

# Lesbos in Autumn

Naturetrek Tour Report

29 September - 6 October 2012

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Report compiled by Reg Thorpe and Mike S Hodgson

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## Day 1

## Saturday 29th September

Despite the early check-in everyone met up at London Gatwick South Terminal with plenty of time for a coffee or some shopping! The flight left on time and arrived likewise! We landed at Mytilene in beautiful sunshine and many more degrees warmer than London. We were soon on our transfer coach and, after a 45 minute journey across the island seeing just a few species including a Raven, arrived at Hotel Pasiphae where rooms were quickly allocated, mini-buses sorted out and we were off to find lunch near the harbour. Just after lunch we spotted two Black Storks flying over. The temperatures were un-seasonably high (and remained so, about 30C daytime, all week!) and we decided on a short rest before we had an early evening visit to the nearby salt pans.

The most obvious birds as we arrived at the salt pans were the large numbers of Greater Flamingos and Avocets, present each time we visited. Another five or so Black storks were seen along with several Great White and Little Egrets. A Short-toed Eagle appeared distantly over the north ridge while small birds included our first Red-backed Shrikes, Whinchat and the ubiquitous Crested Larks! A rather scruffy-looking juvenile Dalmatian Pelican was found which eventually took to flight across the pans. A small pool next to the pumping station held about 20 White Wagtails while a party of about 70 Hooded Crows were in the field. We retired early that night to catch up after a long and hot day!

## Day 2

## Sunday 30th September

Several members of the party were up and about before breakfast, walking along to the Christou River past the very dry Kalloni Pool. Several Spotted Flycatchers, a couple of Cetti's Warblers and Great White Egrets were seen. After breakfast we drove along to the East Track at Kalloni Saltpans where we spent a pleasant time walking out along the track scanning the various pans. About nine Black Storks were visible and waders included a couple of Greenshank, several Redshanks, a Curlew and a Common Sandpiper while wildfowl included a number of Common Shelduck and at least one Pintail. A lone Common Buzzard was over the trees to the east. The fields where we had parked the buses were quite busy with birds; a noisy Middle Spotted Woodpecker refused to show itself, but Red-backed Shrikes, Spotted Flycatchers, Chiffchaffs and Corn Buntings were more obliging.

We drove on to our next stop at Mesa where there was still some water and another Black Stork flying over. A few hirundines moved over and out on the sea we found an early Great Crested Grebe. Just as we were about to leave a Peregrine put in an appearance. Moving eastwards we soon arrived at our main destination, Achladeri Forest, to search for one of the island specialities Krüper's Nuthatch. The group spread out as we started to walk into the pinewoods but we had not got very far before we first heard a bird calling then a cry of 'Nuthatch!' from one party member who shall remain nameless! Most of the group managed to see this bird but it quickly disappeared into the trees. Amazingly, perhaps the same bird quickly re-appeared and perched on an open broken branch for several minutes, and only about 15-20 metres away, allowing the whole group prolonged views! We continued into the woodland but it proved to be fairly quiet although we heard at least two other Krüper's Nuthatches calling. There appeared to be many butterflies in the wood including a number of Woodland Graylings. Back at the buses there were a couple of Spotted Flycatchers, a Woodlark in the field across the road and single Black Stork and Marsh Harrier passed overhead.

After lunch we had a short break out of the sun before setting off for the Potamia Valley. Here we walked slowly up to the small reservoir hearing several Cirl Buntings singing and a noisy Rock Nuthatch somewhere on the hillside. A Sparrowhawk appeared quickly followed by a close Short-toed Eagle which gave magnificent views when a Dalmatian Pelican came into view. It may have been the same bird as yesterday but we judged that the plumage did look somewhat different. Eventually after circled the reservoir several times it landed for a short while, took a drink, and then flew off to the south. On the water we counted about 40 Little Grebes but few Yellow-legged Gulls. Other birds included a Raven croaking over, several Common Buzzards, about five Red-backed Shrikes and another noisy but invisible Middle Spotted Woodpecker!

