

Picos and Plains - The Best of Northern Spain

Naturetrek Tour Report

6 – 15 August 2017

Report compiled by Byron Palacios



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Tour participants: Byron Palacios (leader) with seven Naturetrek clients

Summary:

We started this tour from the port of Plymouth, returning to Portsmouth after a good, exciting week across north-western Spain: drifting along the majestic cliffs and gorges of Picos de Europa (Cantabria & Asturias) followed by the unique slopes and steppes of Zamora province (Castilla y Leon). The contrast in landscape gave us a good taste of the different wildlife of which we all had terrific samples from both main land habitats. We were not as lucky with the deep open sea. The weather was very kind to us throughout our trip: quite variable during the crossing and very fresh and pleasant once on land. We experienced an array of habitats and their wildlife from the sky-high Picos de Europa to the warmer Mediterranean-influenced plains and rivers of Castilla y Leon. It was indeed a great experience for all of us who came to this tour to enjoy the highlights of the Picos & Plains!

Day 1

Sunday 6th August

Ferry journey from Plymouth towards Santander

The entire group met in the ferry terminal of the beautiful city of Plymouth. After introductions and a brief explanation of the activities to be done in the week ahead, we started a rather easy boarding to the Pont Avent, a good-sized ship which has been covering this crossing route since 2012. Once on board we retired to our cabins and some to the dining room to catch up with lunch. Once offshore, the afternoon was sunny but very windy. We went up to the deck and managed to see a couple of Northern Fulmars, Cory's Shearwater and plenty of Northern Gannets, alongside Short-beaked Common Dolphins. After this, we went back inside the boat and later had dinner before retiring to bed.

Day 2

Monday 7th August

Bay of Biscay and arrival into Santander Port; drive to Espinama

In the early morning we met up on the main deck. It was sunny with a pleasant sea along the Bay of Biscay. It was fairly quiet with rumours of possible Minke Whale sightings and we spotted Short-beaked Common Dolphins. As the ferry was approaching its final destination, Santander, we got our bags ready. Once docked, we left the vessel together and had a break in Santander before starting our mainland tour. We packed our luggage into our comfortable vehicle and set off towards Picos de Europa, making a stop at the village of Lebeña where we had our first mainland birds such as Griffon Vulture, Alpine Swift and a perched Golden Eagle!

We arrived at our hotel in Espinama with plenty of time to settle in to our rooms and explore the village before a delicious local dinner.

Day 3

Tuesday 8th August

Fuente De (cable car to the top of El Mirador in Picos de Europa)

It was a gorgeous sunny morning with some low clouds, which produced a little drizzle in the late morning. Nevertheless, it was going to be a good day with clear blue skies in the afternoon, ideal to go up to the top of the

Picos de Europa and explore this beautiful area, and so we did! After enjoying our delicious breakfast and sorting our picnic lunch, we set off to Fuente De from where the cablecar took us to the high point known as El Mirador. From here we started our walk along the main track which takes you to the heart of the rocky peaks and to the refuge of Aliva. We mainly explored the area of Peña Vieja, where we had great views of Alpine Chough, Alpine Accentor, Griffon and Egyptian Vultures and Water Pipit. Groups of Chamois were seen at the start and at the end of our hike. We found a nice spot to enjoy our packed lunch whilst enjoying the breathtaking landscape, and with some cheeky Alpine Choughs very close to us in search of left-overs.

After enjoying the morning in this lovely area, we started to walk down the trail towards the cablecar station, making a diversion onto a trail which took us to a nice spot where we found a few White-winged Snowfinches. We had great close views of them on the ground and flying over our heads: fantastic views! We also had obliging Alpine Accentors, Black Redstarts and Water Pipits. Once at the cablecar station we had a break at the cafe, enjoying the majestic views from the mirador and all the raptors flying around at eye-level. We had great views of Griffon Vulture, Northern Raven, Egyptian Vulture, Short-toed Snake-Eagle, and great views of a very rare Bearded Vulture (Lammergeier) soaring above our heads!

After a great day up in the high altitude of the Picos de Europa, we descended in the cablecar to the Fuente De car park, and then drove down the valley to make our final stop of the day in the hill top village of Pembez, from where the views of the upper valleys were fantastic. Wildlife activity was quiet slow and we didn't get a lot from this spot apart from the stunning views. We then drove back to our hotel in Espinama for a well deserved break, followed by our checklist and another delicious supper.

