

# Costa Rica

Naturetrek Tour Report

28 January - 11 February 2006

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Report compiled by Rob Mileto



Naturetrek Cheriton Mill Cheriton Alresford Hampshire SO24 0NG England

T: +44 (0)1962 733051

F: +44 (0)1962 736426

E: [info@naturetrek.co.uk](mailto:info@naturetrek.co.uk)

W: [www.naturetrek.co.uk](http://www.naturetrek.co.uk)

**Tour leader:** Rob Mileto

**Tour participants:** Mavis Barnes  
Roy Barnes  
Hilary Chadwick  
Barry Corkindale  
Ken Goodier  
Jill Hallett  
Josh Joshi  
Susie Kimber  
Robert Mileto  
Penny Scriven  
Richard Scriven  
Frances Walder

**Driver:** Santiago Morales

**Local Guides:** Carlos (Cerro de la Muerte)  
Bernal (Monteverde/Santa Elena)  
Demitrio (Solimar)  
Rodolfo (Selva Verde)

## Day 1

Saturday 28 January

Heathrow to San Jose (via Miami)

Seven of us met up at Heathrow, the other four having already travelled out to Costa Rica the previous day. Arriving at San Jose after dark, it was just a question of introductions, eating and sleeping - patiently awaiting the goodies the next day would bring.

## Day 2

Sunday 29 January

Finca Mirador de Quetzales (Cerro de la Muerte) & Alberque de Montana Savegre

An early start for the hour's drive onto the 'hill of death' (Cerro del la Muerte), picking up our first Costa Rican birds on the way: Great-tailed Grackle, Cattle Egret and Eastern Meadowlark.

Once at the Mirador we only had to step out of the bus to be surrounded by birds - Volcano Hummingbird, Rufous-collared Sparrow, Flame-coloured Tanager and Sooty-capped Bush Tanager. Making our way the 50m or so towards the main house and our breakfast we were side tracked by a male Resplendent Quetzal - a distant view but still pretty resplendent.

We finally tucked into breakfast and then it was off into the forest with Carlos our local guide for stunning views of at least 8 quetzals (...or the same two, four times?) - males and females from a host of angles. There was a good deal of bird activity generally with Ruddy Treerunner, Cinnamon Becard, Back-capped Flycatcher,

Ochraceous Wren, Flame-coloured and Spangle-cheeked Tanagers, Long-tailed and Black and Yellow Silky Flycatchers, Clay-coloured and Mountain Robins. Also seen by some was the Silvery-throated Jay, a very smart bird almost topping the quetzals.

After lunch it was off to the nearby Alberque de Montana Savegre noted for its hummingbirds and living up to its reputation with five species seen: Scintillant Hummingbird, Green Violet-ear, Fiery-throated Hummingbird, Magnificent Hummingbird and the endemic Grey-tailed Mountaingem, as well as other lovely birds including American Swallow-tailed Kites and a Red-tailed Hawk soaring overhead, Rose-breasted Grosbeak, Salty Flower-piercer, Peg-billed Finch and a striking Northern (Baltimore) Oriole and Summer Tanager.

All too soon it was time to return to San Jose, with Crimson-fronted Parakeets in trees around a shopping centre a welcome addition to our trip list.

### Day 3

Monday 30 January

San Jose to Villa Lapas (via La Garita, Orotina) and the Rio Tarcoles Estuary and Bridge

Another early start and a view of a Hepatic Tanager from our hotel garden before breakfast.

Our first stop was at the La Garita reservoir where many Blue-winged Teals were present along with a few Least Grebes. Closer investigation revealed Little Blue Heron, Spotted Sandpiper, Sand Martin, Social Flycatcher and a basking Black Iguana. Returning to the bus we were entertained by a couple of Rufous-naped Wrens nest building.

Second stop was a rather unpromising looking town square in Orotina but it proved excellent with close up views of Black and White Owl, White-winged Dove and Hoffmann's Two-toed Sloth.

Arriving in the Carara area too early for lunch we detoured to the Rio Tarcoles Estuary and came across a roadside pool brimming with a host of waterbirds including Northern Jacana, Bare-throated Tiger-heron, Wood Ibis, Roseate Spoonbill, Yellow-crowned Night-heron, Wood Stork, Green-backed (Green), Tricoloured and Great Blue Herons, Snowy and Great White Egrets.

At the estuary itself and in the fringing mangrove, we were rewarded with excellent views of Hoffman's Woodpecker, Black-headed Trogon, Semipalmated Sandpiper and Whimbrel (the hudsonicus race).

