

France - Butterflies in Normandy

Naturetrek Tour Report

6 - 10 July 2017



Faust's Burnet



Ilex Hairstreak



Lesser Marbled Fritillary



Purple Emperor

Report and images by Tom Brereton



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Day 1

Thursday 7th July

We met by the ferry terminal and departed Poole at 8.30am on the ferry for our four-and-a-half hour journey across the western English Channel on the Brittany Ferries *Barfleur*.

Soon after leaving we passed Brownsea Lagoon in Poole Harbour, where we saw plenty of Shelduck, Little Egrets and Sandwich Terns together several species of wader and six Spoonbills. The sea crossing was slight and the weather warm and sunny. Though we did not see any cetaceans, a light passage of Gannets was evident, whilst other seabirds recorded included Fulmar and Guillemot. We also saw two Sand Martins migrating south. As we approached Cherbourg, Shag and Mediterranean Gulls were seen in the harbour. Disembarkation just after lunchtime was rapid and we were soon on French soil, travelling south through the Cotentin (Cherbourg) Peninsula.

Our butterfly site for the afternoon was a chalk hill near Trevieres, midway between Carentan and Bayeux. The weather was hot and sunny, if a little windy and we walked the sheltered minor road below the chalk hill, which was lined with trees and shrubs. A bordering garden Buddleia bush supported Painted Lady and Humming-bird Hawk-moth, whilst White-legged Damselfly and Banded Agrion were seen along the lane. As the road opened out onto farmland, Peacock, Meadow Brown and Small White were numerous, whilst two Small Tortoiseshell butterflies were our only ones of the holiday.

The scrubby slopes of the chalk hill supported sixteen species of butterfly including lots of Marbled White and a single Lulworth Skipper. Bird highlights in the area included Sparrowhawk, Green Woodpecker, Yellowhammer, Melodious Warbler, and a Little Grebe was on the river, where two Coypu were also seen.

After an enjoyable afternoon we headed north-east to our base for the holiday, Port-en-Bessin, located along the north coast of Normandy, close to Bayeux and in the Department of Calvados. After driving for a further 30 minutes or so we arrived at our accommodation, the Hotel de la Marine, which has a commanding position by the sea overlooking the harbour. Tom wandered along the seafront spotting several Lulworth Skippers basking in the evening sun in coastal grassland just minutes from the hotel.

For what was to be the pattern over the holiday, early evening we ran through the sightings of the day then had a lovely three-course meal in the hotel restaurant, at our table overlooking the harbour.

Day 2

Friday 8th July

Before breakfast, Tom and Andrew took a number of the group for a short walk to an area of cliff-top coastal grassland east of the harbour, where the bird highlights were Spotted Flycatcher and Serin. Scanning out to sea we saw Mediterranean Gull, Brent Goose and Little Egret.

After breakfast we drove south-east for an hour and a quarter to the Forêt de Gouffern, located just east of Argentan. We stopped briefly in Argentan to source goods for a picnic lunch, with several of the group taking the opportunity to do a spot of duty free shopping. The Forêt de Gouffern is a large, mixed forest and is always

one of the highlights of the tour as it supports a superb variety of butterflies due to the diversity of habitats created by private forestry practices.

In the morning and with beautiful weather, we explored a glade near the entrance of the western section of the wood. Although becoming overgrown, there was plenty of insect activity including hoped for Pearly Heath, *Zygaena carniolica* and Wood White. In a sandy hollow at the entrance of the glade, we were delighted to see Queen of Spain Fritillary, Mallow Skipper (a new record for this site on this tour) and Swallowtail.

We had a picnic lunch a short distance away along the pylon ride, in an open grassy area. This proved a superb spot for butterflies with Provencal Short-tailed Blue (another new species for these holidays), Lesser Purple Emperor and Mazarine Blue being the highlights.

After lunch, we walked slowly east along a woodland track, adjacent to a wayleave, paying particular attention to the muddy puddles gouged out by large timber extraction vehicles. The puddles were a magnet for butterflies, harbouring Lesser Purple Emperor, Wood White, Mazarine Blue and Green-veined White (often scarce on these holidays due to timing) amongst many others. Along the ride we also saw Purple Hairstreak, Large Chequered Skipper, Map, White Admiral and numerous Brimstone butterflies.