Day 4

Wednesday 9th August

Brez – Quintana – Pembez

We woke to a drizzly and misty morning, so decided to explore the lower valleys after breakfast and see if the weather improved as we went lower in altitude. Our first stop was at the bottom of the valley of Brez village, which produced fantastic views of a Booted Eagle soaring right in front of us and very close! Dozens of Griffon Vultures were sat along the edge of the high rocky crags and many of them were already in the air trying to have the first stretching flight of the day. A pair of Egyptian Vultures joined them too, whilst a large flock of Red-billed Choughs were moving actively from field to field in search of food, alongside Serin, European Goldfinch, White Wagtail and the handsome Firecrest. A call coming from the woods made us move to a field surrounded by pristine Holm, Pyrenean and Portuguese Oaks, where a very secretive Middle Spotted Woodpecker was calling. We patiently looked for this elusive woodpecker but it proved to be elusive.

After this successful first stop we drove up the valley to the end of the road and the village of Brez, parking the vehicle next to the hamlet entrance and planning to take a stroll down the road. Well, we tried but there was a lot to see from this spot, starting with the outstanding views of the whole valley from top to bottom as the weather was clearing and the sun beginning to appear. We saw Red-backed Shrikes feeding youngsters, lots of Black Redstarts, Spotted Flycatcher, Red-billed Chough, Northern Raven, Griffon Vulture, Common Buzzard and another pair of Egyptian Vultures flying very close to us. A stunning Short-toed Eagle was briefly seen in the sky, a pair of Roe Deer were grazing in the nearby fields and a Honey Buzzard soared above us.

Next we drove down the valley to the village of Camaleño where we enjoyed a few drinks and our picnic lunch. After lunch we took a stroll in the village of Quintana which produced a few interesting wildlife sightings including brief views of the elusive Middle Spotted Woodpecker. As the activity was slowing down a little we then drove to Potes and enjoyed visiting this picturesque village.

In the late afternoon we drove back to our hotel in Espinama to get ready for a delicious supper!

Day 5

Thursday 10th August

Espinama – Piedrasluengas Pass (1,375 metres) – River Pisuerga valley – Zamora

Today we were moving on towards the plains, but still had a few hours of the morning to enjoy the mountains. We had a good breakfast and then packed and checked out of our hotel in Espinama. We drove southwards towards Zamora, crossing the Piedrasluengas Pass where we stopped to stretch legs and check the sky, the pristine beech forest and the meadows. Unfortunately it was quite windy but we still managed to see good birds and butterflies.

Continuing our drive, we took the upper basin of the River Pisuerga, following its course and making a little detour to the village of Rabanal de los Caballeros in search of Wildcat. Then back on the main road and to our next stop in the little town of Cervera de Pisuerga, where we visited some interesting graves known as Eremitotios, which were used by wise Catholic priests during the crusades and the war against the Arabs and Moors in order to strengthen the preaching of the religion. After this we continued to the village of Salinas de Pisuerga where we had a stroll along the River Pisuerga, which produced Iberian Chiffchaff and White-throated Dipper, amongst others. We had lunch in this village in a beautiful setting by the river.

After lunch, we took the main motorway via Palencia-Valladolid to our final destination, the city of Zamora. It was sunny and quite hot on our arrival in the medieval city. We found our hotel and retired to our comfortable rooms for a break, followed by our daily checklist and a delicious dinner.

Day 6

Friday 11th August

Villafafila plains – River Esla

The weather in the plains was sunny and hot, but not unbearable. Unlike previous years, it was breezy and temperatures were in the late twenties and early thirties; much more bearable than in other very hot years. After an early breakfast we left our hotel and headed north, admiring the sunny early morning. We arrived at Villafafila just in time to see our very first group of Great Bustards grazing in the empty barley fields and we had great views of this peculiar big bird. We were absolutely amazed by the beautiful landscape the sunrise created. It was gorgeous! We also had fantastic views of a pair of Black-winged Kite, Southern Great Shrike and Montagu's Harrier hunting along the opposite fields. Marsh Harrier, White Stork, Spotless Starling, Red-legged Partridge and Crested Lark were also spotted here.