After settling in at the Villa Lapas and after a fine buffet lunch and short siesta we headed off for the Carara National Park where we just had time to take in some Mealy Parrots before the rain began...and continued...so we retired to coffee at the Villa Lapas and a flyby of our first Scarlet Macaws. The rain stopped around 16.30 so we whizzed out and onto the Rio Tarcoles bridge from which we saw White-tailed Deer and American Crocodile but the only birds of note were some distant Lesser Nighthawks.

## Day 4

Tuesday 31 January

### Villa Lapas, and Carara National Park

Morning departure was 'delayed' by a small troop of White-faced Capuchin Monkeys at the entrance to the hotel and then by our first Keel-billed Toucan as we were trying to board the bus for the second time.

Eventually we arrived at the main trail in Carara National Park for the second time - this time in the dry. Forest birds are often tricky to spot but with patience and luck most people saw Barred Antshrike, Squirrel Cuckoo, Streak-headed Woodcreeper, Black-hooded Antshrike, Dotted-winged Antwren, Rose-throated Becard, Scarlet-rumped Tanager, the engaging Common Tody-flycatcher, the beautiful Purple-crowned Fairy and a lovely perched and obliging Pale-billed Woodpecker. Arriving at our destination, a lagoon, the bird spotting was a lot easier with in your face Boat-billed Heron, Purple Gallinule, Anhinga, Black-necked Stilt and a dinky little American Pigmy Kingfisher. Star of the return walk was the Collared Anteater (or Tamandua) which was foraging low in a tree right above the footpath.

We had planned an afternoon trip out but some unseasonal rain in what is supposed to be a dry region of the country meant we had to be content with coffee and conversation.

## Day 5

Wednesday 1 February

### Villa Lapas to Monteverde (via Rio Tarcoles estuary and the beach)

Most opted for the early morning, pre-breakfast 'skywalk' - a 2.5km walk near the hotel of which some 500m is on suspension bridges above the canopy where it drops off into small valleys.

As was becoming typical, there were either a few lone birds (such as a Ruddy Ground-dove) or the overload of a mixed feeding flock (such as when we came across Buff-throated Saltator, Northern Bentbill, Blue-grey, Tawny-crested and White-lined Tanagers and a Violaceous Trogon almost all at once). Into the bargain we also had rather spectacular views of two Chestnut-mandibled Toucans and two Crested Guan sharing the same tree, dazzling in the early morning sun.

After breakfast we re-visited the estuary/mangrove and picked up a Ferruginous Pygmy-owl and Rufous-tailed Hummingbird. The ensuing trip to the nearby beach not only allowed some to dip their feet in the Pacific but gave all a chance to see a rather stonking Scarlet Macaw as well as rather more typical seabirds such as Brown Pelican, a single Royal Tern and a flyby of a flotilla of Magnificent Frigatebirds.

Mid-morning coffee was taken in view of a solitary Osprey and then it was off up the bumpy twisty road to Monteverde.

After lunch overlooking the Pacific (on a remarkably clear day in this area of cloud forest), it was off to the entrance to the Monteverde reserve, stopping off for excellent views of Yellow-throated Euphonia feeding in a fruiting fig and a Blue-crowned Motmot 'tick-tocking' its tail on a powerline.

On arrival at the entrance we were met by a White-nosed Coati intent on finding food and rather oblivious to us and our curiosity. We then strolled the short stroll to the hummingbird gallery to be met by a frenzy of activity by the seven species present (Stripe-tailed Hummingbird, Coppery-headed Emerald, Purple-throated Mountaingem, Green-crowned Brilliant, Magenta-throated Woodstar, Violet Sabrewing and Green Violet-ear) as well as a Bananaquit also making good use of the feeders. The pair of grey foxes that made an appearance were a welcome addition as were the Prong-billed Barbets and Slaty-throated Redstarts that we encountered on our way back to the bus.

## Day 6

Thursday 2 February

### Santa Elena and the Ecological Farm

Taking the advice of our excellent local guide Bernal, we forsook the famous but overcrowded Monteverde reserve for the much quieter but bird-wise equally rewarding Santa Elena reserve.

Stepping from the bus we were straight into a mixed feeding flock - but which to try to see first? You had to take your pick from the shouts of "Spotted Barbtail", "Ruddy Treerunner" "Lineated Foliage-gleaner" and "Golden-winged Warbler"! In the end most saw most.

