

Northern India & Himalayan Foothills

Naturetrek Tour Report

18 January - 3 February 2008

Report compiled by Manoj Sharma



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Introduction

‘Northern India and Himalayan foothills’ is a Naturetrek tour that focuses on the rich avifauna of the famous north Indian birding destinations of Okhla Bird Sanctuary, Keoladeo National Park better known as Bharatpur (name of the nearby town), Corbett National Park and Nainital. There are visits to the cultural attractions of Fatehpur Sikri, Agra Fort and the Taj Mahal, since we drive through Agra while travelling between birding locations. Highlights of the trip included Koklass Pheasant, Cheer Pheasant, Tawny Fish Owl, Ibisbill, Indian Skimmer, Lammergeyer, Pied Harrier, Siberian Rubythroat, Hodgson’s Bushchat, White-tailed Stonechat, Wallcreeper and Black-throated Accentor. Among the mammals and reptiles seen on the tour were Tiger, Asian Elephant, Smooth Otter, Indian Porcupine, Indian Rock Python, Marsh Crocodile and Fish-eating Crocodile (Gharial). A total of 376 species of birds, 23 species of mammals and five species of reptiles were recorded.

Weather

Delhi was foggy, windy and partly sunny with temperatures ranging from 12 to 20°C. Bharatpur was very cold with clear and sometimes overcast weather and temperatures dipped to 5°C on 22nd January. At Corbett National Park it was, as expected, cold clear and sometimes hazy – misty in the mornings at Dhikala and occasionally windy, with a minimum temperature of 4°C on 28th January. Nainital was very cold but mostly sunny, with occasional overcast conditions and temperatures ranging from 2 to 20°C.

Day 0**Friday 18th January**

Travelled from the UK

Day 1**Saturday 19th January****New Delhi, Okhla Bird Sanctuary**

Tour leaders met the group at Indira Gandhi International Airport, Delhi, and drove for an hour to Hotel City Park. Thomas and Anne had arrived a day ahead of the rest of the group and joined the group at the hotel. After a quick lunch we drove for an hour and half to Okhla Bird Sanctuary. Birding from the Yamuna barrage and at the bund nearby for two hours proved very fruitful. We had a chance to get familiar with the common birds of the northern Indian wetlands. Some of the highlights were Little, Indian and Great Cormorants, Grey and Purple Heron, Black-crowned Night Heron, Painted Stork (in flight), Black-headed and Glossy Ibis, Greylag and Bar-headed Goose and Ruddy Shelduck.

We also saw various waterfowl, including the endemic Indian Spotbill Duck and various waders – Pied Avocet, Caspian and Black-headed Gulls, Common and White-throated Kingfishers, Brown Shrike, Ashy and Yellow-bellied Prinias, and Red Avadavet. A small Indian Mongoose was seen on the steps of the bund close to the barrage at Yamuna River. Five-striped Palm Squirrels were seen in good numbers. One-night stay at Claridges Hotel, New Delhi.

Day 2**Sunday 20th January****Delhi, Okhla Bird Sanctuary & drive to Bharatpur**

We left the hotel after an early breakfast and drove for an hour to Okhla Bird Sanctuary. Today we visited the famous Temple Bund of the sanctuary, a place known for the bird specialties of the area. We were lucky to spot Striated Babbler and White-tailed Stonechat, because it would not be possible to see them elsewhere on the tour. Other new bird species recorded here were: Black Ibis, Shikra, White-eyed Buzzard, Temminck's Stint, Yellow-legged Green Pigeon, Laughing Dove, Greater Coucal, Crested Lark, Long-tailed Shrike, Eurasian Starling, Jungle Crow, Plain Prinia, Blyth's Reed Warbler, Greenish Warbler, Bluethroat, Siberian Stonechat, Pied Bushchat, Indian Robin, Paddyfield and Tawny Pipits, White Wagtail of *personata* race, and White-throated Munia.

After a 3-hour birding session we drove to the nearby Chor Bizarre restaurant for lunch. Thereafter we drove for five hours to Bharatpur with a stop at Kosi where a pair of 'the very elegant' Sarus Cranes were observed landing a mere 50 metres from us. Rhesus Macaque and Nilgai were the new mammals seen today. We stayed overnight at our hotel, the Laxmi Vilas Palace, Bharatpur.

Day 3**Monday 21st January****Keoladeo National Park, Bharatpur**

After an early breakfast, we drove to the nursery close to the barrier inside Keoladeo National Park for the morning session of birding.

Grey Nightjar was the first of the local specialties to be seen. Among other interesting birds found here were: Montagu's Harrier coming to drink from a small pool of water, Common Quail, Spotted Owlet, Green Barbet, Black-rumped Flameback, Ashy Drongo, Brahminy Starling, Red-breasted, Taiga, Verditer and Grey-headed Canary Flycatchers, Hume's Yellow-browed Warbler, Magpie Robin, Black Redstart, Orange-headed Thrush and Olive-backed Pipit. On the way back to the hotel for lunch we stopped at the nursery opposite the park gate to observe the Brown Hawk Owl.

After lunch we drove back to the barrier and took a rickshaw ride to the Keoladeo Temple. From here we did an hour's birding on foot. Various new and interesting species were encountered here and these included Black-necked Stork, Oriental Honey Buzzard, Black-winged Kite, Indian Spotted, Short-toed and Crested Serpent Eagles, Indian Courser, White-tailed Lapwing, Spotted Redshank, Marsh Sandpiper, Greenshank, Painted Sandgrouse, Red Turtle Dove, Indian Scops and Dusky Eagle Owl, Wryneck, Yellow-crowned Woodpecker, Rufous-tailed Lark, Southern Grey, Bay-backed and Isabelline Shrikes and Red-headed Bunting. In the evening several Brown Rock Chats were seen perched on the hotel building. Jackal, Sambar, Spotted Deer, Indian Wild Boar and Short-nosed Fruit Bat were the new mammal species recorded during the day and the very fascinating Indian Rock Python was recorded as the first reptile of the trip. Stayed overnight at hotel – Laxmi Vilas Palace, Bharatpur.

Day 4

Tuesday 22nd January

Bund Baratha

Today we left with a packed lunch for a full day's excursion to Bund Baratha (a reservoir which gets its name from the nearby village of Baratha). Situated at a distance of 40 km from the village, one reaches the Bund by driving through the remote north Indian rural landscape. A stop at the irrigation department inspection bungalow was an opportunity to inspect the resident colony of Indian Flying Foxes that roosts in the ficus trees. Thereafter, we drove up to the dam and visited the ruined hunting palace situated on a small hillock overlooking the reservoir.