We continued by driving to the other end of the area and into the abandoned village of Otero de Sariegos, one of the many villages destroyed during the hard times of the Spanish civil war and a vivid and living reminder of this destructive time in Spanish history. A stroll around the village produced interesting species such as Little Owl, Common Kestrel, Marsh Harrier, Booted Eagle and Black Redstart. We found another large group of Great Bustards, Red-legged Partridge and great views of Booted Eagle. Mid-morning we had a coffee break in

one of the local bars in the village of Villafáfila and then we continuing birding, finding more birds such as Northern Wheatear, Crested Lark and Marsh Harrier, amongst others. After a pleasant morning we found a very nice spot amongst big poplar trees where we set up our picnic lunch while enjoying the surrounding plains.

The sun was shining brightly and it was time for us to drive west a good fifteen minutes towards the River Esla area. Surrounded by pristine dehesa habitat, the River Esla is one of the main water points in Zamora province and is the main tributary of the River Duero. It provides a great water supply and landscape to the transitional region of plains and mountains. We explored the old Roman bridge from where we saw Black Kite, Mallard, European Bee-eater, Crag Martin, Common Kingfisher and lovely views of Purple Heron. We also had quick views of European Otter. By the river shore we spotted Serin, Greenfinch, Common Whitethroat, European Bee-eater and Linnet, amongst others.

The heat of the day was reaching its peak and it was hard to find more wildlife as it was hitting 30 degrees, so it was time to drive back to our hotel and cool down in our rooms or explore the city after a very long day and early start.

Day 7

Saturday 12th August

Arribes del Duero Natural Park (Fariza) – Miranda do Douro (Portugal)

After a very early breakfast, we left our hotel and headed towards the Portuguese border, to the Duero basin area where the Arribes del Duero International Park lies along the Spanish/Portuguese border. We went to a favoured watering hole in the dry scrubland close to the small village of Fariza where we began our first walk through the scrub, Holm and Cork Oaks habitat. The sun was already set giving the early morning a very refreshing but chilly temperature. A lot of bird calls could be heard in the vast area. We found a bush with active Sardinian and Dartford Warblers, Greenfinch and Western Bonelli's Warbler, and then heard the distinctive call of Bee-eaters. Other birds that we enjoyed watching were Woodchat Shrike, Thekla Lark, Woodlark, Golden Oriole, Booted Eagle, Crested Lark, Turtle Dove and Eurasian Hoopoe, amongst others. At the end of our walk we found a pond where lots of interesting birds were having a morning bathe and we had a great time watching Subalpine, Western Orphean and Sardinian Warblers alongside Common Nightingale, European Serin, Linnet, Rock Bunting, Woodlark and Cirl Bunting, amongst others. It was then time of a coffee break so we went to the village of Fariza for a drink which was very nice, not just for the break itself but also to see village life and its people.

Before lunch we drove nearby to a spot where Lesser Spotted Woodpecker is often seen. We heard two individuals calling but couldn't see them. It was then time for lunch so we drove the short distance to the village hermitage at the edge of the gorge which separates Spain and Portugal. We enjoyed a nice walk through the scrubby area, having great views of more Griffon and Egyptian Vultures, Linnet and Red-rumped Swallow. We set our lunch in the hermitage's gardens and enjoyed the fantastic weather and views. Some of us also enjoyed a fabulous display of Scarce (Spanish) Swallowtail butterflies at the church's hedges! We then crossed into Portugal to do some birding in the outskirts of the town of Miranda do Douro, where we had great views of the crags and woodland that surround the River Duero. Interesting birds such as Crag Martin, Blue Rock Thrush and Golden Oriole were seen.

With a strong sun and the temperature over 30 degrees celsius, we drove into the town of Miranda do Duoro and enjoyed cool drinks before we started to make our way back to Zamora and our hotel. Later we enjoyed another delicious supper and great local wine; a great way to finish another great day!

Day 8

Sunday 13th August

Zamora – Toro – Tierra de Campos (Canal de Castilla) – Aguilar de Campoo

After a pre-breakfast birding walk along the River Duero we had a relaxing breakfast at the hotel before loading the minibus and heading north towards Santander. The day was nice and sunny with blue skies; great for enjoying the pristine landscape of the plains. We headed north on the road to Toro and Valladolid, where we made a birding spot which produced Crested Tit, European Serin, Linnet and Western Bonelli's Warbler, amongst others. We then continued our journey on the main motorway heading to Palencia and north towards the vast steppes of Tierra de Campos and Canal de Castilla, where we had a good look at this area followed by a delicious picnic lunch.