Once we had entered the reserve itself we were soon joined by a semi-tame Collared Peccary, a sweet little pig but just SO stinky that we soon wished it would go away! Meanwhile there were some top birds to be seen and heard with the haunting song of the Black-faced Solitaire taking the prize for the latter. As to the former - well take your pick from; Bare-shanked Screech-owl, Collared Redstart, Streak-headed Woodcreeper, Red-faced Spinetail, Black Guan, Tufted Flycatcher, Eye-ringed Flatbill, Slaty-backed Nightingale-thrush, Wood Thrush and Three-striped Warbler.

We chose to spend the afternoon at the Ecological Farm but not before we had seen Yellow-faced Grassquit, Grey-crowned Yellowthroat and Blackburnian Warbler (on a hotel ground walk) and Masked Tityra and Blue-crowned Motmot (in the trees as we tried to board the bus to leave).

The Ecological Farm itself proved somewhat quiet but included fine views of a number of choice birds such as Brown Jay, Emerald Toucanet, White-eared Ground-sparrow, White-fronted Parrots, Black-throated Green Warbler (trying to fool us by flycatching), Orange-billed Nightingale-thrush and a last minute detour to a pair of Mottled Owls. On the mammal side, we saw a guinea-pig on stilts, more commonly known as a Central American Agouti.

## Day 7

Friday 3 February

### Monteverde, Finca Solimar and the Colorado Salinas

Our driver, Santiago suggested the pig farm road walk as the post breakfast venue - which, it has to be said, did not sound that appealing....but we took his recommendation and were not disappointed. We came across a clearing which was awash with birds and it was tricky to know where to look when you had old favourites like Emerald Toucanet, Keel-billed Toucan, Yellow-throated Euphonia, Hoffman's Woodpecker and Buff-throated Saltator and newbies like Bronzed Cowbird and Golden-browed Chlorophonia to choose from.

A quick second visit to the hummingbird gallery added Orange-bellied Trogon to our trip list and then it was off to the Finca Solimar (via a Melodious Blackbird at a comfort stop).

The Finca Solimar is a 6000ha cattle farm that only occasionally hosts groups such as ourselves and between the entrance gate and the hacienda we spotted Laughing Falcon, Double-striped Thick-knee and Spectacled Owl - a fine taster to the host of choice birds we were going to see.

After lunch under a grey and brooding sky, we set off (along with our local guide, Demitrio) for the salt pans (salinas) at nearby Colorado picking up a lovely pair of Black-headed Trogons and a smart Turquoise-browed Motmot on the way.

At the Salinas the light was poor but the birds were fabulous, with a host of waders (including Black-necked Stilt, Semipalmated Plover, Marbled Godwit, Lesser Yellowlegs, Willet Ruddy Turnstone and Short-billed Dowitcher) as well as Black Skimmer, Gull-billed Tern and Laughing Gull.

## Day 8

Saturday 4 February

Finca Solimar (Gallery Forest) & Finca Pavones

Breakfast was punctuated by the arrival in a nearby tree of two Yellow-naped Parrots. It was then off to the gallery woodland on the Finca. Stopping at its edge, we again stepped out into a buzz of bird activity: Blue-black Grassquit, Blue Grosbeak, Variable and White-collared Seedeater and the unfeasibly coloured Painted Bunting just some of the species seen. In the middle of all this activity an unusual small mammal was spotted, a Grison, which looks a bit like a cross between a polecat and a badger.

In the gallery woodland (and stepping out into the grassland) we were rewarded with Barred Antshrike, Lesser Greenlet, the elegant Scissor-tailed Flycatcher and a Montezuma Oropendula in full display, bizarrely tipping its body almost vertically whilst giving a liquid bubbly call. On the drive back to lunch, three roadside Spot-bellied Bobwhites were a welcome surprise.

The late afternoon comprised a visit to see the cows plus birding at the nearby Finca Pavones where we saw lots of 'old friends' as well as a host of new ones like Spot-breasted Oriole White-necked Puffbird and Orange-fronted Parakeet. Demitrio set up a calling duet with a Collared Forest-falcon (or was it Santiago?) but failed to entice it close enough to see it.

## Day 9

Sunday 5 February

Colorado Salinas, Finca Pavones, Estero Madrigal

We returned to the salinas in the better morning light to be met by the sight of hundreds of smart Royal Terns amongst which the occasional Sandwich and Gull-billed Terns were hiding. We re-capped on the waders before returning to the Finca Pavones in search of the Elegant Trogon - it eluded us but Rufous-capped Warbler, Tropical Gnatcatcher, Steely-vented Hummingbird and Yellow-throated Vireo did not and a huge Boa

Constrictor wrapped amongst a coil of barbed wire (but not damaged or caught by it) was a welcome sighting (at least for most!).