The pylon line had been cut recently and consequently was in good condition for grassland butterflies, with sightings including Painted Lady, Dark Green Fritillary, Lesser Marbled Fritillary, Swallowtail and Dingy Skipper.

Our final stop of the day was a glade surrounded by Oak trees and Willow bushes in the eastern part of the forest. Again, this produced some excellent sightings, amongst them White Admiral, Silver-washed Fritillary and a stunning Purple Emperor. A great end to a truly fantastic day for butterflies with a remarkable 36 species recorded in the forest.

That evening there was a great atmosphere in Port-en-Bessin with a large, bustling street market, followed by a spectacular firework display at 11pm.

Day 3

Saturday 9th July

Before breakfast Tom and Andrew led a short walk to an area of cliff-top coastal grassland west of the harbour, where birds seen included Yellowhammer, Skylark, Meadow Pipit and Whitethroat, whilst six Mediterranean Gulls were on the foreshore.

After breakfast, we headed south-east for an hour or so to Falaise, where we spent time around the Château de Falaise, the birthplace of William the Conqueror, whilst Tom went to a nearby supermarket to buy items for a picnic lunch.

Our main site of the day was Les Monts d'Eraines nature reserve, a chalk hill beside Falaise aerodrome, a few kilometres east of Falaise. Before lunch we searched a scrubby glade and surrounding chalk grassland at the western end of the reserve. In hot and sunny weather, butterflies seen included Dark Green Fritillary, Queen of Spain Fritillary, Small Copper, Brown Argus, Wall Brown, Common Blue (a species not seen every year on this

holiday), Weavers Fritillary and (second generation?) Dingy Skipper. Noteworthy moths included several Bright Waves, which is a rare species in the UK, being restricted to a small number of sites in south-east England.

A picnic lunch was taken under the shade of a large pine tree at the aerodrome. After lunch we explored the remainder of the reserve, looking for two remaining targets, Berger's Clouded Yellow and Faust's Burnet, but alas neither were seen. We had excellent views of Swallowtail though, along with more Dark Green and Weaver's (Violet) Fritillaries, thus logging 28 butterfly species for the site today.

This year there was a particularly fine display of the tall, white St Bernard's-lily *Anthericum ramosum* on the reserve, whilst other noteworthy plants included Mountain and Wall Germanders, Cypress Spurge, and Cut-leaved and Large Self-heal. Adjacent arable field margins supported several uncommon weeds, amongst them Large Venus Looking-glass and a fine display of Rough-horned Poppy.

The area was not without bird interest with species seen or heard on our visit including Honey Buzzard, Cirl Bunting, Turtle Dove, Melodious Warbler and Spotted Flycatcher.

Late afternoon, Tom had arranged a meeting with two experienced British naturalists, Chas and Anna Hughes, who now reside in the Pay d'Auge region of Normandy and had kindly offered to meet the group. We met them at a minor road junction west of the village of Les Grands Moutiers, about a 20-minute drive east of Les Monts d'Eraines, an area that is very good for feeding raptors and Blue-headed Wagtail. We scanned above the fields and it was not long before we had excellent views of a male Montagu's Harrier. Many of us were distracted by a nearby Lucerne field which proved attractive to Painted Lady and other butterflies. We then followed Chas and Anna's car to near the village of St Gervais, in search of Red-backed Shrike, which are fairly common in the area. There was a clay pigeon shoot underway, but this did not prevent us from seeing two female Red-backed Shrikes, perched up along the tall, thick hedgerows. Helen and Paul wandered into a nearby field, seeing a Purple Emperor along the wooded edge. En route we saw a ringtail Hen Harrier, Corn Bunting and half a dozen Clouded Yellow butterflies.

Day 4

Sunday 10th July

Before breakfast we made a return visit to the coastal grassland habitat east of Port-en-Bessin. It was warm and sunny again and butterflies were already active, with Gatekeeper, Painted Lady, Large Skipper and Lulworth Skipper all out by 7.30am!