We continued along the motorway and after driving for another hour arrived at Aguilar de Campoo where we spent the last night of our tour on land before the ferry crossing from Santander the following day.

Day 9

Monday 14th August

Las Tuerces Geological Reserve – Santander – ferry to Portsmouth

We started today with an early morning exploration of the beautiful scenery of Las Tuerces Geological Reserve, located in the outskirts of Aguilar de Campoo. We enjoyed the stunning views from the rocky tops and the jaw-dropping landscape at first light. We took a stroll to the main viewpoints, walking through the dramatic rocky surface and shrubs of this beautiful reserve.

We then drove back to our hotel for a delicious breakfast. After packing we drove to the city of Santander where the ferry Pont Avent was waiting for us to board. We boarded the vessel and started the crossing in fairly calm waters on a nice sunny afternoon, spotting plenty of Great Shearwaters and getting great views of a Fin Whale.

Day 10

Tuesday 15th August

English Channel into Portsmouth

We gathered on Deck 9 to look for marine wildlife and Gannets and Striped Dolphins were seen by some of us. We then gathered for the last time to do our checklist and to wish ourselves the very best before disembarking in Portsmouth.

We arrived in Portsmouth in the early afternoon and went our separate ways back home, keeping great memories of some of the best parts of northern Spain along with its wildlife, countryside, food and beautiful places we had visited. Also we had all enjoyed the warm camaraderie of making new friends in wildlife....Adios Spain!

Species Lists

Birds (✓ = recorded but not counted; h = heard)

	Common name	Scientific name	August									
			6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
1	Mallard	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>					✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
2	Red-legged Partridge	<i>Alectoris rufa</i>						✓				
3	Northern Fulmar	<i>Fulmarus glacialis</i>	✓									
4	Cory's Shearwater	<i>Calonectris borealis</i>	✓	✓								
5	Great Shearwater	<i>Puffinus gravis</i>		✓							✓	
6	White Stork	<i>Ciconia ciconia</i>					✓	✓		✓		
7	Little Bittern	<i>Ixobrychus minutus</i>					✓					
8	Western Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>								✓		
9	Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>					✓		✓	✓	✓	
10	Purple Heron	<i>Ardea purpurea</i>							✓	✓		
11	Northern Gannet	<i>Morus bassanus</i>	✓	✓								
12	Great Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>								✓	✓	
13	Black-winged Kite	<i>Elanus caeruleus</i>							✓			
14	European Honey Buzzard	<i>Pernis apivorus</i>					✓					
15	Bearded Vulture	<i>Gypaetus barbatus</i>				✓						
16	Egyptian Vulture	<i>Neophron percnopterus</i>				✓	✓					
17	Griffon Vulture	<i>Gyps fulvus</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓			✓		
18	Short-toed Snake Eagle	<i>Circaetus gallicus</i>				✓	✓		✓			
19	Booted Eagle	<i>Hieraaetus pennatus</i>					✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
20	Golden Eagle	<i>Aquila chrysaetos</i>		✓								
21	Eurasian Sparrowhawk	<i>Accipiter nisus</i>				✓						
22	Northern Goshawk	<i>Accipiter gentilis</i>						✓				
23	Western Marsh Harrier	<i>Circus aeruginosus</i>							✓	✓	✓	
24	Montagu's Harrier	<i>Circus pygargus</i>							✓			
25	Red Kite	<i>Milvus milvus</i>						✓	✓			
26	Black Kite	<i>Milvus migrans</i>						✓	✓	✓	✓	
27	Common Buzzard	<i>Buteo buteo</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
28	Great Bustard	<i>Otis tarda</i>							✓			
29	Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>						✓	✓	✓	✓	
30	Green Sandpiper	<i>Tringa ochropus</i>									✓	
31	Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>						✓			✓	
32	Black-headed Gull	<i>Chroicocephalus ridibundus</i>								✓		
33	Mew Gull	<i>Larus canus</i>		✓							✓	
34	European Herring Gull	<i>Larus argentatus</i>		✓							✓	
35	Great Skua	<i>Stercorarius skua</i>	✓									
36	Rock Dove	<i>Columba livia</i>								✓		
37	Common Wood Pigeon	<i>Columba palumbus</i>				✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
38	European Turtle Dove	<i>Streptopelia turtur</i>								✓		
39	Eurasian Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>						✓	✓	✓	✓	
40	Tawny Owl	<i>Strix aluco</i>				h	h	h				
41	Little Owl	<i>Athene noctua</i>				h	h		✓			
42	Alpine Swift	<i>Tachymarptis melba</i>		✓								
43	Common Swift	<i>Apus apus</i>		✓			✓			✓	✓	
44	Pallid Swift	<i>Apus pallidus</i>							✓			
45	Common Kingfisher	<i>Alcedo atthis</i>							✓			
46	European Bee-eater	<i>Merops apiaster</i>							✓	✓	✓	
47	Eurasian Hoopoe	<i>Upupa epops</i>							✓	✓	✓	

