcher</i>											✓	✓	✓		
260	Ashy-throated Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus maculipennis</i>													✓		
261	Pale-rumped Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus chloronotus</i>											✓	✓	✓		
262	Hume's Leaf Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus humei</i>			✓	✓						✓		✓	✓	✓	
263	Greenish Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus trochiloides</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓							✓	✓	✓	
264	Western Crowned Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus occipitalis</i>							✓	✓							
265	Blyth's Leaf Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus reguloides</i>															✓
266	Golden-spectacled Warbler	<i>Seicercus burkii</i>							✓						✓		
267	Whistler's Warbler	<i>Seicercus whistleri</i>			✓				✓						✓		
268	Grey-hooded Warbler	<i>Seicercus xanthoschistus</i>							✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
269	Lesser Whitethroat	<i>Sylvia curruca</i>			✓	✓	✓								✓		✓
270	Asian Brown Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa dauurica</i>									✓						
271	Rusty-tailed Flycatcher	<i>Muscicaparuficauda</i>												✓		✓	
272	Rufous-gorgeted Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula strophiatea</i>								✓				✓			
273	Red-breasted Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula parva</i>			✓	✓	✓										
274	Red-throated Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula</i>								✓							
275	Slaty-blue Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula tricolor</i>								✓					✓		
276	Verditer Flycatcher	<i>Eumyias thalassina</i>											✓				
277	Little Pied Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula westermanni</i>								✓							
278	Small Niltava	<i>Niltava macgrigoriae</i>													✓		
279	Rufous-bellied Niltava	<i>Niltava sundara</i>								✓	✓				✓		
280	Tickell's Blue flycatcher	<i>Cyornis tickelliae</i>				✓										✓	
281	Grey-headed Canary-flycatcher	<i>Culicicapa ceylonensis</i>			✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				
282	Bluethroat	<i>Luscinia svecica</i>			✓	✓	✓										
283	Red-flanked Bluetail	<i>Tarsiger cyanurus</i>														✓	✓
284	Oriental Magpie-robin	<i>Copsychus saularis</i>			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓				✓	✓
285	Indian Robin	<i>Saxicoloides fulicata</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓									✓

	Common name	Scientific name	January														
			13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
286	Blue-capped Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus caeruleocephalus</i>													✓	✓	
287	Black Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus ochruros</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓										
288	Blue-fronted Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus frontalis</i>													✓		
289	White-capped Redstart	<i>Chaimarrornis leucocephalus</i>								✓	✓	✓		✓		✓	✓
290	Plumbeous Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus fuliginosus</i>								✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
291	Little Forktail	<i>Enicurus scouleri</i>								✓							
292	Spotted Forktail	<i>Enicurus maculatus</i>									✓		✓				
293	Siberian Stonechat	<i>Saxicola maura</i>		✓	✓	✓					✓	✓	✓		✓		✓
294	Pied Bushchat	<i>Saxicola caprata</i>		✓		✓	✓										
295	Grey Bushchat	<i>Saxicola ferrea</i>									✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	
296	Indian Chat	<i>Cercomela fusca</i>			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓							✓
297	Yellow-bellied Fantail	<i>Rhipidura hypoxantha</i>										✓	✓		✓	✓	
298	White-throated Fantail	<i>Rhipidura albicollis</i>								✓	✓			✓			
299	White-throated Laughingthrush	<i>Garrulax albogularis</i>															✓
300	White-crested Laughingthrush	<i>Garrulax leucolophus</i>									✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	
301	Striated Laughingthrush	<i>Garrulax striatus</i>													✓	✓	
302	Streaked Laughingthrush	<i>Garrulax lineatus</i>												✓	✓	✓	
303	Rusty-cheeked Scimitar-babbler	<i>Pomatorhinus erythrogenys</i>											✓	✓	✓		
304	Black-chinned Babbler	<i>Stachyris pyrrhops</i>								✓	✓						
305	Yellow-eyed Babbler	<i>Chrysomma sinense</i>				✓											
306	Common Babbler	<i>Turdoides caudatus</i>				✓											
307	Large Grey Babbler	<i>Turdoides malcolmi</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓								✓
308	Jungle Babbler	<i>Turdoides striatus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓		✓
309	Nepal Wren Babbler	<i>Pnoepyga immaculata</i>													✓		
310	Red-billed Leiothrix	<i>Leiothrix lutea</i>												✓			
311	White-browed Shrike-babbler	<i>Pteruthinus flaviscapris</i>													✓		
312	Blue-winged Minla	<i>Minla cyanouroptera</i>										✓			✓		
313	White-browed Fulvetta	<i>Alcippe vinipectus</i>										✓					
314	Rufous Sibia	<i>Heterophasia capistrata</i>												✓		✓	
315	Whiskered Yuhina	<i>Yuhina flavicollis</i>												✓			
316	Black-throated Tit	<i>Aegithalos concinnus</i>											✓	✓	✓	✓	
317	Black-crested Tit	<i>Periparus melanolophus</i>													✓	✓	