Highlights of the day included all cormorant species including Oriental Darter, all Egret species, Asian Openbill, Cotton Pygmy-goose, Red-crested and Ferruginous Pochards, Tufted Duck, Comb Duck, Eurasian Sparrowhawk, Indian Vulture, a possible Lesser Kestrel, Jungle Bush Quail, Brown Crake, Brown-winged and Pheasant-tailed Jacanas, Little Ringed Plover, River Tern, Indian Skimmer, Little and Palm Swifts, Pied and Common Kingfishers, Ashy-crowned Sparrow Lark, Small Minivet, White-cheeked Bulbul, Yellow-eyed, Common and Large Grey Babblers, Tickell's Blue Flycatcher, Grey-breasted Prinia, Sulphur-bellied Warbler, Olivious Leaf Warbler, Desert Wheatear, European Tree Pipit, Grey Wagtail, Oriental White-eye and White-capped Bunting. Among the mammal species observed during the day were Hanuman Langur and Indian Hare. Overnight at our hotel – Laxmi Vilas Palace, Bharatpur.

Day 5

Wednesday 23rd January

Keoladeo National Park & nearby water bodies

Today we visited Keoladeo National Park in the morning and checked out some water bodies outside the park during the post-lunch session.

Small-billed Scaly Thrush, seen at the nursery close to the barrier inside the park, was the highlight of the day. New species, among other birds seen, were: Besra, Red-headed Vulture, Barred Button Quail, Kentish Plover, Little Stint, Bright Green Warbler and White Wagtail of *baicalensis* race.

Indian Grey Mongoose and House Mouse were new mammals seen today. A new reptilian addition today was the Indian Flapshell Turtle.

Night at Laxmi Vilas Palace, Bharatpur.

Day 6

Thursday 24th January

Agra

After an early breakfast we drove for 30 minutes to the ruined city of Fatehpur Sikri for sightseeing. After spending an hour and half looking at the magnificent buildings of the ruined city and recording Theobalt's Tomb Bat as a new mammal for the trip, we drove for another hour and half to see the grand Red Fort of Agra.

We made a quick visit for lunch before we found ourselves at India's (possibly the world's) most beautiful building, the Taj Mahal. We spent a couple of hours at the great monument and some time looking for birds in the gardens of Taj Mahal and on the River Yamuna behind the monument. New additions today were Woolly-necked Stork, White-backed Vulture and River Lapwing.

In the evening we used rooms at the hotel Mughal Sheraton for a wash and change, followed by dinner at Only. Then we drove for an hour and half to Mathura railway station to board a train for our overnight journey to Lal Quan.

Day 7

Friday 25th January

Lal Quan to Ramnagar & Kumerian

We reached Lal Quan at 8.30am and drove for 30 minutes to our breakfast stop, Woodpecker restaurant at Kathgodam. After that we birded our way to Kosi barrage at Ramnagar to look for Wallcreeper. We were rewarded with great views of this species, which is generally seen feeding on the walls of the barrage. From here we shifted to 4x4 jeeps and continued our birding till we reached our lodge at Kumerian.

Post-lunch birding was restricted to the wonderful habitat near the lodge and we took a trail to the Kosi River below the lodge. The day's birding included: Changeable Hawk, Tawny and Steppe Eagle, Himalayan Griffon, Eurasian Thick Knee, Jungle Owlet, White-rumped Needletail, Crested Treeswift, Crested Kingfisher, Green and Blue-tailed Bee-eaters, Great Barbet, Lineated Barbet, Grey-headed, Fulvous-breasted, Grey-capped Pygmy and Brown-capped Pygmy Woodpecker, Large-billed Crow, Black-hooded Oriole, Spangled and Bronzed Drongos, Bar-winged Flycatcher Shrike, Scarlet and Long-tailed Minivets, Orange-bellied Leafbird, Himalayan Bulbul, Rufous-bellied Niltava, Yellow-bellied and Black-throated Fantails, Grey-hooded Warbler, Plumbeous and White-capped Water Redstarts, Grey Bushchat, Blue Whistling Thrush, Grey, Black-lored Tits, Velvet-fronted Nuthatch, Bar-tailed Tree Creeper and White Wagtail (of *leucopsis* race). Overnight stay at the hotel Quality Inn, Kumerian.

Day 8

Saturday 26th January

Kumerian

We left our lodge after a very early breakfast, in search of the elusive Ibisbill and were rewarded with fantastic views of a bird sunning itself in midstream at Sundarkhal. We spent the next five hours birding between Mohan and Saural where we came across Spotted Forktail and Scaly-breasted Wren-babbler in a steep stream.

After lunch, birding was restricted to the areas around the lodge and included a trail in a well-wooded stream nearby for some very exciting birding that produced Long-billed Thrush. John found himself to be unfit to negotiate the trail and stayed back; Liz also stayed along. Later on, John asked the tour leaders if a risk assessment of difficult trails was done in India. To his surprise, tour leaders were not aware of the concept because it is something that is unheard of in India.

The day's birding produced Mountain Hawk Eagle, a nesting pair of Pallas's Fish Eagle, Black Francolin, Red Jungle Fowl, Slaty-headed and Red-breasted Parakeets, Tawny Fish Owl, Alpine Swift, Blue-throated Barbet, a massive flock of Nepal House Martins, Red-billed Blue Magpie, Black Bulbul, Black-chinned Babbler, White-crested Laughingthrush, Rufous-gorgetted and Slaty-blue Flycatchers, Small Niltava, Lemon-rumped and Whistler's Warblers, Black-throated Sunbird and Common Rosefinch. Indian Muntjac was a new mammal recorded for the trip today. Overnight stay at our hotel, the Quality Inn, Kumerian.

Day 9

Sunday 27th January

Kumerian & Dhikala

Today morning we took a walk to the river below the lodge to check up some of the specialities that had eluded us and were rewarded with wonderful views of Brown Dipper and Little Forktail. Thereafter we left for a drive to Dhikala, situated inside Corbett Tiger Reserve. Post lunch activities included game-drive for some group members and elephant ride for the rest. Birds seen during the day included Black Stork, Cinereous Vulture, Pied Harrier, Osprey, Collared Falconet, Kaleej Pheasant, Lesser Coucal, Brown Fish Owl, Long-tailed Nightjar, Himalayan Swiftlet, Oriental Pied Hornbill, Streak-throated Woodpecker, Greater Flameback, Red-whiskered Bulbul, Black-throated Sunbird, Chestnut-eared Bunting and Green Magpie. New mammals seen today included Tiger, Asian Elephant and Smooth Indian Otter. We stayed the night at Dhikala forest complex, Corbett Tiger Reserve.

