

# Lesbos

Naturetrek Tour Report

24 April - 2 May 2007

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*Masked Shrike*

Report compiled by Reg Thorpe



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## Day 1

**Tuesday 24th April**

A problem free day of travel from Heathrow with Alan and the group arriving only slightly late to meet Reg at the Hotel Pasiphae. After checking in, the evening meal and a quick briefing on the next day's events it was off to bed accompanied by the song of the garden Nightingale.

## Day 2

**Wednesday 25th April**

The pre-breakfast walk took us along past the dry Kalonia Pool and then westwards towards the West River. As our first taste of birding in Lesbos it provided an opportunity to see and hear the typical birds of the island including Crested Lark, Cetti's Warbler and Corn Buntings as well as a few less common species such as 4 Black Stork, a perched Red-footed Falcon and a small group of Kentish Plovers.

After breakfast the first stop was "Derbyshire" which produced Ruddy Shelduck and Shelduck, more Kentish Plover, 2 Spotted Redshank as well as Black-eared Wheatear, Whinchat and Wheatear. Moving onto the Achleleri Pine Forest we were soon watching a pair of Krüper's Nuthatch feeding young at their nest. Whilst waiting for the adults to return with food, brief views through an opening in the woodland canopy were had of 4 Eleonora's Falcons as they drifted slowly north. The walk back to the vehicles provided super views of a pair of Masked Shrike, but despite being able to hear Short-toed Tree Creepers almost continuously we only obtained brief view.

After lunch in Skalla Kallonis and a siesta we headed back eastwards to the Kallonia Salt Pans for a couple of hours of excellent birdwatching. On arrival we were greeted by a flock of 30 summer plumaged White-winged Black Terns and a single Black Tern. On scanning the pans we soon found Glossy Ibis, Spoonbill and flocks of waders – small numbers of Marsh and Curlew Sandpiper and Little Stint as well as numerous Ruff and Wood Sandpipers. The highlight however, was a superb Collared Pratincole which flew in and landed only 25m away allowing everyone amazing prolonged views.

## Day 3

Thursday 26th April

Early morning saw the group at the Inland Lake enjoying views of x Little Crakes and 2 Little Bitterns whilst listening to Golden Orioles – a nice way to start the day!

Following breakfast we departed towards Petra stopping at the “Bandstand” on the way. This vantage point overlooking the Kallonia Plain can be good for watching passage raptors in the right weather conditions. Unfortunately the conditions were not good so we paid more attention to the scrub covered hillsides and were rewarded by finding and having good views of Cirl Bunting, Rock Nuthatch, Cretzschmar’s Bunting and a very close “showing-off” male Subalpine Warbler.

After this our next stop was the Ruppell’s Warbler site just north of Petra and it didn’t disappoint with two males and a female on view. Other notable species here were a singing and nest building Eastern Orphean Warbler, a Blue Rock Thrush and several Black-eared Wheatears, that obviously enjoyed our company as they remained close by throughout our visit.

After a brief detour to the Molivos reservoir we moved along the north coast and stopped for a picnic lunch near Eftalou – almost immediately a smart adult Audouin’s Gull flew east only 50m offshore. After lunch we continued eastwards until we located a feeding flock of Yellow-legged Gulls which were accompanied by Cory’s and Yelkouan Shearwaters – a bit distance, but definitely closer to Lesbos than Turkey!

Heading inland from the coast our route took us through Modamodos and just as we turned inland through the Napi Valley a group of Red-footed Falcons performed nicely feeding below the road. Stopping at several places in the Napi Valley produced our best view so far of Masked Shrikes and more Red-footed Falcons as well as other species associated with olive groves and open country.

On reaching the Kallonia Plain we diverted onto the track alongside the East River for a quick look (A 5 min detour?!), but as usual the birds delayed us. Fine views of two Whiskered Terns, Glossy Ibis, Temminck’s Stint, four Marsh Sandpipers and stunning views of Nightingale were all seen as we moved towards the lower ford. At the ford a chaotic 30 mins resulted in views of Citrine Wagtail, Black-headed Bunting, Spotted and Little Crakes and a Collared Pratincole flying low over our heads – what an end to a fantastic day....

