

Lesbos

Naturetrek Tour Report

26 April - 5 May 2011



Little Tern



Woodchat Shrike



Kruper's Nuthatch



Female Ruppell's Warbler

Report compiled by Reg Thorpe
Images courtesy of Mick Doyle



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Day 0

Tuesday 26th April

Travel from the UK

Day 1

Wednesday 27th April

A dull overcast morning with rain showers by midday and heavy rain from late afternoon

The group arrived at around 0800 at the Hotel Pasiphae after flights from London and Athens. Breakfast was the first priority and then after settling into rooms and unpacking optics and cameras we headed out for a walk towards the Christou River, which flows just of the west of Skalla Kalloni. Even before leaving the hotel grounds several of the group added Eastern Olivaceous Warbler to their life lists with a calling, tail-pumping and occasionally singing individual in roadside trees. Everyone was soon enjoying the typical “brown birds” of Lesvos with Corn Bunting on bushes, Crested Larks on the ground and Wood Sandpipers on the Kalloni Pool – added spice was provided by a fine Purple Heron, two close Gull-billed Terns, a few more distant Whiskered Terns with a supporting cast of Kentish Plovers, Greenshank, Great White and Little Egret.

After returning to the hotel and an opportunity to relax we drove into Skalla Kalloni for lunch before heading off to see a roosting a Scops Owl just to the north of Kalloni town. We struggled to locate it in its favoured roost tree, but on hearing it call a couple of times we located it – unfortunately it was a rather bedraggled and wet partly obscured owl, but by changing our positions we all eventually saw most of the bird well.

After the owl we headed east of Kalloni to the Kalloni Salt pans. The first stop was the “Garage Pool” by the main road which held three Temminck’s Stints. On the main channel and adjacent pans a flock of 15 White-winged Black Terns and 90 Whiskered Terns all in full summer plumage was an amazing spectacle.

We moved further into the pans and on flooded grassland we had feeding Glossy Ibis and 34 Ruddy Shelduck before the heavy rain forced us back to the hotel. After evening meal, the log and outlining the plan for the following day it was off for an early night.

Day 2

Thursday 28th April

Another dull overcast start with heavy rain by breakfast, but improving from mid morning with the sun (and heat) appearing at last!

Pre-breakfast saw us repeating the walk of yesterday with new species including Squacco Heron, Mediterranean Gull, a fine summer plumaged Turnstone and good views of the black-capped race of Jay.

After breakfast we headed east and stopped at the Mesa wetlands, but with the rain still falling we quickly moved on to the Achladeri Pine Woods. Here the rain began to ease and we all had excellent views of Short-toed Tree Creepers feeding young at nest and then of a pair of Kruper's Nuthatch with the male excavating its nest hole. The other real treat here was a pair of Masked Shrikes that showed well.

Following our woodland walk we drove further south down the east side of the Bay of Kalloni to the Polichnitos Salt Pans. These are less extensive than those at Kalloni, but are an excellent birding location - on the pans themselves flocks of Ruff, Little Stints with a few Dunlin and Curlew Sandpipers, with up to three Short-toed Eagles, Black and White Storks and several Buzzards overhead - when the sun came out, a group of four Red-footed Falcons on wires and hawking insects and a lone Spoonbill heading north, but it was the wagtails and pipits that held our interest with some superb male Black-headed (including two *superciliaris* types) and Blue-headed Wagtails, two-three summer Red-throated Pipits and three tawny Pipits all giving excellent views. We also saw encountered our first Black-headed Buntings – all males and our only Short-toed Lark of the trip.

On the way back we stopped in another area of Pine woodland and had three more Kruper's, another Short-toed Tree Creeper and two Serins. We also stopped at the Mesa wetland and with better weather we enjoyed more wagtails, including a Grey-headed and a flock of 30 Glossy Ibis and at the Garage Pool Temminck's Stint and a Black-tailed Godwit.