In the afternoon we visited the Estero Madrigal, an area of wetland, which has been partly drained to provide more grazing, but still retains high populations of wetland birds. We were soon in the thick of them - Snowy Egret, Great White Egret, Great Blue Heron, Muscovy Duck, Limpkin and Snail Kite amongst others. A large flock of Black-bellied Whistling-duck was found to be 'hiding' a couple of Fulvous Whistling-ducks. A rare Jabiru was seen on a nest with two chicks and we were able to get up close to a nesting colony (storkery?) of Wood Stork with the odd Boat-billed and Black-crowned Night-heron present. The collection of three kingfisher species (Ringed, Belted and Green) in the failing light caused some id confusion but the Roseate Spoonbills were stunning in the sunset light.

## Day 10

Monday 6 February

Finca Solimar to Selva Verde (via Muelle)

Driving and heavy showers weren't conducive to spotting birds - the Roadside and Broad-winged Hawks we saw looked very bedraggled. However, by the time we arrived in Muelle the rain had virtually stopped and the Green Iguanas were out basking. We had seen them before but usually at a distance or running away. Here, from a bridge, they were only an arms length away in the treetops - close enough to have seen the whites of their eyes, if they had any!

It was raining again on arrival at the Selva Verde hotel but by late afternoon it was dry enough for a quick walk before sunset and a brief view of Golden-headed Tanager and longer views of Fasciated Tiger-heron (fasciated apparently means marked by broad bands of colour) before a buffet dinner and an early night ready for an early start the next day.

## Day 11

Tuesday 7 February

Selva Verde (via Muelle)

Rodolfo, our guide for the next three days, arrived at 6am uttering the near magical words Sunbittern, and, sure enough a few metres from the dining room, there it was - beautifully patterned and calling mournfully in the sunrise.

The feeders in the grounds of Selva Verde were well stocked and busy with birds, especially tanagers, including our first Plain Tanager, though it was hard to fully appreciate them when surrounded by Blue-grey and Scarlet-rumped Tanagers. The Olive-backed Euphonias were lovely, and deep in the shade we spotted Chestnut-backed Antbird and Orange-billed Sparrow (with its seriously fluorescent bill).

Breakfast was interrupted by a stunning Snowy Cotinga and smart Slaty-tailed Trogon. Then it was off over the road to the 'butterfly garden' which lived up to its name giving most excellent views of the iridescent Blue Morpho butterfly. Birds were also plentiful with Red-footed Plumeleteer, Violet-headed Hummingbird, Cocoa (Buff-throated) Woodcreeper, Rufous Mourner, Red-throated Ant-tanager and soaring Black Hawk-eagle and Double-toothed Kite being trip firsts.

After lunch some chose to relax, some to stroll around the Selva Verde grounds. Though it was hot, bird activity was surprisingly high with the chic Violaceous Trogon being the first bird of the afternoon. Many others soon followed including Black-cheeked Woodpecker, White-winged Becard, Grey-capped Flycatcher, Bay Wren and the tiny White-breasted Wood-wren. Star bird of the afternoon was probably the dinky little Shining Honeycreeper.

## Day 12

Wednesday 8 February

Virgen de Socorro, Veras and the entrance to La Selva

A lovely start to the day and a scenic and famous birding spot - but where were the birds? We saw a few (Blue and Gold Tanager, Chestnut-sided and Wilson's Warbler amongst them) but it was not really until we arrived at the river at the end of the walk that things livened up with Black Phoebe, Torrent Tyrannulet and American Dipper all putting in appearances.

It was then off to Vera's, a quaint house turned part café, part 'museum' that also does a good line in hummingbird feeders and tables laden with fruit (indeed the plantains were nailed down!). Centre stage today was a fruiting fig where Golden-browed Chlorophonia, the unfeasibly coloured Bay-headed Tanager and the stunning Crimson-collared Tanager were spotted whilst Green Thorntail, Green-crowned Brilliant, Crowned Woodnymph and Violet-headed Hummingbird buzzed our ears whilst visiting the feeders. At one point we had four different species of Tanager (Blue-grey, Silver-throated, Palm and Crimson-collared) lined up on a feeding table. Vera herself kept us fed with cheesy corn cakes and melon and watered with coffee and tea making for a truly complete and satisfying birdwatching visit.