## Day 4

Friday 27th April

Another day full of birds..... the early risers visited the east side of the Kalonia Salt pans and walked down the track towards the sea. Despite the very cold wind and lack of freshwater the fields held groups of Whinchat and some brightly coloured Red-throated Pipits and a single Tawny Pipit that were just reward for those who had less sleep than others.

The main part of the day was spent in the west of the island. Travelling towards Sigri our first stop was in the “Grand Canyon” where Rock Sparrows, Blue Rock Thrush and Crag Martins all showed well as did a few low circling Long-legged Buzzards. Moving onto the Eressos Junction the target species – Isabelline Wheatear, was soon being watched through scopes as they display flighted close to the road.

However, it was the supporting cast that stole the show - A splendid Roller, two male Red-backed Shrikes, a singing Cinereous Bunting and a tree absolutely full of Golden Orioles being the highlights. We eventually dragged ourselves away and made for Ipsilou Monastery. In the gardens and hillside trees migrants were in low numbers, but we encountered Wood Warblers, a Pied Flycatcher and a very smart male Collared Flycatcher as well as more Rock Sparrows and a high flying singing Woodlark.

After lunch at Ipsilou we moved down to Faneromeni – stopping on the way for another brief view of a dark Eleonora's Falcon. The first 5 min stop of the day, turned out to be a 40min stop as we watched a few trees in one of the olive groves which contained Spotted and Pied Flycatchers, Wood Warblers and a Tree Pipit along with a fence line full of Yellow Wagtails and a low flying Short-toed Eagle.

Following this a walk to the ford (although dry) produced more flycatchers, at least three Masked Shrikes, but the best was at the ford where a flock of Bee-eaters arrived, calling, perching and hawking bees all around us – a fantastic experience for all of us. Heading home there were the inevitable stops for birds seen from the van, the best being a group of about twenty Lesser Kestrels and a perched Hoopoe.

## Day 5

Saturday 28th April

Sunrise over the Inland Lake for those on the pre breakfast trip this morning. The bushes and reeds were full of Great Reed, Sedge and Reed Warblers as well as a few Little Bitterns and Little Crakes. Night and Purple Heron were added to the trip list. The star bird, for some, was a singing River Warbler, which sang from very close to us, but just wouldn't show itself, but for others it was the excellent views of foraging Golden Orioles gorging on large caterpillars in an oak tree.

Following breakfast a quick visit, which as usual was longer than planned... saw us looking at a flock of White-winged Black Terns and two adult Slender-billed Gulls on the Kallonia Salt pans amongst the usual waders and Flamingos. We then drove up the Napi Valley (appreciating it from a different perspective compared to yesterday) and loitered at the well known Olive-tree Warbler site. Although no sign of the target species we did have good views of Masked Shrike singing and doing a fairly good impersonation of Olive-tree Warbler, and enjoyed the local Eastern Orphean Warblers and a few migrating Red-footed Falcons as well as more of the usual species.

After lunch at a taverna in Skalla Kallonis and then after a restful couple of hours we returned to the Salt Pans. A few of the waders like Little Stint and Curlew Sandpiper that had remained stubbornly distant up until now finally gave good views. A walk through the "Sheep Fields", although windy, was productive with stunning views of Short-toed larks, Tawny Pipits and Red-throated Pipits.

The drive back to the lower East River ford was a stop and start affair as usual and at the ford the now expected species was seen along with two Black-headed Buntings. The final good bird of the day was a high flying Pallid Swift in a flock of Common Swifts, that showed well to those that could follow (and understand) the rapid horse-race commentator like directions from the leaders!

## Day 6

## Sunday 29th April

Another visit to the inland lake in the hope of seeing the River Warbler, but no joy. However, we did locate a second individual which allowed even close approach than yesterday's bird, but we still couldn't see it! Birds we did see included three Purple Herons as well as the now familiar Little Bitterns, Night Herons and Little Crakes.

Our first stop after breakfast was "Scops copse" and we were rewarded with a single bird in full view giving everyone the best views they had ever had of this species. The next stop was the Upper East River where we were greeted by a singing Black-headed Bunting, several Red-backed Shrikes and a fine Lesser Grey Shrike. Moving up the track we heard a loud raucous call which turned out to be a Great Spotted Cuckoo. This star bird performed extremely well perched on the edge of a bush for several minutes before a second bird called and our bird flew off towards it low over our heads!