## Day 3

## Monday 1st October

After an early breakfast we set off for a drive straight to Polichnitos Saltpans in the relative cool of the morning. The pans were quite busy with many Greater Flamingos and Avocets like the pans at Kalloni but also a few more waders. Redshanks were conspicuous with a dozen or so Greenshanks scattered around. Two Marsh Sandpipers gave themselves up for comparison views and a couple of Spotted Redshanks were also found. At one point tight groups of waders (mainly avocets) and gulls were panicked into flight and the culprits were two dark dashing falcons, Eleonora's, moving away over the bay. Continuing looking through the waders produced about 20 Kentish Plovers, ten Little Stints, a few Dunlins and a single Ruff. A Honey Buzzard flew low over the first bus but occupants of the second had to strain their necks as the bird gained height!

The usual Black Storks, Grey Herons, Great White & Little Egrets were present and many Sandwich Terns were loafing about on the posts. About ten Mediterranean gulls were mixed in with the Black-headed. Out on the bay while looking for Shags we spotted the tall, dark dorsal fin of a dolphin and followed this for some time. Though never close, the best identification we could come up with was a Bottle-nose Dolphin. There were also a number of small species in the area including many Chiffchaffs and Willow Warblers, Whinchat, Stonechat, Spotted Flycatchers, Red-backed Shrikes and various wagtails and, of course, Crested Larks. As we moved back to the village for lunch a Marsh Harrier flew along the ridge and a Short-toed Eagle allowed close views as it perched on a nearby power pole!

On our way back to the Kalloni area we stopped at the road junction at Mikri Limni. Another Krüper's Nuthatch called briefly before we scanned the dried grassy area finding a couple of skulking Woodlarks feeding quietly under the shade of a tree. Wheatears and Whinchat were also here, another noisy Middle Spotted Woodpecker, this time seen, and a little un-expected a fly-over Mistle Thrush. A single Short-toed Treecreeper was found near the road.

A late afternoon visit to Kalloni Salt pans produced another two Marsh Sandpipers along with four Greenshanks, but there was as much excitement for a distant Mallard (as a trip tick!) by some members of the party. The White Wagtails were still around their now rapidly diminishing pool and a single Kingfisher sat overlooking the channel. We finished the day with a search of the Christou River area for Stone Curlews but unfortunately found none, presumably they had already departed for the winter. More Spotted Flycatchers, Wheatears and another Red-backed Shrike were seen.

## Day 4

## Tuesday 2nd October

Another early breakfast was had in preparation for the long drive across the mountain road to the west of the island. Our first stop was in the Lardia Valley. Rock Nuthatches were noisily evident here and fairly soon we were able to locate a couple of birds perching out in the open on top of some boulders. At least two Middle Spotted Woodpeckers added their chattering calls and a couple of Robins were 'ticking' in the thick cover. Cirl Bunting proved a little more frustrating, we could hear them but finding them was another matter! A fine male Blue Rock Thrush sat sunning himself on top of the big crag and a telescope was soon trained on the spot. Just as we were getting ready to move on a Crag Martin appeared over the road. A little further on and a short stop at the Eressos 'T' junction produced another Rock Nuthatch.

We parked at the base of the Ipsilou Monastery road and walked a little way back down the road to view a small group of Linnets and Rock Sparrows on overhead wires. A couple of Wheatears were also here. Driving up to the monastery and a male Cirl Bunting was singing from the top of a small tree at the side of the car park. Several party members visited the monastery but everyone had the chance to see well a pair of obliging Sombre Tits feeding around the buildings. A Woodlark could be heard singing a little way off. One of the highlights of the tour for many was a stunning adult male Pallid Harrier which approached from the south and flew right over our heads at a couple of hundred feet! Quite awesome and enhanced slightly by an Eleonora's Falcon flashing past in the same field of view!