Day 3

Friday 29th April

Overcast start with low cloud over mountains, but became sunny with a good breeze during afternoon

Before breakfast we visited the Metochi Lake, but on the way had to stop rather suddenly on the Christou river bridge to enjoy a fine Caspian Tern. At the lake we fine views of a male and female Little Crake, a female Little Bittern and heard, but couldn't locate a singing Savi's Warbler. On the trip back to the hotel some of the group saw a Starling visiting its nest site – an unusual breeding bird on Lesbos.

The plan for today was to head to the west side of the island. Our first stop was the Lardia Valley where we watched an Eastern Bonelli's Warbler nest building, a fine Blue Rock Thrush on the crags and a small group of Crag Martins overhead. The next stop was to see Isabelline Wheatear at their only location on the island – we were not disappointed.

Moving on we arrived at the Ipsilou Monastery – one of the best migrant locations on the island. We opted to walk up the road on the south side as it was relatively sheltered. We made slow progress to start with as we quickly found Cinereous and Cretzschmar's Buntings, Rock Sparrow and Sombre Tit soon after leaving the vehicles. On eventually reaching the trees there were good numbers of Pied Flycatchers with another Eastern Bonelli's Warbler being the highlight.

Lunch beckoned in Sigri and after this we drove out towards the Faneromeni fields, parked the vehicle and very slowly wandered along the road. There were plenty of bird movements to entertain us with an Eleonora's Falcon overheard, three Barred, a fine male Eastern Orphean and three Icterine Warblers amongst the more numerous Lesser Whitethroats and Wood Warblers. Other highlights were our first drake Collared Flycatcher – a really super bird, some really close mud-collecting Red-rumped swallows and a flock of noisy Bee-eaters that unfortunately didn't hang around. We were a little late in leaving and we were delayed even more when we found a flock of 18 Lesser Kestrels perched on wires and trees along the road – it is unusual to see this species so well in Lesvos so we just had to stop and appreciate them. We were still back at the hotel in good time for dinner.

Day 4

Saturday 30th April

A hot and sunny day with only a light sea breeze

We decided to go to a track on the east side of the Kalloni Salt pans before breakfast. This can be a super site in the morning as the light is so good for scanning the salt pans. We added Grey Plover and Shoveler to our trip list and some close Glossy Ibis provided good photographic opportunities, but the displaying Flamingos stole the show...On the way back some of the group managed to see a Marsh Sandpiper by the roadside.

After breakfast we headed north through Kalloni and stopping as we climbed towards the top of the hills overlooking the Kalloni plain at what is known as the Bandstand – although it is highly unlikely that any music has ever been played there! Our intention was to look for raptors and we had fine views of two male Montagu's Harriers, single Hobby and Eleonora's Falcon and our best view of Short-toed Eagle.

Continuing north we next stopped on the Kavaki headland where we had good views of three singing male Ruppell's and at least one Eastern Orphean Warbler and a very smart male Blue Rock Thrush. However, offshore a large flock of over 800 Yelkouan Shearwaters gave some excellent views as they moved about the bay exploiting what must have been an abundant food resource.

Our picnic lunch was just east of Eftlaou on the north coast and although few birds the flowers and butterflies made up for it. We had a brief stop at the Petra Reservoir, but apart from the loafing Yellow-legged Gull flock there was little of note, except one of the most intensely coloured hillside of flowers you could ever imagine. After this we continued east along the north coast road, encountering a close Honey Buzzard, before turning inland and south through the Napi Valley. A few stops in the Napi Valley produced more Sombre Tits, two female Montagu's Harrier, to compliment the two males seen in the morning, and a pair of confiding Cirl Buntings feeding young.

Our final stop was on the Kalloni Salt pans where all the group members caught up with the Marsh Sandpiper, and we enjoyed the close waders and terns in excellent light.

Day 5

Sunday 1st May

A return to overcast conditions with rain showers and strong southerly winds until late afternoon when the wind dropped and it became warmer

Early morning was spent walking from the mouth of the Tsiknias River (the east river of Kalloni) to the upper ford. An unusual sighting was two Black-throated Divers offshore. Along the river there were quite a few Eastern Olivaceous, Cetti's and Great Reed Warblers, with a very photogenic Black Stork, but the most interesting bird was a female Semi-collared Flycatcher – not a classic example, but much appreciated nonetheless.