Lunch was at Achledei Pine Forest allowing us more views of the Krüper's Nuthatch, Masked Shrike and scope views of Short-toed Tree Creeper. Moving down the east coast of Kallonia Bay we stopped to see Serins by the roadside and to photograph the White Storks nest in Ploichinotos before arriving at the Polichinotos Salt pans. Although the pans themselves were quite quiet the fields just inland were very productive with the highlight being foraging parties of fourteen Bee-eaters and nine Red-footed Falcons sharing the same branches of an isolated bush as vantage points. Returning on a very interesting route through narrow streets and steep hills we headed to Skalla Kallonis where the last hour of the day was spent at the Lower Ford enjoying its usual attractions.

## Day 7

## Monday 30th April

Sunrise today was witnessed at a new locality...the upper East River. Although Rufous Bushchat still hadn't arrived at this site we did see (and hear) three Great Spotted Cuckoo as well as obliging Orphean Warblers and scope-filling Cirl Buntings.

Today we headed west towards Sigri, but this time we travelled first to Skalla Erressos, where the river still held some water and proved attractive for a small number of migrants including two Little Crakes. From Skalla Erressos we returned to Erressos and then travelled on the track through remote and spectacular countryside towards Sigri stopping on route at the well known ford. There was still water here and it provided an excellent relaxing birding location during our lunch break as well as allowing some members of the group to catch up with Sombre Tit as a family party was showing well. Although migrants were in low numbers the track birding produced our best views of Rock Nuthatch, numerous Cretzschmar's Buntings and several Red-backed Shrikes.

After a brief stop in Sigri we moved on to the Ipsilou Monastery, where again migrants were few and far between, but the group enjoyed the wonderful views and a walk down the roads through the scattered trees practicing their identification skills without the leaders, who had taken the vans to meet them at the bottom of the hill – although some made less progress down the hill than others!

A final stop on the homeward journey near the Erressos junction allowed us another opportunity to enjoy Isabelline Wheatears as well as mating Long-legged Buzzards and more Golden Orioles, Red-backed Shrikes and Rock Sparrows.

## Day 8

Tuesday 1st May

Pre breakfast time was spent at the Inland Lake to savour the crakes and Little Bitterns for the last time. They performed well with their now familiar background chorus of singing Golden Orioles.

With this the last full day of the trip the focus was on trying to see Olive-tree Warbler in the Napi Valley. On arriving at a suitable location we could soon hear a singing bird...but could we see it? Well almost! Brief glimpses of a shape moving through the oak foliage was the best we could manage before the increasing wind strength made likely success improbable. However, excellent views of other smart species such as singing Turtle Doves, Golden Orioles, masked Shrikes and more Sombre Tits kept us entertained whilst we tried to see the warbler.

We returned to Skalla Kallonis for lunch in a taverna in the town centre and having enjoyed some super traditional Lesbos food we headed to the East River. Here new arrivals were a party of Temminck's Stints and one Little Stint giving good views and side-by-side comparisons. Moving on to the Salt Pans the usual selection of waders and terns performed and a flock of summer plumaged Curlew Sandpipers dropped in to bring some colour to the proceedings. Completing the circuit we returned back along the East River towards Skalla Kallonis – stopping for the last time and our final 5 mins viewing at the lower ford.

## Day 9

Wednesday 2nd May

Although the weather looked unpromising with wind and overcast skies when we set off, it was reasonably calm when we arrived at the site in the Napi Valley where we had heard the Olive-tree Warbler the day before. As we watched the sunrise and listened to the warbler singing hopes were high that we would get good views...well some of the group did, but it again proved very difficult for most to get anything other than a brief glimpse.

After breakfast and some packing we made a quick visit to the Upper East River and enjoyed our last views of the trip of the typical Lesbos hillside species – Cirl and Cretzschmar's Buntings were singing, Red-backed Shrikes, Whinchat and Spotted Flycatchers hunted insects from exposed perches and Black-eared Wheatears scolded us as they fed young amongst the rocks.

Although brief our final stop was at the Salt Pans which right at the last moment, as one of the vans pulled away, a flock of forty five summer plumaged Whiskered terns plummeted out of the skies calling all around us before commencing feeding over the lagoons...what a place!

After lunch at the Hotel we left for the airport at around 3pm and had an uneventful trip back to the UK.