	Common name	Scientific name	January														
			13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
318	Great Tit	<i>Parus major</i>								✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	✓
319	Green-backed Tit	<i>Parus monticolus</i>											✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
320	Black-lored Tit	<i>Parus xanthogenys</i>								✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	
321	Yellow-browed Tit	<i>Sylviparus modestus</i>															✓
322	Chestnut-bellied Nuthatch	<i>Sitta castanea</i>								✓	✓	✓		✓	✓		
323	White-tailed Nuthatch	<i>Sitta himalayensis</i>											✓		✓	✓	
324	Velvet-fronted Nuthatch	<i>Sitta frontalis</i>									✓	✓	✓	✓			
325	Bar-tailed Treecreeper	<i>Certhia himalayana</i>								✓				✓	✓	✓	
326	Rusty-flanked Treecreeper	<i>Certhia nipalensis</i>													✓		
327	Purple Sunbird	<i>Cinnyris asiaticus</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓				✓						
328	Green-tailed Sunbird	<i>Aethopyga nipalensis</i>															✓
329	Crimson-sunbird	<i>Aethopyga siparaja</i>								✓	✓						
330	Pale-billed Flowerpecker	<i>Dicaeum erythrorhynchos</i>														✓	
331	Oriental White-eye	<i>Zosterops palpebrosus</i>		✓						✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
332	Black-hooded Oriole	<i>Oriolus xanthornus</i>										✓	✓	✓			
333	Isabelline Shrike	<i>Lanius isabellinus</i>					✓										
334	Brown Shrike	<i>Lanius cristatus</i>			✓												
335	Long-tailed Shrike	<i>Lanius schach</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓				✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓
336	Large Woodshrike	<i>Tephrodornis gularis</i>									✓	✓	✓				
337	Common Woodshrike	<i>Tephrodornis pondicerianus</i>			✓												
338	Black Drongo	<i>Dicrurus macrocercus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓				✓
339	Ashy Drongo	<i>Dicrurus leucophaeus</i>			✓												
340	Bronzed Drongo	<i>Dicrurus aeneus</i>								✓	✓	✓		✓			✓
341	Lesser Racket-tailed Drongo	<i>Dicrurus remifer</i>										✓					
342	Hair-crested Drongo	<i>Dicrurus hottentottus</i>									✓						
343	Eurasian Jay	<i>Garrulus glandarius</i>															✓
344	Black-headed Jay	<i>Garrulus lanceolatus</i>												✓	✓	✓	
345	Blue Magpie	<i>Urocissa erythrorhyncha</i>									✓		✓		✓	✓	✓
346	Green Magpie	<i>Cissa chinensis</i>										✓					
347	Rufous Treepie	<i>Dendrocitta vagabunda</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓				✓
348	Grey Treepie	<i>Dendrocitta formosae</i>										✓			✓		
349	House Crow	<i>Corvus splendens</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓				✓