Day 10

Monday 28th January

Dhikala

An elephant ride was organised this morning for those who were not able to have one yesterday; the rest of us went out in the jeeps. After breakfast, the whole of the group took a game-drive and this was repeated after lunch. New species recorded today were: White-tailed Eagle, Lesser Fish Eagle, Hen Harrier, Spotted Dove, Rufous Woodpecker, Lesser Yellownap, Himalayan Flameback, Oriental Skylark, Large Cuckooshrike, Common Iora, Rusty-cheeked Scimitar Babbler, Zitting and Bright-headed Cisticolas, Black-throated Thrush, Pin-tailed Pigeon and Hodgson's Bushchat. Mammals seen today included an 'early-morning-surprised' Indian Porcupine, and Hog Deer. We stayed the night at Dhikala forest complex, Corbett Tiger Reserve.

Day 11

Tuesday 29th January

Dhikala & drive to Nainital

This morning we took a game drive around Dhikala before starting our journey towards Nainital, situated at an elevation of 2,100m. On the way we stopped for lunch at Tiger Camp hotel. We arrived at Nainital when it had started turning dark. It took us more than an hour to travel the last 1km, since the hotel was situated on a very steep hill and only small vehicles could negotiate the narrow road. The hotel had provided vehicles for the transfers, but these had to move many times between the bus and the hotel to transfer the whole group and our luggage. John was breathless, choked and uncomfortable; it turned out he could not handle Nainital due to his asthma, so a doctor was contacted by telephone and medicine was organised, following the doctor's telephone prescription.

Birding for the day produced Brown-eared Bulbul, Tickell's Leaf Warbler, Chestnut-bellied Rock Thrush, Grey-winged Blackbird, Large-billed Pipit, White-bellied Erpornis, Slender-billed Vulture and Lesser Racket-tailed Drongo. Overnight at Naini Retreat, Nainital.

Day 12

Wednesday 30th January

Snow-view Ridge, High Fields

We took a walk around the lodge in the morning, followed by a walk on the Snow-view ridge. After lunch we took a walk in the High Fields. John and Liz stayed back as John was unable to walk around. They took a walk close to the town's southern boundary and saw flocks of Black-and-Yellow Grosbeaks.

Interesting species observed today included Hill Pigeon, Oriental Turtle Dove, Asian Barred Owlet, Greater Yellow-nape, Himalayan Pied Woodpecker, Eurasian Jay, Mountain Bulbul, White-throated, Striated and Streaked Laughingthrushs, Rufous Sibia, Striated Prinia, Buff-barred Warbler, Orange-flanked and Golden Bush Robins, Blue-headed and Blue-capped Redstarts, White-collared Blackbird, Altai and Rufous-breasted Accentors, Green-backed, Spot-winged and Black-throated Tits, White-tailed Nuthatch, Russet Sparrow, Pink-browed Rosefinch and Rock Bunting. We saw a goral, which was a new mammal species for today. We spent the night at Naini Retreat, Nainital.

Day 13

Thursday 31st January

Sattal

We spent the whole day at Sattal except for half an hour in the morning and an hour in the evening – the last 1km-commute between the bus and the lodge. John and Liz could not join us due to John's health.

Interesting birds seen for the day were: Rufous-bellied Hawk Eagle, Brown-fronted Woodpecker, Black-throated Jay, Rufous-chinned Laughingthrush, Red-billed Leothrix, Blue-winged Minla, Siberian Rubythroat, Black-throated Accentor and Yellow-breasted Greenfinch. A Yellow Throated Marten was a new Mammal recorded today. We spent the night at Naini Retreat, Nainital.

Day 14

Friday 1st February

Mongoli Valley, Snow-view Point

Today we explored Mongoli Valley, Snow-view Point on Kilbury road and some of the group members explored the local market of Nainital. Finds of the day were Koklass Pheasant, Eurasian Woodcock, Speckled Wood Pigeon, Chestnut-headed Tesia, Aberrant Bush Warbler, Dusky Warbler and Dark-breasted Rosefinch. But the highlight of the day was the one jeep, with a seating capacity of six persons, provided by the lodge for our commute between the bus and lodge. It takes half an hour to do one round and hence it took the nineteen of us, a little less than an hour and a half to reach our lunch.

Day 15

Saturday 2nd February

Drive to New Delhi

We started early in the morning from the lodge, as usual spending more than an hour to reach our bus, and left for New Delhi. We stopped for 20 minutes looking for the Cheer Pheasant and were lucky enough to find a pair. We stopped at Kaladhungi for some birding and again at a restaurant close to Rudrapur for our lunch. The drive today took a very long time – we discovered that our driver, who had been driving very well in the hills, was a novice when it came to driving on the highway. While entering Delhi, he took a wrong turn, making the matters worse and spending the next hour and a half finding his way back. It took us 13 hours to reach Ashok Country Resort where the group was to stay for the night. New species of birds observed today were Greater Racket-tailed Drongo, Pale-billed Flowerpecker, Wire-tailed Swallow, Golden-fronted Leafbird and Puff-throated Babbler. Overnight stay at the Ashok Country Resort, New Delhi.

Day 16

Sunday 3rd February

Return travel to the UK

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Species Lists

Birds

	Common name	Scientific name	January/February														
			19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	1	2
1	Little Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>	#	#	#	#	#	#									
2	Indian Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax fuscicollis</i>	#	#		#	#	#									
3	Great Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>	#	#		#	#	#	#		#	#	#				#
4	Little Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax niger</i>	#	#		#	#	#	#				#				#
5	Darter	<i>Anhinga melanogaster</i>				#	#					#					
6	Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>	#	#	#	#	#	#			#	#					
7	Purple Heron	<i>Ardea purpurea</i>	#	#		#	#				#						
8	Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>	#	#	#	#	#	#			#	#					#
9	Intermediate Egret	<i>Egretta intermedia</i>		#	#	#	#	#			#	#					#
10	Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>		#		#	#	#	#		#	#	#				#
11	Indian Pond-heron	<i>Ardeola grayii</i>	#	#	#	#	#	#	#		#	#	#				#
12	Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>	#	#	#	#	#	#	#				#				#
13	Black-crowned Night Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>	#				#									#	
14	Painted Stork	<i>Mycteria leucocephala</i>	#	#	#												
15	Asian Openbill	<i>Anastomus oscitans</i>				#											
16	Black Stork	<i>Ciconia nigra</i>									#	#	#				
17	Woolly-necked Stork	<i>Ciconia episcopus</i>						#			#	#	#				#
18	Black-necked Stork	<i>Ephippiorhynchus asiaticus</i>			#						#	#					
19	Black-headed Ibis	<i>Threskiornis melanocephalus</i>	#		#	#	#										
20	Red-naped Ibis	<i>Pseudibis papillosa</i>		#													
21	Glossy Ibis	<i>Plegadis falcinellus</i>	#	#		#	#										
22	Eurasian Spoonbill	<i>Platalea leucorodia</i>	#		#	#	#	#									
23	Greater Flamingo	<i>Phoenicopterus roseus</i>	#														
24	Greylag Goose	<i>Anser anser</i>	#	#		#											
25	Bar-headed Goose	<i>Anser indicus</i>	#	#	#	#	#										
26	Ruddy Shelduck	<i>Tadorna ferruginea</i>	#	#	#	#	#	#	#				#				
27	Comb Duck	<i>Sarkidiornis melanotos</i>				#	#	#									
28	Cotton Pygmy-goose	<i>Nettapus coromandelianus</i>				#											
29	Eurasian Wigeon	<i>Anas penelope</i>	#	#		#											