Group members were asked to vote for their favourite species on the trip – as usual there were many suggestions with a mix of new and wanted species, colourful species and those that just gave us fantastic views – some even voted the terrapins on a floating fridge as their highlight!. The top five favourite birds were:

- 1: White-winged Black Terns
- 2: Red-footed Falcon
- 3: Bee Eater
- 4: Great Spotted Cuckoo
- 5: Black-headed Bunting/Cretzschmar's Bunting

## Species Lists

### Birds

	Common name	Scientific name	April/May							
			25	26	27	28	29	30	1	2
1	Little Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>		2		2	5	1	2	
2	Cory's Shearwater	<i>Calonectris diomedea</i>		20						
3	Yelkouan Shearwater	<i>Puffinus yelkouan</i>		60						
4	Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>	1					2	1	1
5	Shag	<i>Phalacrocorax aristotelis</i>		3				2		
6	Little Bittern	<i>Ixobrychus minutus</i>		4		2	5	4	4	
7	Night Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>				3	1			
8	Squacco Heron	<i>Ardeola ralloides</i>		3		3		1		
9	Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>	12	10	10	12	15	2	12	
10	Great White Egret	<i>Egretta alba</i>	3		2	6	1		1	
11	Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>	3	1	1	4	1		2	1
12	Purple Heron	<i>Ardea purpurea</i>				1	4			
13	Black Stork	<i>Ciconia nigra</i>	6	2	6	6	3	3	4	
14	White Stork	<i>Ciconia ciconia</i>	2	6		1	1		5	2
15	Glossy Ibis	<i>Plegadis falcinellus</i>	11	2	6	2				
16	Spoonbill	<i>Platalea leucorodia</i>	1			1	1			
17	Greater Flamingo	<i>Phoenicopterus ruber</i>	101		√	√	4		120	149
18	Ruddy Shelduck	<i>Tadorna ferruginea</i>	6	2	3	1	3	2		
19	Shelduck	<i>Tadorna tadorna</i>	2		2	3	11		8	2
20	Short-toed Eagle	<i>Circaetus gallicus</i>	5	2	4	1		2	1	
21	Marsh Harrier	<i>Circus aeruginosus</i>			1				1	
22	Sparrowhawk	<i>Accipiter nisus</i>		4			2			
23	Common Buzzard	<i>Buteo buteo</i>		3	5	3	3	2		
24	Long-legged Buzzard	<i>Buteo rufinus</i>	1	3	4	4	1	6	2	
25	Lesser Kestrel	<i>Falco naumanni</i>		1		30		3		
26	Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>		2	2	1			1	
27	Red-footed Falcon	<i>Falco vespertinus</i>	2	7	4	10	10	2	1	1
28	Eleonora's Falcon	<i>Falco eleonora</i>	4			1				
29	Spotted Crake	<i>Porzana porzana</i>		1						
30	Little Crake	<i>Porzana parva</i>		9		8	3	3	7	
31	Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>		√		√	√	√	√	
32	Coot	<i>Fulica atra</i>		1		1	1		1	
33	Oystercatcher	<i>Haematopus ostralegus</i>					1			
34	Stone Curlew	<i>Burhinus oedicnemus</i>	1			5			1	2
35	Black-winged Stilt	<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>	√	2	√	√	√		√	√
36	Avocet	<i>Recurvirostra avocetta</i>	√	2	√	√	√		√	√
37	Collared Pratincole	<i>Glareola pratincola</i>	1	1		1				
38	Little Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius dubius</i>	1	6	2	4	3	1	6	
39	Grey Plover	<i>Pluvialis squatarola</i>				5	4		2	
40	Kentish Plover	<i>Charadrius alexandrinus</i>	50		2	3			14	2
41	Curlew Sandpiper	<i>Calidris ferruginea</i>	10			10			16	
42	Little Stint	<i>Calidris minuta</i>	15			5			12	5
43	Temminck's Stint	<i>Calidris temminckii</i>	1	1		2	2		4	
44	Ruff	<i>Philomachus pugnax</i>	40			20	6		6	
45	Black tailed Godwit	<i>Limosa limosa</i>	2			2				
46	Whimbrel	<i>Numenius phaeopus</i>	2			1				