After breakfast, we made our customary and ever popular trip to the world-famous Bayeux tapestry. After the tapestry we headed west to Lessay, located in the south-west corner of the Cotentin Peninsula. We spent the best part of the day exploring the wide ride network composed of wet heathland vegetation, which cuts through open boggy Scots Pine forest and smaller stands of Oak woodland. Along the rides, large numbers of Silver-studded Blue butterflies were present, together with perhaps 50 or more Large Chequered Skippers; a record count for this site on this holiday, and all the more surprising given they were scarce last year.

Along one section of ride, there were hundreds of spikes of the rare Summer Lady's Tresses orchid in full flower. Other wet heathland plants of interest along the ride included Marsh St John's-wort, Heath Spotted Orchid, Meadow Thistle, Whorled Caraway and three species of Sundew.

We paid special attention to a ride intersection, which is a hotspot for the rare Alcon Blue, though sadly none were seen - most likely because the butterfly had not emerged yet in this late season. At this intersection, a small pond supported Marsh Frog and several species of dragonfly including Small Red Damselfly, Scarce Emerald Damselfly, Dainty Damselfly, Golden-ringed Dragonfly and Keeled Skimmer.

After visiting the pond, we explored further along one of the rides to an area bordered by mature broad-leaved woodland. This proved to be noteworthy for both woodland and grassland butterfly species with sightings including several Purple Hairstreaks, Purple Emperor, White Admiral, Silver-washed Fritillary and, best of all, two Sooty Coppers, a species which has not been seen on this holiday for some years.

Tom walked back quickly to prepare lunch, whilst Ian and the rest of the group returned with a surprise – an Ilex Hairstreak he had caught nearby with the net. This was released without harm and posed rather well for the photographers in the group. The picnic lunch was taken at a picnic spot on the forest edge, where Short-toed Treecreeper and Crested Tit were calling.

Tom had some new information on a new site for this holiday where Alcon Blue occurs – La Lande du Camp. Everyone was keen to give this site a try, which was only a 10-minute drive away. This large wet heathland reserve bordered by woodland and farmland proved to be well worth a visit. We did not see Alcon Blue, but saw large numbers of Large Chequered Skippers totalling 70 or more, though Silver-studded Blue butterflies were surprisingly scarce. A Wood White was also seen.

Day 5

Monday 11th July

By 9am we had departed Arromanches for our final day of wildlife watching in Normandy. First stop was Le Cap, south of Carentan which offers panoramic views over the vast marshes of the Cotentin and Bessin Regional Nature Park. This turned out to be a superb stop for birds with sightings of Garganey, Montagu's Harrier, Marsh Harrier, Lapwing, Curlew, Zitting Cisticola (Fan-tailed Warbler), Yellow Wagtail and several White Storks, whilst two Quails were calling.

From Le Cap, we headed north towards the northern end of the Cotentin Peninsula, making a short detour to the pretty town of Sainte-Mère-Église. Here we visited an iconic D-Day site – the town's main church where a dummy paratrooper hangs from the spire to commemorate the story of John Steele, whose parachute got tangled up on the church on D-Day 6th June 1944.

Lunch was taken at a lovely sheltered spot by a small stream near the shores of Vauville Bay, on the west coast of the Cotentin Peninsula. We toasted a highly successful holiday with a bottle of Crémant de Loire fizz, followed by desert wine with pudding. Here we saw our 47th butterfly species of the holiday – three more species than any other on this tour, which has run continuously since 2003.

After lunch we visited Vauville Nature Reserve which comprises sand dunes, marsh, scrub and a large freshwater pond. It was overcast with some spots of rain, but there was still some butterfly activity along the pathway through the coastal dunes, with sightings of Lulworth Skipper, Common Blue and our only Grayling of the holiday. The dune flora was stunning, with a strong showing of the rare Western Spiked Speedwell providing a blaze of blue, together with Sea Holly, Carlina Thistle and large quantities of aromatic Burnet Rose, the latter

mostly in fruit. On Vauville Pond there was plenty of bird activity with Mallard, Shoveler, Gadwall and Little Grebe.

Our final wildlife stop was a coastal marsh east of Cherbourg, where Marsh Warbler has bred in the past. Another surprise awaited us here, with two Sooty Copper butterflies seen. This butterfly does not occur in the UK, but does disperse from sites and it is interesting to note that this particular site is less than 70 miles from Dorset!