The remainder of the day was spent in a couple of sessions around the Faneromeni area with lunch in Sigrí in-between. The irrigated fields at Faneromeni held a lot of birds particularly Yellow Wagtails (sp.) accompanied by three Tawny Pipits. About ten Tree Pipits were in one orchard and a single Meadow Pipit was found. Several Red-backed Shrikes were prominent including one with a startling chestnut tail. Whinchats, Stonechat and Wheatears were also present while Corn Buntings were everywhere including a huge flock near the beach. A single Turtle Dove shared the wires with some Collared Doves. One small field held a mass of house sparrows and a few Spanish Sparrows were found in amongst them.

Birds of prey were well-represented with a close Long-legged Buzzard taking off from a nearby field and gradually drifting away. Two more Eleonora's Falcons appeared over a slightly more distant hillside and single Marsh Harrier and, more unexpected, Black Kite circled together. The long drive to the hotel was rather hot and quiet but a Black Stork flew over the Pasiphae just as we arrived back!

## Day 5

## Wednesday 3rd October

A visit to the north coast was in order for today but only after an unsuccessful look for Scops Owl in their regular spring location near Kalloni. A stop at the raptor viewpoint (the 'Bandstand') on the mountain road was enlivened by several Rock Nuthatches, Cirl Buntings and a couple of Woodlarks. It was very hot and sunny even this early in the morning and few birds of prey presented themselves but included three Common Buzzards, and a couple of Sparrowhawks. Two Ravens also showed. We drove on over the mountains and on to the headland at Kavaki. A Common Buzzard was perched nearby and an Eleonora's Falcon moved over but a single Crag Martin was the only other thing of real note. A 'convenience' stop just at the edge of Molyvos proved fortuitous as a party of about 15 Red-footed Falcons were seen moving high to the south-west.

We moved on to Eftalou for some seawatching but the sea was really quiet, the highlight being a group of five Slender-billed Gulls, with a single Black-headed Gull for comparison, on the flat water. A good number of butterflies near the buses kept the photographers busy. A very smart Tawny Pipit perched close-by and just to the north another little group, this time six, of Red-footed Falcons seemed to be arriving. We drove along to Molyvos Castle where some of the group did some exploring. Whilst parked up here there seemed to be a steady but small influx of raptors with about five Common Buzzards, a Long-legged Buzzard, a Kestrel and a Hobby all passing within 45 minutes or so. Two late Red-rumped Swallows performed overhead but most unusual was a single Stock Dove, probably only the sixth record for the island, which flew past twice!

After lunch we went to nearby Perasma Reservoir. The water level was extremely low but even so there were a lot of birds present, not least Coot with a count of 240. Little Grebes were also very obvious with about 110 birds packed on the reservoir. 14 Teal were asleep on the far side but two Ruddy Shelducks were more awake! Several Grey Herons, Black Storks and Cormorants stood around the edge while overhead two Marsh Harriers passed over.

After driving back over the mountains we decided on an early evening visit to Kalloni Saltpans where wildfowl included two Wigeons in the Teal flock, the usual Black Storks and Great White & Little Egrets and 14 Kentish Plovers. A single Peregrine was also found.

## Day 6

Thursday 4th October

A second visit to Polichnitos Salt pans was the order for this morning, another hot and sunny one! As we arrived it looked as if many of the Flamingos and Avocets had moved off but they were just further up the salt pans! There was a good selection of waders still present as we walked the length of the pans. Single Marsh Sandpiper, Spotted Redshank and Ruff were found and about 15 Little Stints buzzed around. Plovers were represented by about 20 Kentish, ten Little Ringed and a couple of Ringed. A single Wood Sandpiper was new for the trip list. Three Slender-billed and five Mediterranean were among the more common Black-headed Gulls while bigger fare involved a dozen Great white Egrets, ten Black Storks and 16 or so Grey Herons. Two Ruddy Shelduck may possibly have been those from Perasma Reservoir the previous day. A Blue Rock Thrush stood motionless and in silhouette on a nearby house roof and provoked some discussion. Several Sardinian Warblers could be heard giving their distinctive calls in the thick scrub but seeing them was another matter! A single Sparrowhawk patrolled nearby.