	Common name	Scientific name	August										
			6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14		
48	Lesser Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dryobates minor</i>									h		
49	Middle Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocoptes medius</i>				✓							
50	Great Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos major</i>			✓	h				✓	✓		
51	Iberian Green Woodpecker	<i>Picus sharpei</i>			h								
52	Lesser Kestrel	<i>Falco naumanni</i>							✓				
53	Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>				✓	✓	✓			✓	✓	
54	Eurasian Hobby	<i>Falco subbuteo</i>							✓				
55	Red-backed Shrike	<i>Lanius collurio</i>				✓	✓						
56	Southern Grey Shrike	<i>Lanius meridionalis</i>							✓				
57	Woodchat Shrike	<i>Lanius senator</i>								✓			
58	Eurasian Golden Oriole	<i>Oriolus oriolus</i>								✓	✓		
59	Eurasian Jay	<i>Garrulus glandarius</i>			✓	✓							
60	Eurasian Magpie	<i>Pica pica</i>		✓				✓	✓	✓			✓
61	Red-billed Chough	<i>Pyrrhocorax pyrrhocorax</i>			✓	✓							
62	Alpine Chough	<i>Pyrrhocorax graculus</i>			✓								
63	Western Jackdaw	<i>Coloeus monedula</i>							✓				
64	Carrion Crow	<i>Corvus corone</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
65	Northern Raven	<i>Corvus corax</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓					
66	European Crested Tit	<i>Lophophanes cristatus</i>										✓	
67	Marsh Tit	<i>Poecile palustris</i>				✓	✓						
68	Eurasian Blue Tit	<i>Cyanistes caeruleus</i>			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
69	Great Tit	<i>Parus major</i>			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓
70	Eurasian Penduline Tit	<i>Remiz pendulinus</i>										✓	
71	Woodlark	<i>Lullula arborea</i>									✓		✓
72	Thekla Lark	<i>Galerida theklae</i>									✓		
73	Crested Lark	<i>Galerida cristata</i>							✓	✓			
74	Sand Martin	<i>Riparia riparia</i>						✓					
75	Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
76	Eurasian Crag Martin	<i>Ptyonoprogne rupestris</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
77	Common House Martin	<i>Delichon urbicum</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
78	Red-rumped Swallow	<i>Cecropis daurica</i>						✓		✓	✓		
79	Cetti's Warbler	<i>Cettia cetti</i>						✓	h	h	h		
80	Long-tailed Tit	<i>Aegithalos caudatus</i>					✓	✓					✓
81	Willow Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus trochilus</i>								✓			
82	Common Chiffchaff	<i>Phylloscopus collybita</i>					✓	✓					
83	Iberian Chiffchaff	<i>Phylloscopus ibericus</i>						✓					
84	Western Bonelli's Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus bonelli</i>							✓	✓	✓		
85	Great Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus arundinaceus</i>						✓					
86	Melodious Warbler	<i>Hippolais polyglotta</i>		✓							✓		
87	Zitting Cisticola	<i>Cisticola juncidis</i>								✓			
88	Western Orphean Warbler	<i>Sylvia hortensis</i>									✓		
89	Eurasian Blackcap	<i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>					✓	✓	h				
90	Common Whitethroat	<i>Sylvia communis</i>								✓			
91	Dartford Warbler	<i>Sylvia undata</i>									✓		
92	Subalpine Warbler	<i>Sylvia cantillans</i>									✓		
93	Sardinian Warbler	<i>Sylvia melanocephala</i>									✓		
94	Common Firecrest	<i>Regulus ignicapilla</i>					✓						
95	Eurasian Wren	<i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i>					h						✓
96	Eurasian Nuthatch	<i>Sitta europaea</i>			h	✓					h		
97	Short-toed Treecreeper	<i>Certhia brachydactyla</i>					✓	✓			h		
98	Spotless Starling	<i>Sturnus unicolor</i>					✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