Following breakfast we headed west again to Ipsilou Monastery. On our arrival it was dull and overcast with the threat of rain and a strong south east wind so we headed up the north side road. Birding was more difficult than yesterday, but there were still quite a few flycatchers and warblers to identify. A good find here was a very confident female Ruppell's Warbler – although lacking a tail it showed extremely well to all members of the group.

After leaving Ipsilou we retraced our route and then headed south to Skalla Eresou. Here our picnic lunch was enjoyed by the river bridge before we walked along the river bank to enjoy a Penduline Tit that was visiting a nest – sounds straightforward, but it was quite a long wait before we all got good views of the bird. A couple of lucky people saw Marsh Warbler here, but it was there and gone very quickly. After this we had a quick look at the beach and had more good views of Yelkouan Shearwater plus some nice views of several Scopoli's Shearwater. Also of interest were several Dolphins and a couple of Shags offshore and a lone Marsh Harrier picked up way offshore before heading north over us.

We then drove back towards Kalloni via the southern road and through the narrow streets of Agra. Several stops added Garden Warbler to our trip list and more Cretzschmars Buntings and Blue Rock Thrushes and a fine perched Long-legged Buzzard. On arrival back at the hotel the majority of the group opted to end their birding for the day, but one of the group members joined the leaders on a quest to get more views of the female Flycatcher seen on the Tsiknias River in the morning – we failed, but did see a fine male Citrine Wagtail

Day 6

Monday 2nd May

Another overcast and windy day with low cloud over mountains, but becoming sunny on the coast

The pre-breakfast excursion was a walk up the Tsiknias River from the Kalloni/Mytilline road bridge. Some fine views of Nightingale, Eastern Olivaceous Warbler and Black-eared Wheatear were had, but superb views of perched Short-toed Eagle and Osprey were the highlight, once the initial confusion had been resolved and realisation that both species were actually present. Some of the group had nice flight views of Middle Spotted Woodpecker as it bounced its way through the olive grove.

The plan for the day was to head west again and spend the day looking for migrants. We stopped in the Lardia valley briefly, but due to poor weather we decided to miss out on Ipsilou. We spent the majority of the day searching the fields and groves at Fanneromeni, except for a break to enjoy lunch in Sigri. There were plenty of migrants present with numerous Spotted Flycatchers, Wood Warblers and Whinchats.

One of the first birds we found was a stunning male Red-backed Shrike which performed well in typical shrike fashion – not so the Lesser Grey Shrike that showed well, but distantly and not for a long period. We found a total of six Icterine Warblers, two fine Grey-headed Wagtails, another, and better marked, female Semi-collared Flycatcher and at last we all had excellent views of perched and close-flying Bee-eaters.

We left Fanneromeni in good time which allowed us time to stop at Ipsilou. Although the weather had improved there were few birds so we didn't linger long. From the buses on the way back glimpses of another Red-backed Shrike (a female this time) and two Black Kites were noteworthy.

Day 7

Tuesday 3rd May

Overcast start with showers and then heavy rain throughout the morning, but hot and sunny during the afternoon

We made a return visit to Metochi Lake before breakfast with further fine views of Little Crake and Little Bittern being had. More unexpectedly was a Baillon's Crake that chose one of the most difficult spots to view as its favoured feeding location. Eventually we found a spot where we could scope it and with some patience we all saw it well.

After breakfast we headed into the Napi Valley, stopping at the Garage Pool by Kalloni Saltpans to enjoy a resting Whiskered Tern, a Marsh Sandpiper, a close summer plumaged Little Stint, and a hunting immature Montagu's Harrier. We parked at the top of the Napi Valley and walked the track into the Platania Valley to visit a site for Olive-tree Warbler. The walk started well with some good views of Sombre Tit, Rock Nuthatch, Orphean Warbler, but then unfortunately the rain started. We persevered in the hope that there would be plenty of warbler activity once the rain ended, and although it did ease when we got to our destination and we had fine views of up to a dozen Golden Oriole, we couldn't find any Olive-tree Warblers – their arrival presumably delayed by the cold/wet weather.