In the afternoon we made the short trip down to the entrance of the La Selva research station where we came upon a small tree in full bloom and replete with a host of hummingbirds, mostly the dainty White-necked Jacobin and the occasional Rufous-tailed Hummingbird and Green Mango (yes, it's a bird). A Chestnut-headed Oropendula joined the throng and a nearby tree held Scarlet-thighed Dacnis and Shining Honeycreeper lazing about, probably having had their fill of nectar.

We strolled down a lane taking in the activity of many of the birds we had seen previously but it was good to get alternative views and, into the bargain, new birds were still to be found including Black-striped Sparrow, Pale-vented Blackbird, some very smart Banded-backed Wrens and Long-tailed Flycatchers. A Collared Aracari did an entertaining impression of pretending to die.

After dark (and dinner) the hotel had laid on a night walk which some took advantage of....not a huge amount to see but the Red-eyed Frog was very nice as was the Vine Snake and the finale of the seriously ugly Common Opossum was, well....a finale.....



## Day 13

Thursday 9 February

### La Selva

Our last full day in Costa Rica was to be spent in the grounds of the La Selva Biological Station. Located at the confluence of two major rivers, La Selva comprises 1,600 hectares (3,900 acres) of mainly tropical wet forest. Rainfall averages 4 m (over 13 feet) spread rather evenly throughout the year - but, luckily, today it was dry and sunny.

Stopping by the canteen it was clear by the number of birdwatchers already present that something good was going on. It turned out to be a fruiting fig dripping in birds, so we sat and watched the Green Honeycreepers, Black-cowled Oriole, White-collared and White-ruffed Manakin, Bay-headed and Golden-headed Tanagers for ages until we really had to drag ourselves away to see what else the place had to offer. The answer was plenty, with a False Coral Snake in the gardens and a Rufous Motmot by the bridge before we entered the primary forest and those cryptic forest birds, the stars of which proved to be the absolutely tiny Black-capped Pygmy-tyrant and a Great Tinamou which spoilt us with a fantastic display, sunning its wings just a few metres from where we stood entranced.

Strolling back to the canteen a perched Purple-crowned Fairy was a welcome 're-spot'. The fig tree was still busy, with a nearby Grey Catbird a nice addition.

After lunch back at Selva Verde, we returned to La Selva and had a look at some of the secondary forest. Activity was somewhat subdued due to the fine, hot weather, but some 'old friends' were soon spotted including two more Hoffman's Two-toed Sloths. New birds were still to be had with a pair of Fasciated Antshikes first amongst these, the male giving a great show attacking a dead leaf to extract the insects inside. Brief views of a Rufous-winged Woodpecker were followed by long clear views of Cinnamon-coloured Woodpecker and a dapper Great Antshike. A few who had missed the Long-tailed Flycatcher previously, got to see it in its fully glory at the end the walk.

## Days 14 & 15

Friday 10 & Saturday 11 February

Selva Verda to Heathrow (via Veras, La Paz waterfall and Miami)

We bid farewell to Selva Verde and its lovely grounds, sneaked in a trip to Veras (remarkably few birds but nice snacks), the La Paz Waterfall (last chance for a photo, souvenirs and a final bird for our list, the rather odd Yellow-thighed Finch).

Our flights were on time, we sailed through the Miami beurocracy and all too soon we found ourselves back at Terminal 3 with fond memories of Costa Rica to stave off the chill.