We called in at Achladeri Forest on the return journey but the Army were already there collecting some of their many miles of cable from the site! There was no indication of Krüper's Nuthatch in the immediate area although a Raven flew over and a couple of Woodlarks were heard.

After a leisurely lunch in Skala Kalloni we drove through the narrow streets of Agia Paraskevi and Napi to gain access to the broad valley. It was getting very hot now and birds were thin on the ground! Two Sparrowhawks were up over a ridge half-heartedly thermalling before disappearing behind the hills and a few Common Buzzards were noted as was a brief single Peregrine. A lengthy stop further on produced a couple of Sombre Tits (mixed in with several Great Tits), several Middle Spotted Woodpeckers in the area and a couple of noisy Rock Nuthatches. We returned to the hotel for an early shower and to cool down.

## Day 7

Friday 5th October

The last full day and we had an early start to drive straight through to the west. A short leg-stretch stop in the Lardia Valley gave us more Rock Nuthatches, Crag Martin, Middle Spotted Woodpecker (heard) and a single Rock Sparrow. Arriving at the fields at Faneromeni the comment about there never being any birds on the 'sterile' lagoon was negated by the presence of a single Little Egret, a couple of Yellow-legged Gulls and a dark falcon being harassed by Hooded Crows. The falcon performed well, almost 'playing' with the Hoodies as it made a couple of passes over the water and at one point landed. Initially there was some confusion as to what it was but after some discussion and (later looking at a few photographs taken on the spot) it was decided it must be a Peregrine of the race brookei given its very dark upperparts and extensive rufous colouration on the underparts. Just at this point a party of three Stock Doves flew up (they were also seen later in the day), our second record of the week and now comparable with nearby feral Rock Doves.

The irrigated fields held a selection of Yellow and White Wagtails, Whinchats, Wheatears and a few Tree Pipits. At least two Tawny Pipits were also present. A rather large Goshawk appeared over the nearby hill and was immediately mobbed by a couple of Ravens. It or perhaps a second bird was seen a little further on. A big party of 35 Jackdaws passed over but we now picked up on a series of raptors.

Two medium sized birds approaching from the south west resolved themselves into a couple of very nice low Honey Buzzards gradually moving towards Sigri. A single Marsh Harrier passed over, about three Sparrowhawks were in the area and four or so Kestrels.

We continued our walk down to the beach and located three obliging Short-toed Larks with their Crested relatives in a dry field. Corn Buntings again seemed to be everywhere but a familiar call allowed everyone to see a single Skylark presumably one of the first of the winter visitors! Lunch was taken in the shade of a taverna in Sigri. As we were leaving the village the second bus had the best of luck in picking up a Lanner! We paid a short visit to Skala Eresou in the afternoon stopping at the bridge near the mouth of the river. Here there were a number of Coots, Moorhens and a single Mallard while a Kingfisher flew twice under the bridge!

We took the long drive back through Mesotopos and the narrow streets of Agra before have a short stop at Aghios Ioannis where a number of the party climbed the steep path up to the tiny chapel. A Red-backed Shrike, Rock Nuthatch and a couple of Sombre Tits were seen before we returned to the hotel.

## Day 8

Saturday 6th October

The pick-up time for the airport allowed little time for pre-breakfast birding although three Song Thrushes were new for the list. A quick drive through to Mytilene and we were soon checked in and bags disposed of. This left some time for a seawatch across the road from the airport buildings but there appeared to be little moving although three Mediterranean Gulls were in a bigger flock of Yellow-legs. A male Sardinian Warbler came to look at us in a nearby tamarisk and the ridge behind the airport gave a Short-toed Eagle and Sparrowhawk as our last birds on the island.

We had a smooth flight back to Gatwick where finally farewells were completed at the end of another successful Naturetrek tour to Lesbos.