We decided to leave the valley and see if the weather was better on the coast. The journey down provided a new bird for some in the front of the leading bus when a fine close Chukar flew across the road in front of us. At the saltpans we enjoyed the usual good views of terns and waders and we also searched the beach scrub for Rufous Bushchat, but alas these too had not arrived. Our final birding for the day was a visit to a Middle Spotted Woodpecker nest, but unfortunately that had failed and the adults were no longer visiting....

Day 8

Wednesday 4th May

Overcast start, but then sunny spells before thunder and heavy rain by mid afternoon

Before breakfast we walked from the mouth of the Tsiknias River to the upper ford and back. As well as the usual abundance of singing warblers and several Black-headed Buntings we had fine views of a perched Long-legged Buzzard and an opportunity to compare the identification features of Slender-billed Gulls (two adults and two 1st summer) with both Mediterranean and Black-headed Gull.

This being our last full day we decided to remain fairly local. A brief stop at the Messa wetlands provided some lovely views of Alpine Swift before we moved on to the Achladeri Pine Woods.

Here the group leisurely walked through the woods enjoying the Kruper's Nuthatch again and our best views of Subalpine Warbler and yet another flight view of Middle Spotted Woodpecker. We had decided to eat lunch in a Skalla Kalloni tavern, but made a detour to have another look at the roosting Scops Owl just north of Kalloni – it showed better this time...

After lunch we returned to the Kalloni Saltpans to enjoy the area for a final time. We added Cattle Egret (a Lesvos rarity) and Black Tern to the trip list and spent sometime watching three immature Montagu's Harriers as they hunted the grasslands. Unfortunately the black clouds and thunder storm that appeared over the mountains gradually moved south bringing very heavy rain – an earlier return to the hotel than planned was required.

Day 9

Thursday 5th May

An early start from the hotel for our return to the UK – all went according to plan and we arrived back in the UK on time.

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Species Lists

Birds (✓ = recorded but not counted; h = heard only)