	Common name	Scientific name	January/February														
			19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	1	2
30	Gadwall	<i>Anas strepera</i>	#	#		#											
31	Common Teal	<i>Anas crecca</i>	#	#		#						#	#				
32	Spot-billed Duck	<i>Anas poecilorhyncha</i>	#	#	#	#	#										
33	Northern Pintail	<i>Anas acuta</i>	#	#		#											
34	Garganey	<i>Anas querquedula</i>	#			#											
35	Northern Shoveler	<i>Anas clypeata</i>	#	#		#											
36	Red-crested Pochard	<i>Netta rufina</i>				#						#				#	
37	Common Pochard	<i>Aythya ferina</i>	#			#											
38	Ferruginous Duck	<i>Aythya nyroca</i>				#											
39	Tufted Duck	<i>Aythya fuligula</i>	#			#											
40	Osprey	<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>										#	#				
41	Oriental Honey-buzzard	<i>Pernis ptilorhynchus</i>			#	#										#	
42	Black-shouldered Kite	<i>Elanus caeruleus</i>			#	#	#	#	#		#	#	#	#			
43	Black Kite	<i>Milvus migrans</i>	#	#	#			#	#				#	#	#		#
44	Black-eared Kite	<i>Milvus migrans lineatus</i>	#					#	#	#							
45	Pallas' Fish-eagle	<i>Haliaeetus leucoryphus</i>								#	#	#	#				
46	White-tailed Sea-eagle	<i>Haliaeetus albicilla</i>										#	#				
47	Lesser Fish-eagle	<i>Ichthyophaga humilis</i>										#	#				
48	Lammergeier	<i>Gypaetus barbatus</i>												#		#	
49	Egyptian Vulture	<i>Neophron percnopterus</i>		#	#	#	#	#	#								#
50	White-rumped Vulture	<i>Gyps bengalensis</i>						#	#								
51	Slender-billed Vulture	<i>Gyps tenuirostris</i>											#			#	
52	Long-billed Vulture	<i>Gyps indicus</i>				#											
53	Himalayan Griffon	<i>Gyps himalayensis</i>							#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	
54	Cinereous Vulture	<i>Aegypius monachus</i>									#	#	#				
55	Red-headed Vulture	<i>Sarcogyps calvus</i>					#			#		#					
56	Short-toed Eagle	<i>Circaetus gallicus</i>			#		#					#					
57	Crested Serpent-eagle	<i>Spilornis cheela</i>			#	#	#			#	#	#	#				
58	Eurasian Marsh Harrier	<i>Circus aeruginosus</i>	#	#													
59	Hen Harrier	<i>Circus cyaneus cyaneus</i>										#					#
60	Pied Harrier	<i>Circus melanoleucos</i>									#	#					
61	Montagu's Harrier	<i>Circus pygargus</i>			#		#										

	Common name	Scientific name	January/February														
			19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	1	2
62	Shikra	<i>Accipiter badius</i>		#		#		#	#	#	#			#	#	#	
63	Besra	<i>Accipiter virgatus</i>					#										
64	Eurasian Sparrowhawk	<i>Accipiter nisus</i>				#											#
65	White-eyed Buzzard	<i>Butastur teesa</i>		#													
66	Himalayan Buzzard	<i>Buteo burmanicus</i>														#	
67	Indian Spotted Eagle	<i>Aquila hastata</i>	#		#		#										#
68	Tawny Eagle	<i>Aquila rapax</i>							#								
69	Steppe Eagle	<i>Aquila nipalensis</i>							#				#	#	#	#	#
70	Booted Eagle	<i>Aquila pennatus</i>	#				#	#									
71	Rufous-bellied Eagle	<i>Aquila kienerii</i>													#		
72	Changeable Hawk-eagle	<i>Spizaetus cirrhatus</i>							#		#	#	#				
73	Mountain Hawk-eagle	<i>Spizaetus nipalensis</i>								#			#				
74	Collared Falconet	<i>Microhierax caerulescens</i>									#						
75	Lesser Kestrel	<i>Falco naumanni</i>				#											
76	Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>		#											#	#	
77	Peregrine Falcon	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>		#													
78	Shaheen Falcon	<i>Falco peregrinus peregrinator</i>													#		
79	Black Francolin	<i>Francolinus francolinus</i>								#	#	#	#				
80	Grey Francolin	<i>Francolinus pondicerianus</i>		#	#	#	#	#									
81	Common Hill Partridge	<i>Arborophila torqueola</i>												#			
82	Common Quail	<i>Coturnix coturnix</i>			#												
83	Jungle Bush-quail	<i>Perdicula asiatica</i>				#											
84	Koklass Pheasant	<i>Pucrasia machrolopha</i>														#	
85	Red Junglefowl	<i>Gallus gallus</i>								#	#	#	#				#
86	Kalij Pheasant	<i>Lophura leucomelanos</i>									#	#	#	#		#	
87	Cheer Pheasant	<i>Catreus wallichii</i>															#
88	Indian Peafowl	<i>Pavo cristatus</i>	#	#	#	#	#	#	#			#	#				#
89	Barred Buttonquail	<i>Turnix suscitator</i>					#										
90	Sarus Crane	<i>Grus antigone</i>		#													
91	Brown Crake	<i>Amaurornis akool</i>				#					#						
92	White-breasted Waterhen	<i>Amaurornis phoenicurus</i>		#	#	#	#	#									#
93	Indian Swamphen	<i>Porphyrio porphyrio poliocephalus</i>	#	#		#	#	#									