	Common name	Scientific name	April/May							
			25	26	27	28	29	30	1	2
47	Redshank	<i>Tringa totanus</i>	3			1				
48	Spotted Redshank	<i>Tringa erythropus</i>	2	1	5					
49	Greenshank	<i>Tringa nebularia</i>		4		6	5		5	
50	Marsh Sandpiper	<i>Tringa stagnatilis</i>	1	4		4				
51	Wood Sandpiper	<i>Tringa glareola</i>	10	30	√	√	√		√	1
52	Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>	1	3	1	1	3		2	2
53	Green Sandpiper	<i>Tringa ochropus</i>		1						
54	Mediterranean Gull	<i>Larus melanocephalus</i>		32						
55	Audouin's Gull	<i>Larus audouinii</i>		1						
56	Slender billed Gull	<i>Larus genei</i>				2				
57	Yellow-legged Gull	<i>Larus cachinnans michahellis</i>	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
58	Sandwich Tern	<i>Sterna sandvicensis</i>							1	
59	Common Tern	<i>Sterna hirundo</i>	√	8	√	√	√	5	√	√
60	Little Tern	<i>Sterna albifrons</i>	√	1	12	20	10	2	20	10
61	Whiskered Tern	<i>Chlidonias hybridus</i>		2		5	1		2	45
62	Black Tern	<i>Chlidonias niger</i>	1							
63	White-winged Black Tern	<i>Chlidonias leucopterus</i>	40		4	50	5		20	
64	Rock Dove (Feral)	<i>Columba livia</i>		√	5	11	4	1	1	2
65	Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
66	Turtle Dove	<i>Streptopelia turtur</i>	1	3	4	4	7	3	6	2
67	Great spotted Cuckoo	<i>Clamator glandarius</i>					2	3		
68	Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus canorus</i>	2	1	2	3		2	5	
69	Scops Owl	<i>Otus scops</i>					1			
70	Little Owl	<i>Athene noctua</i>		1	1	1		2		
71	Common Swift	<i>Apus apus</i>	√	√	√	√	√	√	20	2
72	Pallid Swift	<i>Apus pallidus</i>				1				
73	Alpine Swift	<i>Apus melba</i>	2							
74	Bee-eater	<i>Merops apiaster</i>			50		14		9	
75	Roller	<i>Coracias garrulus</i>			1					
76	Hoopoe	<i>Upupa epops</i>		2	2	3			2	2
77	Middle Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos medius</i>	1	1	2	2	3		1	1
78	Crested Lark	<i>Galerida cristata</i>	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
79	Short-toed Lark	<i>Calandrella brachydactyla</i>				50				
80	Woodlark	<i>Lullula arborea</i>			3					
81	Crag Martin	<i>Ptyonoprogne rupestris</i>		1	30			1		
82	Sand Martin	<i>Riparia riparia</i>		10	10	40	40		10	
83	Red-rumped Swallow	<i>Hirundo daurica</i>	10	12	15	15	8	10	6	
84	Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
85	House Martin	<i>Delichon urbica</i>	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
86	Tree Pipit	<i>Anthus trivialis</i>			2					
87	Red-throated Pipit	<i>Anthus cervinus</i>			25	4	6		4	
88	Tawny Pipit	<i>Anthus campestris</i>			1	3				
89	White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>		1			1			
90	Black-headed Wagtail	<i>Motacilla (flava) feldegg</i>	5	8	10	6	2	2		
91	Yellow Wagtail (sp)	<i>Motacilla flava</i>		30	50	35	20	2		
92	Citrine Wagtail	<i>Motacilla citreola</i>		2						
93	Wren	<i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i>			1		1	1		
94	Nightingale	<i>Luscinia megarhynchos</i>	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	3
95	Whinchat	<i>Saxicola rubeta</i>	2	1	20	3	3	3		10
96	Stonechat	<i>Saxicola torquata</i>	2	2			1	7		
97	Isabelline Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe isabellina</i>			12			7		