	Common name	Scientific name	April/May							
			27	28	29	30	1	2	3	4
1	Little Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>		3	2	2	3		1	1
2	Cory's Shearwater	<i>Calonectris diomedea</i>					6			
3	Yelkouan Shearwater	<i>Puffinus yelkouan</i>				800	200			
4	Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>		5				1	1	
5	Shag	<i>Phalacrocorax aristotelis</i>					2	2		1
6	Little Bittern	<i>Ixobrychus minutus</i>			2		8		4	3
7	Night Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>			1					
8	Squacco Heron	<i>Ardeola ralloides</i>	2	5	6	9	7	12	6	8
9	Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>	20	25	15	20	4	20	15	15
10	Great White Egret	<i>Egretta alba</i>	5	4	1	1		1	2	3
11	Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>	1	9	9	4	2		21	2
12	Purple Heron	<i>Ardea purpurea</i>	1	1	4	2			1	
13	Black Stork	<i>Ciconia nigra</i>		3		3	3		3	2
14	White Stork	<i>Ciconia ciconia</i>	2	5		6			2	1
15	Glossy Ibis	<i>Plegadis falcinellus</i>	25	44		40			1	1
16	Spoonbill	<i>Platalea leucorodia</i>		1						
17	Greater Flamingo	<i>Phoenicopterus ruber</i>	✓	✓		968	✓		✓	✓
18	Ruddy Shelduck	<i>Tadorna ferruginea</i>	34	27	1	12	1	1	22	20
19	Shelduck	<i>Tadorna tadorna</i>	12	2		18	2			2
20	Shoveler	<i>Anas clyptea</i>				4				
21	Honey Buzzard	<i>Pernis apivorus</i>				1				
22	Black Kite	<i>Milvus migrans</i>			2			2		
23	Short-toed Eagle	<i>Circaetus gallicus</i>		3	3	10		4	1	3
24	Marsh Harrier	<i>Circus aeruginosus</i>	2	3	2	1	2		1	3
25	Montagu's Harrier	<i>Circus pygargus</i>			1	4		2	2	3
26	Sparrowhawk	<i>Accipiter nisus</i>			1	3	1			
27	Common Buzzard	<i>Buteo buteo</i>		3	3	6	4	5	3	2
28	Long-legged Buzzard	<i>Buteo rufinus</i>		1	2	2	1	2	1	1
29	Osprey	<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>						1		
30	Lesser Kestrel	<i>Falco naumanni</i>		1	25	1		20		
31	Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>			1		2	1	1	
	Kestrel sp	<i>Falco naumanni/tinnunculus</i>				2				4
32	Red-footed Falcon	<i>Falco vespertinus</i>		4		4	3	1	3	2
33	Hobby	<i>Falco subbuteo</i>				1				
34	Eleonora's Falcon	<i>Falco eleonora</i>			1	1				
35	Peregrine	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>			1	1	1	2		
36	Chukar	<i>Alectoris chukar</i>							1	
37	Water Rail	<i>Rallus aquaticus</i>			1				1	1
38	Little Crake	<i>Porzana parva</i>			6				3	
39	Baillon's Crake	<i>Porzana pusilla</i>							1	
40	Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>	12	10	3		10		5	1
41	Coot	<i>Fulica atra</i>	2	2						1
42	Black-winged Stilt	<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>	40	50		45			60	75
43	Avocet	<i>Recurvirostra avocetta</i>	60	80		120			100	120
44	Stone Curlew	<i>Burhinus oediconemus</i>		3		2				
45	Little Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius dubius</i>	4	3		2	4	6	4	3
46	Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius hiaticula</i>		3						

	Common name	Scientific name	April/May							
			27	28	29	30	1	2	3	4
47	Kentish Plover	<i>Charadrius alexandrinus</i>	3	6		2	4	6	4	3
48	Grey Plover	<i>Pluvialis squatarola</i>				5				
49	Little Stint	<i>Calidris minuta</i>		300		220			12	10
50	Temminck's Stint	<i>Calidris temminckii</i>	3	3		2		1		3
51	Curlew Sandpiper	<i>Calidris ferruginea</i>		12		25			40	2
52	Dunlin	<i>Calidris alpina</i>		3		15				
53	Ruff	<i>Philomachus pugnax</i>	80	150		70			12	6
54	Black tailed Godwit	<i>Limosa limosa</i>		1						
55	Curlew	<i>Numenius arquata</i>				1	1		2	
56	Spotted Redshank	<i>Tringa erythropus</i>		3						
57	Redshank	<i>Tringa tetanus</i>		2		1				
58	Marsh Sandpiper	<i>Tringa stagnatilis</i>				1			1	
59	Greenshank	<i>Tringa nebularia</i>	3	4		2				2
60	Wood Sandpiper	<i>Tringa glareola</i>	20	50	3	20	10	15	12	6
61	Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>		5			2		2	2
62	Turnstone	<i>Arenaria interpres</i>		1					1	
63	Mediterranean Gull	<i>Larus melanocephalus</i>	1	2		2	1		1	1
64	Slender billed Gull	<i>Larus genei</i>								4
65	Yellow-legged Gull	<i>Larus michahellis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
66	Gull-billed Tern	<i>Gelochelidon nilotica</i>	3	8		1				
67	Caspian Tern	<i>Sterna caspia</i>			1					
68	Common Tern	<i>Sterna hirundo</i>	20	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
69	Little Tern	<i>Sterna albifrons</i>	6	30		✓			✓	✓
70	Whiskered Tern	<i>Chlidonias hybridus</i>	100	60	8	25			10	20
71	Black Tern	<i>Chlidonias niger</i>								1
72	White-winged Black Tern	<i>Chlidonias leucopterus</i>	15	10		6				2
73	Rock Dove (Feral)	<i>Columba livia</i>			2	1	2	12		10
74	Wood Pigeon	<i>Columba palumbus</i>		1						
75	Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
76	Turtle Dove	<i>Streptopelia turtur</i>	1		10	6	6	6	8	4
77	Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus canorus</i>		1		1			1	
78	Scops Owl	<i>Otus scops</i>	1	1h						1 +1h
79	Little Owl	<i>Atene noctua</i>						1	2	
80	Long-eared Owl	<i>Asio otus</i>						1		
81	Common Swift	<i>Apus apus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
82	Alpine Swift	<i>Apus melba</i>		10	2	1				12
83	Bee-eater	<i>Merops apiaster</i>			50			30	6	20
84	Hoopoe	<i>Upupa epops</i>	1	2	4	1	2	1	3	
85	Middle Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos medius</i>					1	3	1	1
86	Short-toed Lark	<i>Calandrella brachydactyla</i>		1						
87	Crested Lark	<i>Galerida cristata</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
88	Woodlark	<i>Lullula arborea</i>		1h	2		2	1	1	
89	Sand Martin	<i>Riparia riparia</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
90	Crag Martin	<i>Ptyonoprogne rupestris</i>			2	30	1	6		
91	Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
92	Red-rumped Swallow	<i>Hirundo daurica</i>	1	2	20	4	20	15	10	
93	House Martin	<i>Delichon urbica</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
94	Tawny Pipit	<i>Anthus campestris</i>		3					1	
95	Tree Pipit	<i>Anthus trivialis</i>			10	2		5	3	
96	Red-throated Pipit	<i>Anthus cervinus</i>		6	3	1				
97	Yellow Wagtail	<i>Motacilla flava</i>								