	Common name	Scientific name	January														
			13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
350	Jungle Crow	<i>Corvus (machrorhynchos) culminatus</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓								✓	
351	Large-billed Crow	<i>Corvus (macrorhynchos) japonensis</i>							✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
352	Bank Myna	<i>Acridotheres ginginianus</i>	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓							✓	
353	Common Myna	<i>Acridotheres tristis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
354	Asian Pied Starling	<i>Gracupica contra</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓					✓	
355	Brahminy Starling	<i>Temenuchus pagodarum</i>			✓	✓	✓	✓								✓	
356	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
357	Russet Sparrow	<i>Passer rutilans</i>											✓	✓	✓		
358	Chestnut-shouldered Petronia	<i>Petronia xanthocollis</i>			✓	✓	✓										
359	Baya Weaver	<i>Poleceus philippinus</i>			✓												
360	Black-breasted Weaver	<i>Poleceus benghalensis</i>				✓											
361	Red Avadavat	<i>Amandava amandava</i>				✓											
362	Nutmeg Mannikin	<i>Lonchura punctulata</i>									✓		✓				
363	Indian Silverbill	<i>Lonchura malabarica</i>				✓										✓	
364	Dark-breasted Rosefinch	<i>Carpodacus nipalensis</i>														✓	
365	Common Rosefinch	<i>Carpodacus erythrinus</i>			✓								✓				
366	Yellow-breasted Greenfinch	<i>Carduelis spinoides</i>										✓				✓	
367	Rock Bunting	<i>Emberiza cia</i>											✓			✓	
368	Red-headed Bunting	<i>Emberiza bruniceps</i>			✓												
369	White-capped bunting	<i>Emberiza stewarti</i>				✓											
370	Bay-backed Shrike	<i>Lanius vittatus</i>			✓											✓	
371	White-bellied Yuhina	<i>Yuhina zantholeuca</i>									✓						
372	Black-faced Warbler	<i>Abroscopus schisticeps</i>														✓	
373	Desert Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe deserti</i>				✓											
374	Isabeline Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe isabellina</i>				✓											

Mammals

1	Rhesus Macaque	<i>Macaca mulatta</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
2	Hanuman Langur	<i>Semnopithecus entellus</i>				✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
3	Indian Grey Mongoose	<i>Herpestes edwardsi</i>				✓											
4	Ruddy Mongoose	<i>Herpestes</i>				✓											
5	Jackal	<i>Canis aureus</i>			✓				✓								

	Common name	Scientific name	January															
			13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	
6	Yellow-throated Marten	<i>Martes flavigula</i>												✓				
7	House Mouse	<i>Mus musculus</i>							✓									
8	Indian Flying Fox	<i>Pteropus giganteus</i>				✓												
9	Indian Pipistrelle	<i>Pipistrellus coromandra</i>			✓					✓								
10	Theobald's Tomb Bat	<i>Taphozous theobaldi</i>								✓								
11	Five-striped Palm Squirrel	<i>Funambulus pennantii</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓									
12	Indian Hare	<i>Lepus nigricollis</i>										✓						
13	Nilgai	<i>Boselaphus tragocamelus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓								
14	Hog Deer	<i>Axis porcinus</i>										✓	✓					
15	Sambar	<i>Cervus unicolor</i>			✓						✓	✓	✓	✓				
16	Spotted Deer	<i>Axis axis</i>			✓		✓			✓	✓	✓	✓					
17	Indian Muntjac	<i>Muntiacus muntjak</i>									✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	
18	Wild Boar	<i>Sus scrofa</i>			✓							✓	✓	✓				
19	Jungle Cat	<i>Felis chaus</i>									✓							
20	Ghoral															✓	✓	✓
21	Smooth-coated Otter	<i>Lutrogale perspicillata</i>											✓	✓	✓			
22	Ganges River Dolphin	<i>Platanista gangetica gangetica</i>																✓

Reptiles

1	Marsh Crocodile	<i>Crocodylus palustris</i>										✓	✓	✓				
2	Gharial	<i>Gavialis gangeticus</i>										✓	✓	✓				
3	Flap-shell Turtle	<i>Lissemys punctata</i>					✓											
4	Indian Softshell Turtle	<i>Aspideretes gangeticus</i>					✓											
5	Rock Agama	<i>Psammophilus dorsalis</i>															✓	
6	Monitor Lizard	<i>Varanus bengalensis</i>			✓													