The whole group mixed very well together with everyone enjoying not only birds that we saw but also the other butterflies, dragonflies, flowers, etc. Thanks to those party members who added their identifications to some of the taxa! The weather was a little too fine and settled for any real migration to happen but this did not detract from the tour. Many thanks from us for making this autumn trip such a success.

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## Species List

Birds (✓ = recorded but not counted; h = heard only)

	Common name	Scientific name	September/October								
			29	30	1	2	3	4	5	6	
1	Shelduck	<i>Tadorna tadorna</i>		25	20						
2	Ruddy Shelduck	<i>Tadorna ferruginea</i>					2	2			
3	Eurasian Teal	<i>Anas crecca</i>		9	40			65			
4	Wigeon	<i>Anas penelope</i>						2			
5	Mallard	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>			4					1	
6	Pintail	<i>Anas acuta</i>		1	1			2			
7	Great Crested Grebe	<i>Podiceps cristatus</i>		1							
8	Little Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>		40				110			
9	Greater Flamingo	<i>Phoenicopterus roseus</i>	150	200	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
10	Black Stork	<i>Ciconia nigra</i>	8	16	20	1	12	8	1		
11	Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>	1	20	24	3	30	20	5	2	
12	Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>	1	20	20		20	12	2	2	
13	Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>	2	6	8	1	8	8	1		
14	Dalmatian Pelican	<i>Pelicanus crispus</i>	1	1		2					
15	European Shag	<i>Phalacrocorax aristotelis</i>			8		1	2	2	6	
16	Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>	1	25	6		6	4			
17	European Honey Buzzard	<i>Pernis apivorus</i>			1				2		
18	Black Kite	<i>Milvus migrans</i>				1					
19	Short-toed Snake Eagle	<i>Circaetus gallicus</i>	1	3	1						1
20	Western Marsh Harrier	<i>Circus aeruginosus</i>		1	1	2	2		1		
21	Pallid Harrier	<i>Circus macrourus</i>				1					
22	Eurasian Sparrowhawk	<i>Accipiter nisus</i>		1	2		3	3	4	2	
23	Northern Goshawk	<i>Accipiter gentilis</i>							2		
24	Common Buzzard	<i>Buteo buteo</i>		5	2	3	12	9	8		
25	Long-legged Buzzard	<i>Buteo rufinus</i>				1					
26	Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>	2	3	2	3	2	2	5		
27	Red-footed Falcon	<i>Falco vespertinus</i>					21				
28	Eleonora's Falcon	<i>Falco eleonora</i>			2	3	1				
29	Lanner Falcon	<i>Falco biarmicus</i>								1	
30	Peregrine Falcon	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>		1			1	1	2		
31	Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>		1					5		
32	Eurasian Coot	<i>Fulica atra</i>					220		6		
33	Pied Avocet	<i>Recurvirostra avosetta</i>	220	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
34	Common Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius hiaticula</i>			2			2			
35	Little Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius dubius</i>		1	10			10			
36	Kentish Plover	<i>Charadrius alexandrinus</i>			20		40	29			
37	Eurasian Curlew	<i>Numenius arquata</i>		2				2			
38	Spotted Redshank	<i>Tringa erythropus</i>			2			1			
39	Common Redshank	<i>Tringa totanus</i>	3	10	80			50			
40	Marsh Sandpiper	<i>Tringa stagnatilis</i>			4			1			
41	Common Greenshank	<i>Tringa nebularia</i>	2	6	12		2	10			
42	Wood Sandpiper	<i>Tringa glareola</i>						1			
43	Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>		1	1			1			
44	Little Stint	<i>Calidris minuta</i>			10			15			
45	Dunlin	<i>Calidris alpina</i>			3						
46	Ruff	<i>Philomachus pugnax</i>			1			1			
47	Black-headed Gull	<i>Chroicocephalus ridibundus</i>	40	20	100		30	60			