	Common name	Scientific name	August										
			6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14		
99	Common Blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>				✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
100	Song Thrush	<i>Turdus philomelos</i>				✓							
101	Mistle Thrush	<i>Turdus viscivorus</i>					✓						
102	Spotted Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa striata</i>				✓	✓						
103	European Robin	<i>Erithacus rubecula</i>				✓	✓						✓
104	Common Nightingale	<i>Luscinia megarhynchos</i>									✓		
105	Black Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus ochruros</i>			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
106	Common Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus phoenicurus</i>				✓							
107	Blue Rock Thrush	<i>Monticola solitarius</i>									✓		
108	European Stonechat	<i>Saxicola rubicola</i>				✓		✓	✓				✓
109	Northern Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe oenanthe</i>							✓				
110	White-throated Dipper	<i>Cinclus cinclus</i>				✓	✓						
111	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
112	Rock Sparrow	<i>Petronia petronia</i>								✓			
113	White-winged Snowfinch	<i>Montifringilla nivalis</i>			✓								
114	Alpine Accentor	<i>Prunella collaris</i>			✓								
115	Western Yellow Wagtail	<i>Motacilla flava flava</i>											✓
	Spanish Yellow Wagtail	<i>Motacilla flava iberiae</i>								✓			
116	Grey Wagtail	<i>Motacilla cinerea</i>			✓	✓	✓						
117	White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
118	Meadow Pipit	<i>Anthus pratensis</i>					✓						
119	Tree Pipit	<i>Anthus trivialis</i>				✓							
120	Water Pipit	<i>Anthus spinoletta</i>			✓								
121	Common Chaffinch	<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>				✓				✓			✓
122	Hawfinch	<i>Coccothraustes coccothraustes</i>								✓			
123	European Greenfinch	<i>Chloris chloris</i>					✓			✓	✓		
124	Common Linnet	<i>Linaria cannabina</i>			✓	✓				✓	✓		
125	European Goldfinch	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i>				✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
126	European Serin	<i>Serinus serinus</i>				✓				✓			
127	Yellowhammer	<i>Emberiza citrinella</i>				✓							
128	Rock Bunting	<i>Emberiza cia</i>									✓		✓
129	Cirl Bunting	<i>Emberiza cirlus</i>									✓		

Mammals

1	Fin Whale	<i>Balaenoptera physalus</i>												1
2	Minke Whale	<i>Balaenoptera acutorostrata</i>		1										
3	Common Dolphin	<i>Delphinus delphis</i>	12+	✓										
4	Striped Dolphin	<i>Stenella caeruleoalba</i>												4
5	Red Fox	<i>Vulpes vulpes</i>					1			1				
6	European Rabbit	<i>Oryctolagus cuniculus</i>							✓		✓			
7	Pyrenean Chamois	<i>Rupicapra pyrenaica</i>			30+									
8	Snow Vole	<i>Chionomys nivalis</i>			1									
9	Roe Deer	<i>Capreolus capreolus</i>				2				1				2
10	European Otter	<i>Lutra lutra</i>								1				

Butterflies

Scarce Swallowtail , *Iphiclides podalirius*

Small White , *Artogeia rapae*

Long-tailed Blue , *Lampides boeticus*

Spanish Chalk-hill Blue , *Lysandra albicans*

Large White , *Pieris brassicae*

Clouded Yellow , *Colias crocea*

Escher's Blue , *Agrodiaetus escheri*

Western Marbled White , *Melanargia occitanica*

Gatekeeper , *Pyronia tithonus*

Wall Brown , *Lasiommata megera*

Small Heath , *Coenonympha pamphilus*

Small Skipper , *Thymelicus sylvestris*

Moths

Humming-bird Hawk-moth

Red-underwing

Jersey Tiger

Others,

Red-winged Grasshopper

Iberian Wall Lizard

Blue Damselfly

Blue-winged Grasshopper

Common Wall Lizard

Carpenter Bee

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