	Common name	Scientific name	January/February														
			19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	1	2
94	Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>	#	#	#	#	#	#				#					#
95	Common Coot	<i>Fulica atra</i>	#	#		#	#	#									#
96	Pheasant-tailed Jacana	<i>Hydrophasianus chirurgus</i>				#											
97	Bronze-winged Jacana	<i>Metopidius indicus</i>				#											#
98	Greater Painted-snipe	<i>Rostratula benghalensis</i>				#											
99	Ibisbill	<i>Ibidorhyncha struthersii</i>								#							
100	Black-winged Stilt	<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>	#	#	#	#	#	#	#		#	#					#
101	Pied Avocet	<i>Recurvirostra avosetta</i>	#	#			#										
102	Stone-curlew	<i>Burhinus oedicephalus</i>							#								
103	Indian Courser	<i>Cursorius coromandelicus</i>			#												
104	River Lapwing	<i>Vanellus duvaucelii</i>						#	#	#	#	#	#		#		
105	Yellow-wattled Lapwing	<i>Vanellus malabaricus</i>				#											
106	Red-wattled Lapwing	<i>Vanellus indicus</i>	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#		#		#
107	White-tailed Lapwing	<i>Vanellus leucurus</i>	#		#	#	#										
108	Little Plover	<i>Charadrius dubius</i>				#	#	#			#	#					
109	Kentish Plover	<i>Charadrius alexandrinus</i>					#	#									
110	Common Snipe	<i>Gallinago gallinago</i>	#			#	#										
111	Eurasian Woodcock	<i>Scolopax rusticola</i>															#
112	Black-tailed Godwit	<i>Limosa limosa</i>	#	#		#											
113	Spotted Redshank	<i>Tringa erythropus</i>			#	#	#	#			#						#
114	Common Redshank	<i>Tringa totanus</i>				#	#	#			#	#					#
115	Marsh Sandpiper	<i>Tringa stagnatilis</i>			#		#	#									
116	Common Greenshank	<i>Tringa nebularia</i>			#	#	#	#	#		#	#					#
117	Green Sandpiper	<i>Tringa ochropus</i>		#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#				#
118	Wood Sandpiper	<i>Tringa glareola</i>		#	#	#	#	#									
119	Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>	#	#	#	#	#	#									#
120	Little Stint	<i>Calidris minuta</i>					#										
121	Temminck's Stint	<i>Calidris temminckii</i>		#		#	#	#									
122	Ruff	<i>Philomachus pugnax</i>	#	#		#	#	#									
123	Steppe Gull	<i>Larus heuglini barabensis</i>	#														
124	Black-headed Gull	<i>Larus ridibundus</i>	#	#													
125	River Tern	<i>Sterna aurantia</i>				#					#	#					

	Common name	Scientific name	January/February														
			19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	1	2
126	Indian Skimmer	<i>Rynchops albicollis</i>				#											
127	Painted Sandgrouse	<i>Pterocles indicus</i>			#												
128	Rock Dove	<i>Columba livia</i>	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#
129	Speckled Wood Pigeon	<i>Columba hodgsonii</i>														#	
130	Oriental Turtle Dove	<i>Streptopelia orientalis</i>												#	#	#	#
131	Eurasian Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>	#	#	#	#	#	#		#	#	#					#
132	Red Collared-dove	<i>Streptopelia tranquebarica</i>			#	#											
133	Spotted Dove	<i>Streptopelia chinensis</i>										#	#				#
134	Laughing Dove	<i>Streptopelia senegalensis</i>		#	#	#	#	#	#								#
135	Emerald Dove	<i>Chalcophaps indica</i>								#	#						
136	Yellow-footed Pigeon	<i>Treron phoenicoptera</i>		#	#			#									
137	Pin-tailed Pigeon	<i>Treron apicauda</i>									#	#					
138	Alexandrine Parakeet	<i>Psittacula eupatria</i>		#						#			#				
139	Rose-ringed Parakeet	<i>Psittacula krameri</i>	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#		#				#
140	Plum-headed Parakeet	<i>Psittacula cyanocephala</i>									#	#	#				#
141	Slaty-headed Parakeet	<i>Psittacula himalayana</i>								#	#	#	#	#		#	#
142	Red-breasted Parakeet	<i>Psittacula alexandri</i>								#	#	#	#		#		#
143	Greater Coucal	<i>Centropus sinensis</i>		#	#	#	#	#	#			#					
144	Lesser Coucal	<i>Centropus bengalensis</i>									#						
145	Indian Scops-owl	<i>Otus bakkamoena</i>			#		#										
146	Dusky Eagle-owl	<i>Bubo coromandus</i>			#												
147	Brown Fish-owl	<i>Ketupa zeylonensis</i>									#						
148	Tawny Fish-owl	<i>Ketupa flavipes</i>								#							
149	Asian Barred Owlet	<i>Glaucidium cuculoides</i>												#	#		
150	Jungle Owlet	<i>Glaucidium radiatum</i>							#	#	#	#	#				#
151	Spotted Owlet	<i>Athene brama</i>			#	#											
152	Brown Hawk-owl	<i>Ninox scutulata</i>			#												
153	Grey Nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus indicus</i>			#												
154	Large-tailed Nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus macrurus</i>									#						
155	Himalayan Swiftlet	<i>Aerodramus brevirostris</i>									#	#	#				
156	White-rumped Spinetail	<i>Zoonavena sylvatica</i>							#	#	#	#	#				
157	Asian Palm-swift	<i>Cypsiurus balasiensis</i>				#											

	Common name	Scientific name	January/February														
			19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	1	2
158	Alpine Swift	<i>Tachymarptis melba</i>									#	#	#	#			
159	Little Swift	<i>Apus affinis</i>				#	#	#									
160	Crested Treeswift	<i>Hemiprocne coronata</i>							#	#	#		#				
161	Common Kingfisher	<i>Alcedo atthis</i>	#			#		#			#	#	#	#	#	#	#
162	Stork-billed Kingfisher	<i>Pelargopsis capensis</i>									#	#	#				
163	White-throated Kingfisher	<i>Halcyon smyrnensis</i>	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#
164	Crested Kingfisher	<i>Megaceryle lugubris</i>							#	#	#	#	#				
165	Pied Kingfisher	<i>Ceryle rudis</i>				#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#				
166	Blue-bearded Bee-eater	<i>Nyctornis athertoni</i>							#								
167	Green Bee-eater	<i>Merops orientalis</i>							#								#
168	Indian Roller	<i>Coracias benghalensis</i>	#	#	#	#	#	#					#				#
169	Eurasian Hoopoe	<i>Upupa epops</i>	#	#	#	#	#	#									
170	Indian Grey Hornbill	<i>Ocyroceros birostris</i>			#	#	#	#	#				#				#
171	Oriental Pied-hornbill	<i>Anthracoceros albirostris</i>										#					
172	Great Barbet	<i>Megalaima virens</i>							#				#		#	#	
173	Brown-headed Barbet	<i>Megalaima zeylanica</i>			#		#	#									
174	Lineated Barbet	<i>Megalaima lineata</i>							#	#	#	#	#				
175	Blue-throated Barbet	<i>Megalaima asiatica</i>								#			#				
176	Coppersmith Barbet	<i>Megalaima haemacephala</i>	#														
177	Eurasian Wryneck	<i>Jynx torquilla</i>			#	#											
178	Brown-capped Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos moluccensis</i>							#								#
179	Grey-capped Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos canicapillus</i>							#	#	#	#	#				
180	Brown-fronted Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos auriceps</i>													#	#	
181	Fulvous-breasted Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos macei</i>							#	#	#	#	#				
182	Yellow-crowned Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos mahrattensis</i>			#												
183	Himalayan Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos himalayensis</i>												#			
184	Rufous Woodpecker	<i>Celeus brachyurus</i>										#	#				
185	Lesser Yellownape	<i>Picus chlorolophus</i>										#	#				
186	Greater Yellownape	<i>Picus flavinucha</i>												#			
187	Streak-throated Woodpecker	<i>Picus xanthopygaeus</i>									#	#	#				
188	Scaly-bellied Woodpecker	<i>Picus squamatus</i>											#				
189	Grey-headed Woodpecker	<i>Picus canus</i>							#	#	#	#	#	#			