	Common name	Scientific name	September/October							
			29	30	1	2	3	4	5	6
48	Slender-billed Gull	<i>Chroicocephalus genei</i>					5	3		
49	Mediterranean Gull	<i>Ichthyaetus melanocephalus</i>			10			5		
50	Yellow-legged Gull	<i>Larus michahellis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
51	Sandwich Tern	<i>Thalasseus sandvicensis</i>			40	1		25		
52	Rock Dove /Feral Pigeon	<i>Columba livia 'feral'</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
53	Stock Dove	<i>Columba oenas</i>					1		3	
54	European Turtle Dove	<i>Streptopelia turtur</i>				1				
55	Eurasian Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
56	Little Owl	<i>Athene noctua</i>								1h
57	Common Kingfisher	<i>Alcedo atthis</i>		1	3	1			1	
58	Eurasian Hoopoe	<i>Upupa epops</i>			1					
59	Middle Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos medius</i>		3h	2	4	2	8	4	2
60	Red-backed Shrike	<i>Lanius collurio</i>	3	15	5	12	7	8	5	
61	Eurasian Jay	<i>Garrulus glandarius</i>	2	6	6	20	6	10	6	4
62	Western Jackdaw	<i>Coloeus monedula</i>			3	16			35	
63	Hooded Crow	<i>Corvus cornix</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
64	Northern Raven	<i>Corvus corax</i>	1	1		2	4	3	5	
65	Sombre Tit	<i>Poecile lugubris</i>				2		2	2	
66	Great Tit	<i>Parus major</i>	1	6	12	10	5	10	8	2
67	Eurasian Blue Tit	<i>Cyanistes caeruleus</i>		4	6	12	4	6	6	
68	Greater Short-toed Lark	<i>Calandrella brachydactyla</i>							3	
69	Crested Lark	<i>Galerida cristata</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
70	Woodlark	<i>Lullula arborea</i>		1	3	4	2	1		
71	Eurasian Skylark	<i>Alauda arvensis</i>							1	
72	Sand Martin	<i>Riparia riparia</i>		3	8				3	
73	Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	50	30	20	10	6			
74	Eurasian Crag Martin	<i>Ptyonoprogne rupestris</i>				1	2		3	
75	Common House Martin	<i>Delichon urbicum</i>	1	2	1					
76	Red-rumped Swallow	<i>Cecropis daurica</i>					2			
77	Cetti's Warbler	<i>Cettia cetti</i>		2		2	2	2	2	1
78	Long-tailed Tit	<i>Aegithalos caudatus</i>				6				
79	Willow Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus trochilus</i>		9	6	6	2	6	4	
80	Common Chiffchaff	<i>Phylloscopus collybita</i>	1	8	6	6	5	4	4	
81	Eurasian Blackcap	<i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>				1			2	1
82	Lesser Whitethroat	<i>Sylvia curruca</i>		2		2		2	4	
83	Sardinian Warbler	<i>Sylvia melanocephala</i>		1				3		1
84	Eurasian Wren	<i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i>							1h	
85	Krüper's Nuthatch	<i>Sitta krueperi</i>		3	1h					
86	Western Rock Nuthatch	<i>Sitta neumayer</i>		3		6	5	10	7	
87	Short-toed Treecreeper	<i>Certhia brachydactyla</i>			1					
88	Common Starling	<i>Sturnus vulgaris</i>				2				
89	Common Blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>	1	12	6	10	8	6	15	5
90	Mistle Thrush	<i>Turdus viscivorus</i>			1					
91	European Robin	<i>Erithacus rubecula</i>				2h		1	1	
92	Common Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus phoenicurus</i>			1					
93	Whinchat	<i>Saxicola rubetra</i>	1	4	10	6	3	3	4	
94	European Stonechat	<i>Saxicola rubicola</i>	1		4	4	2	4	3	
95	Northern Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe oenanthe</i>			3	4	1		4	
96	Blue Rock Thrush	<i>Monticola solitarius</i>				2		1		
97	Spotted Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa striata</i>	1	12	15	20	8	6	7	
98	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