	Common name	Scientific name	April/May							
			27	28	29	30	1	2	3	4
	Black-headed Wagtail	<i>Motacilla (flava) feldegg</i>	3	50		3	2	2	1	2
	Grey-headed Wagtail	<i>Motacilla flava thunbergi</i>		1	1			2		
	Blue-headed Wagtail	<i>Motacilla flava flava</i>	4	150	6	6	2	12		
98	Citrine Wagtail	<i>Motacilla citreola</i>				1				
99	White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>		1		1	1			1
100	Wren	<i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i>			6	2		2		
101	Nightingale	<i>Luscinia megarhynchos</i>	6	6	10	6	10	6	2	4
102	Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus phoenicurus</i>			2					
103	Whinchat	<i>Saxicola rubeta</i>	3	10	25	10	20	60	15	8
104	Stonechat	<i>Saxicola torquata</i>		5	10	3	4	2		
105	Isabelline Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe isabellina</i>			2					
106	Northern Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe oenanthe</i>			5	2		1		
107	Black-eared Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe hispanica</i>		3	10	6	20	10	10	3
108	Blue Rock Thrush	<i>Monticola solitarius</i>			1	1	3			
109	Blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>	1	8	12	12	10	6	12	10
110	Cetti's Warbler	<i>Cettia cetti</i>	6	5	10	1	8	6	10	8
111	Savi's Warbler	<i>Locustella luscinioides</i>			1h					
112	Sedge Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus schoenobaenus</i>	5	6	15	1	20	8	6	10
113	Marsh Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus palustris</i>					1			
114	Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus scirpaceus</i>	8	10	6	2	15	1	4	6
115	Great Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus arundinaceus</i>	3	3	5	2	6	3	4	2
116	Eastern Olivaceous Warbler	<i>Hippolais pallida</i>	4	6	6	6	20	12	10	15
117	Icterine Warbler	<i>Hippolais icterina</i>			4			6		
118	Subalpine Warbler	<i>Sylvia cantillans</i>			4			4		3
119	Ruppell's Warbler	<i>Sylvia rueppelli</i>				3	1			
120	Barred Warbler	<i>Sylvia nisoria</i>			4			1		
121	Eastern Orphean Warbler	<i>Sylvia hortensis</i>			5	1	1	1	2	
122	Lesser Whitethroat	<i>Sylvia curruca</i>			50	6	6	6		1
123	Whitethroat	<i>Sylvia communis</i>		3	6	6	2	8		1
124	Garden Warbler	<i>Sylvia borin</i>					1			
125	Blackcap	<i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>	1	2	12	2	15	15	2	
126	Eastern Bonelli's Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus orientalis</i>			4			1		
127	Wood Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus sibilatrix</i>		2	10	2	2	12	4	
128	Chiffchaff	<i>Phylloscopus collybita</i>			1		1	1		
129	Willow Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus trochilus</i>			1		1	1		
130	Spotted Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa striata</i>	1	8	30	6	10	15	12	6
131	Collared Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula albicollis</i>			4		6	1		
132	Pied Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula hypoleuca</i>		1	20		12	10		
133	Semi-collared Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula semitorquata</i>				1		1		
134	Sombre Tit	<i>Parus lugubris</i>			2	1	3		6	
135	Blue Tit	<i>Parus caeruleus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
136	Great Tit	<i>Parus major</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
137	Penduline Tit	<i>Remiz pendulinus</i>					1			
138	Kruper's Nuthatch	<i>Sitta krueperi</i>		5						1
139	Nuthatch	<i>Sitta europea</i>			1					
140	Rock Nuthatch	<i>Sitta neumayer</i>			1	2	1	3	3	
141	Short-toed Treecreeper	<i>Certhia brachydactyla</i>			4					
142	Golden Oriole	<i>Oriolus oriolus</i>	2	6	6			12	12	
143	Red-backed Shrike	<i>Lanius collurio</i>						2		
144	Lesser Grey Shrike	<i>Lanius minor</i>						1		
145	Woodchat Shrike	<i>Lanius senator</i>		2	8	2	3	20	6	2