	Common name	Scientific name	January/February														
			19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	1	2
190	Himalayan Flameback	<i>Dinopium shorii</i>										#	#				#
191	Black-rumped Flameback	<i>Dinopium benghalense</i>			#	#	#	#				#					
192	Greater Flameback	<i>Chrysocolaptes lucidus</i>									#	#					
193	Ashy-crowned Sparrow-lark	<i>Eremopterix grisea</i>				#											
194	Rufous-tailed Lark	<i>Ammomanes phoenicurus</i>			#												
195	Crested Lark	<i>Galerida cristata</i>		#		#											
196	Oriental Skylark	<i>Alauda gulgula</i>										#					
197	Sand Martin	<i>Riparia riparia</i>	#	#		#	#										
198	Plain Martin	<i>Riparia paludicola</i>	#	#	#	#	#	#	#		#	#	#				#
199	Eurasian Crag Martin	<i>Ptyonoprogne rupestris</i>							#								
200	Dusky Crag-martin	<i>Ptyonoprogne concolor</i>	#						#								
201	Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#				#
202	Wire-tailed Swallow	<i>Hirundo smithii</i>															#
203	Red-rumped Swallow	<i>Cecropis daurica</i>				#			#	#	#	#					
204	Nepal Martin	<i>Delichon nipalensis</i>								#	#		#				
205	White-browed Wagtail	<i>Motacilla maderaspatensis</i>	#			#	#	#		#	#				#		#
206	White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba leucopsis</i>							#								
207	White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba baicalensis</i>					#										#
208	Masked Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba personata</i>		#	#	#											
209	Citrine Wagtail	<i>Motacilla citreola</i>	#	#	#	#	#										
210	Yellow Wagtail	<i>Motacilla flava</i>	#	#													
211	Grey Wagtail	<i>Motacilla cinerea</i>				#	#		#	#	#				#	#	
212	Oriental Pipit	<i>Anthus rufulus</i>		#		#				#							
213	Tawny Pipit	<i>Anthus campestris</i>		#			#										
214	Long-billed Pipit	<i>Anthus similis</i>											#				
215	Tree Pipit	<i>Anthus trivialis</i>				#				#	#		#				
216	Olive-backed Pipit	<i>Anthus hodgsoni</i>			#		#			#	#		#	#	#		#
217	Large Cuckoo-shrike	<i>Coracina macei</i>										#	#				
218	Small Minivet	<i>Pericrocotus cinnamomeus</i>				#							#				
219	Long-tailed Minivet	<i>Pericrocotus ethologus</i>							#	#		#	#		#		
220	Scarlet Minivet	<i>Pericrocotus flammeus</i>							#	#	#	#					#
221	Bar-winged Flycatcher-shrike	<i>Hemipus picatus</i>							#	#	#	#	#				#

	Common name	Scientific name	January/February														
			19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	1	2
222	Black-crested Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus melanicterus</i>											#				
223	Red-whiskered Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus jocosus</i>										#	#	#			#
224	White-eared Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus leucotis</i>								#	#	#	#		#	#	#
225	White-cheeked Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus leucogenys</i>				#	#	#									
226	Red-vented Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus cafer cafer</i>										#	#	#		#	#
227	Red-vented Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus cafer bengalensis</i>	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#						#
228	Mountain Bulbul	<i>Ixos mccllellandii</i>												#	#		
229	Ashy Bulbul	<i>Hemixos flavala</i>											#				
230	Black Bulbul	<i>Hypsipetes leucocephalus</i>										#		#		#	#
231	Golden-fronted Leafbird	<i>Chloropsis aurifrons</i>															#
232	Orange-bellied Leafbird	<i>Chloropsis hardwickii</i>							#								
233	Common Iora	<i>Aegithina tiphia</i>										#	#				
234	Brown Dipper	<i>Cinclus pallasii</i>										#					
235	Himalayan Accentor	<i>Prunella himalayana</i>												#			
236	Rufous-breasted Accentor	<i>Prunella strophiatea</i>												#	#		
237	Black-throated Accentor	<i>Prunella atrogularis</i>													#		
238	Chestnut-bellied Rock-thrush	<i>Monticola rufiventris</i>											#				
239	Blue Whistling-thrush	<i>Myophonus caeruleus</i>							#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#
240	Orange-headed Thrush	<i>Zoothera citrina</i>			#	#	#										
241	Scaly Thrush	<i>Zoothera dauma</i>					#						#				
242	Long-billed Thrush	<i>Zoothera monticola</i>								#							
243	White-collared Blackbird	<i>Turdus albocinctus</i>												#			
244	Grey-winged Blackbird	<i>Turdus boulboul</i>											#	#	#	#	
245	Dark-throated Thrush	<i>Turdus ruficollis</i>										#			#		
246	Zitting Cisticola	<i>Cisticola juncidis</i>											#				
247	Golden-headed Cisticola	<i>Cisticola exilis</i>											#				
248	Striated Prinia	<i>Prinia criniger</i>												#			
249	Grey-breasted Prinia	<i>Prinia hodgsonii</i>				#				#	#	#	#		#		#
250	Yellow-bellied Prinia	<i>Prinia flaviventris</i>	#	#													
251	Ashy Prinia	<i>Prinia socialis</i>	#	#	#	#	#	#			#						
252	Plain Prinia	<i>Prinia inornata</i>		#	#	#	#				#	#					
253	Chestnut-headed Tesia	<i>Tesia castaneocoronata</i>															#