We arrived at the port of Cherbourg and boarded the ferry back to Poole. On the crossing we saw more Gannets, but little else of note. Back at Poole we said our goodbyes from what had been a fabulous holiday, and in terms of species the most successful of the 16 butterfly tours to Normandy.

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Species Lists

Butterflies (✓=recorded but not counted; *=not recorded on all trips)

	Common name	Scientific name	July				
			6	7	8	9	10
1	Swallowtail	<i>Papilio machaon</i>		6	10	1	
2	Large White	<i>Pieris brassicae</i>	5	2	5	5	
3	Small White	<i>Artogeia (Pieris) rapae</i>	30	20	100	80	20
4	Green-veined White	<i>Artogeia (Pieris) napi</i>		2			
5	Clouded Yellow*	<i>Colias crocea</i>			6		
6	Brimstone	<i>Gonepteryx rhamni</i>		10	6	10	
7	Wood White	<i>Leptidea sinapis</i>		10		1	
8	Purple Hairstreak*	<i>Quercusia quercus</i>		1		4	
9	Ilex Hairstreak	<i>Satyrrium ilicis</i>				1	
10	Small Copper*	<i>Lycaena phlaeas</i>			6		
11	Sooty Copper*	<i>Heodes tityrus</i>				2	
12	Holly Blue	<i>Celastrinas argiolus</i>	3	1	3		
13	Silver-studded Blue	<i>Plebejus argus</i>				70	
14	Brown Argus	<i>Aricia agestis</i>		10	15	1	1
15	Mazarine Blue*	<i>Cyaniris semiargus</i>		3			
16	Common Blue*	<i>Polyommatus icarus</i>	6	5	4	4	5
17	Provençal Short-tailed Blue	<i>Cupido alcetas</i>		3			
18	White Admiral	<i>Limentis camilla</i>		15		2	
19	Purple Emperor	<i>Apatura iris</i>		1	1	1	
20	Lesser Purple Emperor	<i>Apatura ilia</i>		6			
21	Peacock	<i>Inachis io</i>	20	10	5	3	2
22	Red Admiral	<i>Vanessa atalanta</i>	3	3	8	1	4
23	Painted Lady*	<i>Cynthia cardui</i>	1		4	3	
24	Small Tortoiseshell*	<i>Aglais urticae</i>	2				
25	Comma	<i>Polygonia c-album</i>	1	4	1	5	1
26	Map	<i>Araschnia levana</i>		5			
27	Silver-washed Fritillary	<i>Argynnis paphia</i>		20	5	2	
28	Dark Green Fritillary	<i>Argynnis aglaja</i>		1	10		
29	Queen of Spain Fritillary	<i>Issoria lathonia</i>		10	1		
30	Weaver's Fritillary	<i>Clossiana dia</i>			12		
31	Marbled White	<i>Melanargia galathea</i>	10	50	75	25	
32	Lesser Marbled Fritillary	<i>Brenthis ino</i>		1			
33	Common Grayling*	<i>Hipparchia semele</i>					1
34	Meadow Brown	<i>Maniola jurtina</i>	70	150	300	80	20
35	Ringlet	<i>Aphantopus hyperantus</i>		30	5		
36	Gatekeeper	<i>Pyronia tithonus</i>	5	20	20	30	20
37	Small Heath	<i>Coenonympha pamphilus</i>		5	5	1	
38	Pearly Heath*	<i>Coenonympha arcania</i>		2			
39	Speckled Wood*	<i>Pararge aegeria</i>	2		4		5
40	Wall Brown	<i>Lasiommata megera</i>	2	1	15		1
41	Mallow Skipper	<i>Carcharodus alceae</i>		1			
42	Dingy Skipper	<i>Erynnis tages</i>		2	3		
43	Large Chequered Skipper	<i>Heteropterus morpheus</i>		3		120	
44	Essex Skipper	<i>Thymelicus lineola</i>		20		1	
45	Small Skipper	<i>Thymelicus sylvestris (flavus)</i>	10	80	5		
46	Large Skipper	<i>Ochlodes venatus</i>	1	30	10	30	
47	Lulworth Skipper	<i>Thymelicus acteon</i>	5	1	1	5	10