	Common name	Scientific name	September/October							
			29	30	1	2	3	4	5	6
99	Spanish Sparrow	<i>Passer hispaniolensis</i>				10		3		
100	Rock Sparrow	<i>Petronia petronia</i>				12			2	
101	Western Yellow Wagtail	<i>Motacilla flava</i>		1	6	100		1	20	
102	White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>	20	8	15	25	12	10	25	2
103	Tawny Pipit	<i>Anthus campestris</i>				3	1		3	
104	Meadow Pipit	<i>Anthus pratensis</i>				1				
105	Tree Pipit	<i>Anthus trivialis</i>				10			6	
106	Red-throated Pipit	<i>Anthus cervinus</i>							1	
107	Common Chaffinch	<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>		12	8	6	6	15	12	2
108	European Serin	<i>Serinus serinus</i>		1h				6		
109	European Greenfinch	<i>Chloris chloris</i>		4	6	2	2	5	2	
110	European Goldfinch	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i>		7		35	25	20	25	
111	Common Linnet	<i>Carduelis cannabina</i>				6		2	1	
112	Corn Bunting	<i>Emberiza calandra</i>		10	8	200	15	10	60	
113	Cirl Bunting	<i>Emberiza cirius</i>		4	3	6	2	4	4	

### Butterflies

1	Swallowtail	<i>Papilio machaon</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
2	Woodland Grayling	<i>Hipparchia fagi</i>		✓		✓				
3	Tree Grayling	<i>Neophipparchia stalinus</i>		1						
4	Red Admiral	<i>Vanessa atalanta</i>			1					
5	Wall Brown	<i>Lasiommata megera</i>			1					
6	Plain Tiger	<i>Danaus chrysippus</i>				✓				
7	Clouded Yellow	<i>Colias crocea</i>				✓				
8	Tiger Blue	<i>Tarucus balkanicus</i>				✓				
9	Meleager's Blue	<i>Meleageria daphnis</i>				✓				
10	Blue Argus	<i>Ultrarcia anteros</i>				✓				
11	Small Copper	<i>Lycaena phlaeas</i>					✓		✓	
12	Large White	<i>Pieris brassicae</i>					✓			
13	Small White	<i>Artogeia rapae</i>					✓	✓		
14	Turkish Meadow Brown	<i>Maniola megalis</i>					✓			
15	Lang's Short-tailed Blue	<i>Leptotes pirithous</i>						✓		
16	Dusky Meadow Brown	<i>Hyponephele lycaon</i>						✓		
17	Eastern Pale Clouded Yellow	<i>Colias erate</i>							✓	
18	Millet Skipper	<i>Pelopidas thrax</i>							✓	
19	Long-tailed Blue	<i>Lampides boeticus</i>							✓	
20	Mediterranean Skipper	<i>Gegenes nostradamus</i>							✓	

### Dragonflies

1	Violet Drogwing	<i>Trithemis annulata</i>		✓						
2	Emperor Dragonfly	<i>Anax imperator</i>						✓		
3	Scarlet Darter	<i>Crocothemis erythraea</i>			✓					
4	Migrant Hawker	<i>Aeshna mixta</i>						✓		
5	Lesser Emperor	<i>Anax partthenope</i>							✓	

### Other Taxa

1	Hummingbird Hawk-moth		✓				✓	✓	✓	
2	Turkish Gecko		✓	✓				✓		
3	Agama Lizard			✓		✓	✓		✓	
4	Marsh Frog				✓			✓		

	Common name	Scientific name	September/October								
			29	30	1	2	3	4	5	6	
5	Stripe-necked Terrapin			✓		✓				✓	
6	Bottle-nosed Dolphin				1						
7	Fox (dead)					✓					
8	Hedgehog (dead)					✓					
9	Beech Martin (dead)								✓		
10	large cricket				✓	✓					
11	Praying Mantis				✓	2			✓	✓	
12	Carpenter Bee		✓	✓							
13	Red-banded Sand Wasp					✓					
14	Scollidd Wasp					✓					