	Common name	Scientific name	January/February														
			19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	1	2
254	Aberrant Bush-warbler	<i>Cettia flavolivacea</i>														#	
255	Blyth's Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus dumetorum</i>		#		#	#										
256	Common Tailorbird	<i>Orthotomus sutorius</i>		#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#		#				#
257	Common Chiffchaff	<i>Phylloscopus collybita</i>	#	#	#	#	#	#								#	
258	Tickell's Leaf-warbler	<i>Phylloscopus affinis</i>											#				
259	Sulphur-bellied Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus griseolus</i>				#											
260	Buff-barred Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus pulcher</i>													#	#	#
261	Pale-rumped Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus chloronotus</i>								#		#	#	#	#	#	#
262	Hume's Leaf Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus humei</i>			#	#			#								
263	Greenish Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus trochiloides</i>		#	#		#	#									
264	Bright Green Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus nitidus</i>					#	#									
265	Blyth's Leaf-warbler	<i>Phylloscopus reguloides</i>										#	#				
266	Whistler's Warbler	<i>Seicercus whistleri</i>								#		#					
267	Grey-hooded Warbler	<i>Seicercus xanthoschistus</i>							#	#		#	#	#	#	#	
268	Lesser Whitethroat	<i>Sylvia curruca</i>	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#		#					#
269	Rufous-gorgeted Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula strophiatea</i>								#	#		#		#	#	#
270	Red-breasted Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula parva</i>			#	#	#		#	#	#	#			#		
271	Red-throated Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula albicilla</i>			#												
272	Slaty-blue Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula tricolor</i>								#		#	#		#	#	
273	Verditer Flycatcher	<i>Eumyias thalassina</i>			#					#	#						
274	Small Niltava	<i>Niltava macgrigoriae</i>								#					#	#	
275	Rufous-bellied Niltava	<i>Niltava sundara</i>							#	#		#		#	#		
276	Tickell's Blue-flycatcher	<i>Cyornis tickelliae</i>				#											
277	Grey-headed Canary-flycatcher	<i>Culicicapa ceylonensis</i>			#	#	#		#	#	#	#	#		#	#	#
278	Siberian Rubythroat	<i>Luscinia calliope</i>													#		
279	Bluethroat	<i>Luscinia svecica</i>		#	#	#	#					#					
280	Red-flanked Bluetail	<i>Tarsiger cyanurus</i>													#	#	#
281	Golden Bush-robin	<i>Tarsiger chrysaeus</i>													#	#	
282	Oriental Magpie-robin	<i>Copsychus saularis</i>			#	#	#	#	#	#		#			#	#	#
283	Indian Robin	<i>Saxicoloides fulicata</i>		#	#	#	#	#		#			#				#
284	Blue-capped Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus caeruleocephalus</i>													#	#	#
285	Black Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus ochruros</i>			#	#	#	#					#				

	Common name	Scientific name	January/February														
			19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	1	2
286	Blue-fronted Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus frontalis</i>												#	#	#	
287	White-capped Redstart	<i>Chaimarrornis leucocephalus</i>								#	#	#		#		#	#
288	Plumbeous Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus fuliginosus</i>								#	#	#	#	#	#	#	
289	Little Forktail	<i>Enicurus scouleri</i>										#					
290	Spotted Forktail	<i>Enicurus maculatus</i>									#						
291	Hodgson's Bushchat	<i>Saxicola insignis</i>											#				
292	Siberian Stonechat	<i>Saxicola maura</i>		#	#	#					#	#	#			#	#
293	White-tailed Stonechat	<i>Saxicola leucura</i>		#													
294	Pied Bushchat	<i>Saxicola caprata</i>		#	#	#	#										
295	Grey Bushchat	<i>Saxicola ferrea</i>			#					#	#	#	#	#		#	#
296	Desert Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe deserti</i>				#											
297	Indian Chat	<i>Cercomela fusca</i>			#	#	#	#	#	#							#
298	Yellow-bellied Fantail	<i>Rhipidura hypoxantha</i>							#	#	#	#	#		#	#	#
299	White-throated Fantail	<i>Rhipidura albicollis</i>							#	#	#	#	#		#		#
300	White-throated Laughingthrush	<i>Garrulax albogularis</i>												#	#	#	#
301	White-crested Laughingthrush	<i>Garrulax leucolophus</i>								#	#		#		#	#	#
302	Striated Laughingthrush	<i>Garrulax striatus</i>												#		#	
303	Rufous-chinned Laughingthrush	<i>Garrulax rufogularis</i>													#		
304	Streaked Laughingthrush	<i>Garrulax lineatus</i>												#	#	#	#
305	Chestnut-crowned Laughingthrush	<i>Garrulax erythrocephalus</i>														#	
306	Puff-throated Babbler	<i>Pellorneum ruficeps</i>															#
307	Rusty-cheeked Scimitar-babbler	<i>Pomatorhinus erythrogeus</i>										#			#	#	
308	Scaly-breasted Wren-babbler	<i>Pnoepyga albiventer</i>								#							
309	Black-chinned Babbler	<i>Stachyris pyrrhops</i>								#		#	#	#	#	#	
310	Yellow-eyed Babbler	<i>Chrysomma sinense</i>				#											
311	Common Babbler	<i>Turdoides caudatus</i>				#											
312	Striated Babbler	<i>Turdoides earlei</i>		#													
313	Large Grey Babbler	<i>Turdoides malcolmi</i>				#	#										#
314	Jungle Babbler	<i>Turdoides striatus</i>	#		#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#		#		#
315	Red-billed Leiothrix	<i>Leiothrix lutea</i>													#		
316	Blue-winged Minla	<i>Minla cyanouroptera</i>													#		
317	White-bellied Erpornis	<i>Erpornis zantholeuca</i>											#				