	Common name	Scientific name	July				
			6	7	8	9	10
Birds							
1	Northern Fulmar	<i>Fulmaris glacialis</i>	2				
2	Manx Shearwater	<i>Puffinus puffinus</i>					4
3	Northern Gannet	<i>Morus bassanus</i>	40				20
4	Great Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>	100	6	1	1	✓
5	European Shag	<i>Phalacrocorax aristotelis</i>	5				3
6	Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>	21	1			2
7	Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>					3
8	White Stork	<i>Ciconia ciconia</i>				1	8
9	Eurasian Spoonbill	<i>Platalea leucorodia</i>	6				6
10	Pied-billed Grebe	<i>Podilymbus podiceps</i>	1				7
11	Canada Goose	<i>Branta canadensis</i>					✓
12	Brent Goose	<i>Branta bernicla</i>		1			
13	Common Shelduck	<i>Tadorna tadorna</i>	20				
14	Mallard	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>					110
15	Eurasian Teal	<i>Anas crecca</i>	✓				
16	Northern Shoveler	<i>Anas clypeata</i>					30
17	Gadwall	<i>Anas strepera</i>					2
18	Garganey	<i>Anas querquedula</i>					3
19	Western Marsh Harrier	<i>Circus aeruginosus</i>					2
20	Common Buzzard	<i>Buteo buteo</i>	1	1	7	3	8
21	European Honey Buzzard	<i>Pernis apivorus</i>			1		
22	Eurasian Sparrowhawk	<i>Accipiter nisus</i>	1				1
23	Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>			2	1	2
24	Peregrine Falcon	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>					1
25	Montagu's Harrier	<i>Circus pygargus</i>			1		
26	Hen Harrier	<i>Circus cyaneus</i>			1		
27	Common Quail	<i>Coturnix coturnix</i>			1		2
28	Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>	11			1	8
29	Eurasian Coot	<i>Fulica atra</i>					10
30	Eurasian Oystercatcher	<i>Haematopus ostralegus</i>	✓				✓
31	Whimbrel	<i>Numenius phaeopus</i>					1
32	Eurasian Curlew	<i>Numenius arquata</i>	2				
33	Northern Lapwing	<i>Vanellus vanellus</i>					1
34	Common Redshank	<i>Tringa totanus</i>	10				
35	Common Greenshank	<i>Tringa nebularia</i>	1				
36	Black-tailed Godwit	<i>Limosa limosa</i>	6				
37	Black-headed Gull	<i>Larus ridibundus</i>	50	✓	✓	✓	✓
38	Mediterranean Gull	<i>Larus melanocephalus</i>	6		6	6	10
39	European Herring Gull	<i>Larus argentatus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
40	Great Black-backed Gull	<i>Larus marinus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
41	Lesser Black-backed Gull	<i>Larus fuscus</i>	6				
42	Common Tern	<i>Sterna hirundo</i>	✓				✓
43	Sandwich tern	<i>Sterna sandvicensis</i>	6		1		
44	Guillemot	<i>Uria aalge</i>	2				
45	Common Wood Pigeon	<i>Columba palumbus</i>	10	6	✓	✓	✓
46	Feral Pigeon	<i>Columba livia</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
47	European Turtle Dove	<i>Streptopelia turtur</i>		1	2		
48	Eurasian Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>	1	4	2	8	4
49	Common Swift	<i>Apus apus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
50	European Green Woodpecker	<i>Picus viridis</i>	1	2	1	2	