	Common name	Scientific name	April/May							
			25	26	27	28	29	30	1	2
98	Northern Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe oenanthe</i>	1	1						
99	Black-eared Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe hispanica</i>	3	12	20	5	4	12	1	2
100	Blue Rock Thrush	<i>Monticola solitarius</i>		1	2			1		
101	Blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>	1	6	10	6	10	5	6	10
102	Mistle Thrush	<i>Turdus viscivorus</i>			1			1		
103	Cetti's Warbler	<i>Cettia cetti</i>	10	4	2	6	10	6	12	3
104	River Warbler	<i>Locustella fluviatilis</i>				1	1			
105	Savi's Warbler	<i>Locustella luscinioides</i>		2						
106	Sedge Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus schoenobaenus</i>	2	10		20	10		6	
107	Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus scirpaceus</i>	√	8		15	15	3	4	
108	Great Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus arundinaceus</i>	1	2	1	20	4		5	1
109	Olivaceous Warbler	<i>Hippolais pallida</i>	2	6	2	6	10	5	10	4
110	Olive tree Warbler	<i>Hippolais olivetorum</i>							1	1
111	Subalpine Warbler	<i>Sylvia cantillans</i>		8	6	6	1	6	6	2
112	Ruppell's Warbler	<i>Sylvia rueppelli</i>		3						
113	Lesser Whitethroat	<i>Sylvia curruca</i>	1	1	1					
114	Whitethroat	<i>Sylvia communis</i>	1	3		2	1		1	
115	Blackcap	<i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>				2				
116	Eastern Orphean Warbler	<i>Sylvia hortensis</i>		1	1	2	3	3	3	3
117	Wood Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus sibilatrix</i>			8			1		
118	Willow Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus trochilus</i>			2			1		
119	Spotted Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa striata</i>			1	1	1	5		2
120	Collared Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula albicollis</i>			4					
121	Pied Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula hypoleuca</i>			3		1	1		
122	Long-tailed Tit	<i>Aegithalos caudatus</i>	2							
123	Sombre Tit	<i>Parus lugubris</i>		1	1		1	8	8	1
124	Blue Tit	<i>Parus caeruleus</i>	3	6	6	√	√	1	6	2
125	Great Tit	<i>Parus major</i>	1	4	6	√	√	4	4	6
126	Coal Tit	<i>Parus ater</i>	1							
127	Krüper's Nuthatch	<i>Sitta krueperi</i>	2				3			
128	Rock Nuthatch	<i>Sitta neumayer</i>		1		1	1	4	1	4
129	Short-toed Treecreeper	<i>Certhia brachydactyla</i>	1				3			
130	Golden Oriole	<i>Oriolus oriolus</i>		1	9	8	6	15	6	6
131	Red-backed Shrike	<i>Lanius collurio</i>		1	8	5	15	10	3	5
132	Lesser Grey Shrike	<i>Lanius minor</i>				1	5			1
133	Woodchat Shrike	<i>Lanius senator</i>	3	5	4	1	4	1	3	
134	Masked Shrike	<i>Lanius nubicus</i>	2	3	4	5	2		2	4
135	Jay	<i>Garrulus glandarius</i>	2	3	5	6	1	1	3	3
136	Jackdaw	<i>Corvus monedula</i>						45		
137	Hooded Crow	<i>Corvus corone cornix</i>	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
138	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
139	Spanish Sparrow	<i>Passer hispaniolensis</i>	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
140	Rock Sparrow	<i>Petronia petronia</i>			8			3		
141	Chaffinch	<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
142	Serin	<i>Serinus serinus</i>					10			
143	Greenfinch	<i>Carduelis chloris</i>	√	10	6	4	2	6	4	4
144	Goldfinch	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i>	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
145	Linnet	<i>Acanthis cannabina</i>	√		6			10		
146	Corn Bunting	<i>Miliaria calandra</i>	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
147	Cinereous Bunting	<i>Emberiza cineracea</i>			2			8		
148	Cretzschmar's Bunting	<i>Emberiza caesia</i>		6	15	3	1	20		1

	Common name	Scientific name	April/May							
			25	26	27	28	29	30	1	2
149	Black-headed Bunting	<i>Emberiza melanocephala</i>		1		2	5	3	20	6
150	Cirl Bunting	<i>Emberiza cirius</i>	2	4	10	3	2	8	1	4

## Non avian highlights

### Butterflies

Cleopatra

Swallowtail

Small Copper

Wall

Bath White

Red Admiral

Small Tortoiseshell

Orange-tip

Painted Lady

Large White

Knapweed Fritillary

Clouded Yellow

Small Heath

Scarce Swallowtail

Eastern Festoon

### Others

Persian Squirrel

Fox

Stripe-necked Terrapin

European Pond Terrapin

Agama Lizard

Green Lizard

Balkan Wall Lizard

Marsh Frog

Dice Snake