	Common name	Scientific name	April/May							
			27	28	29	30	1	2	3	4
146	Masked Shrike	<i>Lanius nubicus</i>		2		6			5	4
147	Jay	<i>Garrulus glandarius</i>	1	2	10	1	8	6	5	1
148	Jackdaw	<i>Corvus monedula</i>			40		4	3		
149	Hooded Crow	<i>Corvus cornix</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
150	Raven	<i>Corvus corax</i>		2	2	2	4	7		
151	Starling	<i>Sturnus vulgaris</i>			1					
152	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
153	Spanish Sparrow	<i>Passer hispaniolensis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
154	Rock Sparrow	<i>Petronia petronia</i>			1			1		
155	Chaffinch	<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>		20	15	20	6	6	12	20
156	Serin	<i>Serinus serinus</i>		2		3				2
157	Greenfinch	<i>Carduelis chloris</i>	4	6	6	1	4	2		4
158	Goldfinch	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i>	6	2	15	12	10	12	6	10
159	Linnet	<i>Acanthis cannabina</i>			3	6	6		6	
160	Cirl Bunting	<i>Emberiza cirlus</i>		5	12	2	5	10	8	5
161	Cinereous Bunting	<i>Emberiza cineracea</i>			6		6	2		
162	Cretzschmar's Bunting	<i>Emberiza caesia</i>			2	2	3	6	4	1
163	Black headed Bunting	<i>Emberiza melancephola</i>		3	4	2	20	30	15	12
164	Corn Bunting	<i>Miliaria calandra</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Total of 167 species recorded										

Mammals

Persian Squirrel

Red Fox

Beech Martin (dead)

Hedgehog (dead)

Bat sp

Dolphin sp.

Lepidoptera

Scarce Swallowtail

Swallowtail

Orange Tip

Clouded Yellow

Painted lady

Red Admiral

Small Copper

Small White

Common Blue

Eastern Festoon

Cream-spot Tiger

Yellow Belle

Reptiles & amphibians

Agama

Wall Lizard

Stripe-necked Terrapin

Pond Terrapin

Tortoise sp

Marsh Frog

Other taxa

Praying mantis