	Common name	Scientific name	July				
			6	7	8	9	10
51	Great Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopus major</i>			1	1	
52	Red-backed Shrike	<i>Lanius collurio</i>			2		
53	Eurasian Skylark	<i>Alauda arvensis</i>	1	1	5	6	
54	Sand Martin	<i>Riparia riparia</i>	2	1			6
55	Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
56	Common House Martin	<i>Delichon urbica</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
57	White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>		5	2	4	3
58	Grey Wagtail	<i>Motacilla cinerea</i>				1	2
59	Yellow (Blue-headed) Wagtail	<i>Motacilla flava (flava)</i>		1	1		1
60	Eurasian Wren	<i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
61	Dunnock	<i>Prunella modularis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
62	European Robin	<i>Erithacus rubecula</i>		✓	✓		✓
63	European Stonechat	<i>Saxicola torquata</i>	1		2	7	
64	Song Thrush	<i>Turdus philomelos</i>		2	1	1	1
65	Mistle Thrush	<i>Turdus viscivorus</i>				4	
66	Common Blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
67	Eurasian Blackcap	<i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>	1	2	7	✓	
68	Garden Warbler	<i>Sylvia borin</i>		1	5		
69	Common Whitethroat	<i>Sylvia communis</i>	2	1		2	
70	Sedge Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus schoenobaenus</i>					5
71	Eurasian Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus scirpaceus</i>					✓
72	Zitting Cisticola	<i>Cisticola juncidis</i>					1
73	Melodious Warbler	<i>Hippolais polyglotta</i>	6	1	1		
74	Common Chiffchaff	<i>Phylloscopus collybita</i>	3	✓	5	3	✓
75	Cetti's Warbler	<i>Cettia cetti</i>					1
76	Goldcrest	<i>Regulus regulus</i>				1	
77	Spotted Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa striata</i>		1	4		
78	Marsh Tit	<i>Parus palustris</i>			1		
79	Crested Tit	<i>Parus cristatus</i>				1	
80	Eurasian Blue Tit	<i>Parus caeruleus</i>		✓	6	✓	✓
81	Great Tit	<i>Parus major</i>			✓		
82	Long-tailed Tit	<i>Aegithalos caudatus</i>	✓	✓			
83	Eurasian Nuthatch	<i>Sitta europaea</i>				1	
84	Short-toed Treecreeper	<i>Certhia brachydactyla</i>			1	2	
85	Eurasian Jay	<i>Garrulus glandarius</i>		✓	1	1	
86	Eurasian Magpie	<i>Pica pica</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
87	Western Jackdaw	<i>Corvus monedula</i>	4	✓	✓	✓	✓
88	Carrion Crow	<i>Corvus corone</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
89	Rook	<i>Corvus frugilegus</i>		✓	✓		
90	Common Starling	<i>Sturnus vulgaris</i>	1	✓	✓	✓	✓
91	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓
92	Common Chaffinch	<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
93	European Serin	<i>Serinus serinus</i>		2		1	
94	Eurasian Bullfinch	<i>Pyrrhula pyrrhula</i>		2			
95	European Greenfinch	<i>Carduelis chloris</i>		3		7	
96	European Goldfinch	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i>		1		✓	
97	Common Linnet	<i>Linaria cannabina</i>	3	6	30	20	
98	Corn Bunting	<i>Miliaria calandra</i>			1	1	
99	Yellowhammer	<i>Emberiza citrinella</i>	2	3	5	2	
100	Cirl Bunting	<i>Emberiza cirlus</i>			✓		
101	Common Reed Bunting	<i>Emberiza schoeniclus</i>				1	

Moths

6-spot Burnet	Oak Eggar	Common Heath
Common Silver Y	Grass Moth sp.	Yellow-tail
Latticed Heath	Bright Wave	<i>Zygaena carnioloica</i>
Humming-bird Hawk-moth	Cinnabar	

Odonata

Emperor Dragonfly	Black-tailed Skimmer	Common Darter
Azure Damselfly	Blue-tailed Damselfly	Emerald Damselfly
Broad-bodied Chaser	Ruddy Darter	Dainty Damselfly
Southern Hawker	Banded Agrion	White-legged Damselfly
Scarce Emerald Damselfly	4-Spotted Chaser	Golden-ringed Dragonfly

Crickets & Grasshoppers

Great Green Bush-cricket	Roesel's Bush-cricket	Field Grasshopper
Dark Bush-cricket	Meadow Grasshopper	Stripe-winged Grasshopper
Speckled Bush-cricket	Field Cricket	

Reptiles & Amphibians

Common Lizard	Marsh Frog
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Mammals

Rabbit	Red Fox	Coypu
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Bees

Red-tailed Bumble-bee	Carder Bee	Buff-tailed Bumble-bee
Honey Bee	White-tailed Bumble-bee	Cuckoo Bee