	Common name	Scientific name	January/February															
			19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	1	2	
318	Rufous Sibia	<i>Heterophasia capistrata</i>													#	#	#	#
319	Black-throated Tit	<i>Aegithalos concinnus</i>													#	#	#	
320	Black-crested Tit	<i>Periparus melanolophus</i>													#	#	#	
321	Great Tit	<i>Parus major</i>								#	#	#	#	#				#
322	Green-backed Tit	<i>Parus monticolus</i>													#	#	#	#
323	Black-lored Tit	<i>Parus xanthogenys</i>								#	#			#	#		#	
324	Chestnut-bellied Nuthatch	<i>Sitta castanea</i>									#		#	#				
325	White-tailed Nuthatch	<i>Sitta himalayensis</i>													#	#	#	
326	Velvet-fronted Nuthatch	<i>Sitta frontalis</i>								#	#		#	#				
327	Wallcreeper	<i>Tichodroma muraria</i>								#		#						
328	Bar-tailed Treecreeper	<i>Certhia himalayana</i>								#	#			#	#	#	#	
329	Pale-billed Flowerpecker	<i>Dicaeum erythrorhynchos</i>																#
330	Purple Sunbird	<i>Cinnyris asiaticus</i>	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#								
331	Green-tailed Sunbird	<i>Aethopyga nipalensis</i>									#	#				#		
332	Black-throated Sunbird	<i>Aethopyga saturata</i>										#						
333	Crimson-sunbird	<i>Aethopyga siparaja</i>									#	#						
334	Oriental White-eye	<i>Zosterops palpebrosus</i>				#			#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#
335	Black-hooded Oriole	<i>Oriolus xanthornus</i>							#		#	#	#					
336	Maroon Oriole	<i>Oriolus traillii</i>																#
337	Isabelline Shrike	<i>Lanius isabellinus</i>			#													
338	Brown Shrike	<i>Lanius cristatus</i>	#	#														#
339	Bay-backed Shrike	<i>Lanius vittatus</i>			#	#	#											
340	Long-tailed Shrike	<i>Lanius schach</i>		#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#		#			#
341	Southern Grey Shrike	<i>Lanius meridionalis</i>			#													
342	Common Woodshrike	<i>Tephrodornis pondicerianus</i>									#		#	#				
343	Black Drongo	<i>Dicrurus macrocerus</i>	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#			#					#
344	Ashy Drongo	<i>Dicrurus leucophaeus</i>			#				#									
345	Bronzed Drongo	<i>Dicrurus aeneus</i>							#	#	#	#	#		#			#
346	Lesser Racket-tailed Drongo	<i>Dicrurus remifer</i>											#					
347	Hair-crested Drongo	<i>Dicrurus hottentottus</i>							#	#	#	#						#
348	Greater Racket-tailed Drongo	<i>Dicrurus paradiseus</i>																#
349	Eurasian Jay	<i>Garrulus glandarius</i>													#			

	Common name	Scientific name	January/February														
			19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	1	2
350	Black-headed Jay	<i>Garrulus lanceolatus</i>													#	#	
351	Blue Magpie	<i>Urocissa erythrorhyncha</i>								#			#		#	#	#
352	Green Magpie	<i>Cissa chinensis</i>									#						
353	Rufous Treepie	<i>Dendrocitta vagabunda</i>	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#		#				#
354	Grey Treepie	<i>Dendrocitta formosae</i>								#	#				#	#	
355	House Crow	<i>Corvus splendens</i>	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#			#				#
356	Jungle Crow	<i>Corvus (machrorhynchos) culminatus</i>		#	#	#	#	#									#
357	Large-billed Crow	<i>Corvus (macrorhynchos) japonensis</i>							#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#
358	Bank Myna	<i>Acridotheres ginginianus</i>	#	#		#	#	#	#								#
359	Common Myna	<i>Acridotheres tristis</i>	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#
360	Asian Pied Starling	<i>Gracupica contra</i>	#	#	#	#	#	#		#	#						#
361	Brahminy Starling	<i>Temenuchus pagodarum</i>			#	#	#	#									#
362	Common Starling	<i>Sturnus vulgaris</i>		#													#
363	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#		#	#	#	#	#
364	Russet Sparrow	<i>Passer rutilans</i>												#	#	#	
365	Chestnut-shouldered Petronia	<i>Petronia xanthocollis</i>			#	#	#										
366	Red Avadavat	<i>Amandava amandava</i>	#	#		#						#					
367	White-throated Munia	<i>Euodice malabarica</i>		#		#	#										
368	Black-and-yellow Grosbeak	<i>Mycerobes icterioides</i>												#	#		
369	Dark-breasted Rosefinch	<i>Carpodacus nipalensis</i>															#
370	Common Rosefinch	<i>Carpodacus erythrinus</i>								#	#			#	#		
371	Pink-browed Rosefinch	<i>Carpodacus rodochrous</i>												#			
372	Yellow-breasted Greenfinch	<i>Carduelis spinoides</i>													#	#	
373	Rock Bunting	<i>Emberiza cia</i>												#		#	
374	Chestnut-breasted Bunting	<i>Emberiza stewarti</i>				#									#		
375	Chestnut-eared Bunting	<i>Emberiza fucata</i>									#	#	#				
376	Red-headed Bunting	<i>Emberiza bruniceps</i>			#												

Mammals

	Common name	Scientific name	January/February														
			19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	1	2
1	Rhesus Macaque	<i>Macaca mulatta</i>		#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	
2	Hanuman Langur	<i>Semnopithecus entellus</i>				#				#	#	#	#	#	#	#	
3	Tiger	<i>Panthera tigris</i>										#	#				
4	Indian Grey Mongoose	<i>Herpestes edwardsi</i>					#										
5	Small Indian Mongoose	<i>Herpestes auropunctuatus</i>	#						#								
6	Jackal	<i>Canis aureus</i>			#	#								#			
7	Smooth Indian Otter	<i>Lutra perspicillata</i>										#					
8	Yellow-throated Marten	<i>Martes flavigula</i>														#	
9	House Mouse	<i>Mus musculus</i>							#								
10	Indian Flying Fox	<i>Pteropus giganteus</i>				#											
11	Short-nosed Fruit Bat	<i>Cynopterus sphinx</i>			#												
12	Theobald's Tomb Bat	<i>Taphozous theobaldi</i>							#								
13	Five-striped Palm Squirrel	<i>Funambulus pennantii</i>	#	#	#	#	#	#	#								
14	Indian Porcupine	<i>Hystrix indica</i>										#					
15	Indian Hare	<i>Lepus nigricollis</i>				#											
16	Indian Elephant	<i>Elephas maximus</i>										#					
17	Nilgai	<i>Boselaphus tragocamelus</i>		#	#	#	#										
18	Hog Deer	<i>Axis porcinus</i>										#					
19	Sambar	<i>Cervus unicolor</i>			#		#			#	#	#	#				
20	Spotted Deer	<i>Axis axis</i>			#		#		#	#	#	#	#				
21	Indian Muntjac	<i>Muntiacus muntjak</i>								#	#	#	#		#	#	
22	Goral	<i>Naemorhedus goral</i>												#		#	
23	Wild Boar	<i>Sus scrofa</i>			#						#	#	#				

Reptiles

1	Marsh Crocodile	<i>Crocodylus palustris</i>									#	#	#				
2	Gharial	<i>Gavialis gangeticus</i>									#	#	#				
3	Flap-shell Turtle	<i>Lissemys punctata</i>					#										
4	Indian Softshell Turtle	<i>Aspideretes gangeticus</i>									#						
5	Indian Python	<i>Plython molurus</i>			#												