## Birds

	Common name	Scientific name	January				February									
			28	29	30	31	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Great Tinamou	<i>Tinamus major</i>													1	
2	Least Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus dominicus</i>			2					5						
3	Brown Pelican	<i>Pelecanus occidentalis</i>					60				4					
4	Olivaceous Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax olivaceus</i>										41	2			
5	Anhinga	<i>Anhinga anhinga</i>				1					22	2				
6	Magnificent Frigatebird	<i>Fregata magnificens</i>			15		80				5					
7	Fasciated Tiger-heron	<i>Trigrisoma fasciatum</i>										1				
8	Bare-throated Tiger-heron	<i>Tigrisoma mexicanum</i>			2	1			1		12					
9	Black-crowned Night-heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>									2					
10	Yellow-crowned Night-heron	<i>Nyctanassa violacea</i>			2				1							
11	Boat-billed Heron	<i>Cochlearius cochlearius</i>				2					3					
12	Cattle Egret	<i>Bulbulcus ibis</i>		15	3	10	6		50	15	64	12			12	
13	Green-backed (Green) Heron	<i>Butorides virescens</i>			3	1			1		3	1				
14	Little Blue Heron	<i>Egretta caerulea</i>			4	2	1		1		1	14	1	3		
15	Tricoloured Heron	<i>Egretta tricolor</i>			1	1										
16	Snowy Egret	<i>Egretta thula</i>			3	1					100s	48	12	10	12	
17	Great White Egret	<i>Egretta alba</i>			12	2	1		3		2	2		1		
18	Great Blue Heron	<i>Ardea herodias</i>		1	1	1					12		1			
19	Wood Stork	<i>Mycteria americana</i>			20		12			1	3					
20	Jabiru	<i>Jabiru mycteria</i>									3					
21	White Ibis	<i>Eudocimus albus</i>			15	3	4				4					
22	Roseate Spoonbill	<i>Ajaia ajaja</i>			3		2				12					
23	Black-bellied Whistling-duck	<i>Dendrocygna autumnalis</i>									100s					
24	Fulvous Whistling-duck	<i>Dendrocygna bicolor</i>									1					
25	Muscovy Duck	<i>Cairina moschata</i>		1							16	4				
26	Blue-winged Teal	<i>Anas discors</i>			42				2		40					
27	Turkey Vulture	<i>Cathartes aura</i>		3	12	15	10s	2	2	2	4	10s	3	14	2	4
28	American Black Vulture	<i>Coragyps atratus</i>		11	40	3	10s	12	6	12	6	10s	5	4	2	2

	Common name	Scientific name	January				February									
			28	29	30	31	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
29	Osprey	<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>					1				2	1	1			
30	American Swallow-tailed Kite	<i>Elanoides forficatus</i>		15												16
31	White-tailed Kite	<i>Elanus leucurus</i>		1							1					
32	Snail Kite	<i>Rostrhamus sociabilis</i>										12				
33	Double-toothed Kite	<i>Harpagus bidentatus</i>												1		
34	Black-chested (Barred) Hawk	<i>Leucopternis princeps</i>													1	
35	Common Black-hawk	<i>Buteogallus anthracinus</i>			2					1		1				
36	Harris' Hawk	<i>Parabuteo unicinctus</i>											1			
37	Grey Hawk	<i>Buteo nitidus</i>			2	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1		
38	Roadside Hawk	<i>Buteo magnirostris</i>									1		1			
39	Broad-winged Hawk	<i>Buteo platypterus</i>			2						1		1		1	
40	Red-tailed Hawk	<i>Buteo jamaicensis</i>		1												
41	Grey-headed Kite	<i>Leptodon cayanensis</i>									1					
42	Black Hawk-eagle	<i>Spizaetus tyrannus</i>												1		
43	Crested Caracara	<i>Polyborus plancus</i>			1	1	1		1		3	1			1	
44	Laughing Falcon	<i>Herpethotes cachinnans</i>							1	2						
45	Collared Forest-falcon	<i>Micrastur semitorquatus</i>				1					h					
46	Bat Falcon	<i>Falco ruficularis</i>								1						
47	Grey-headed Chachalaca	<i>Ortalis cinereiceps</i>							3	3						
48	Crested Guan	<i>Penelope purpurascens</i>					2									
49	Black Guan	<i>Chamaepetes unicolor</i>							3							
50	Spot-bellied Bobwhite	<i>Colinus leucopogon</i>									3					
51	Limpkin	<i>Aramus guarana</i>										24				
52	Grey-necked Wood-rail	<i>Eulabeornis cajaneus</i>											1	1		
53	American Purple Gallinule	<i>Gallinula martinica</i>				2	2									
54	Northern Jacana	<i>Jacana spinosa</i>			4	4	6		1		12	6				
55	Sunbittern	<i>Eurypyga helias</i>												2	1	
56	Black-necked Stilt	<i>Himantopus mexicanus</i>				2				24	42					
57	Double-striped Thick-knee	<i>Burhinus bistriatus</i>								2	1					
58	Grey Plover	<i>Pluvialis squatarola</i>										22	19			

	Common name	Scientific name	January				February									
			28	29	30	31	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
59	Semipalmated Plover	<i>Charadrius semipalmatus</i>					1		4		6					
60	Killdeer	<i>Charadrius vociferus</i>									8					
61	Marbled Godwit	<i>Limosa fedoa</i>							12							
62	Whimbrel ( <i>hudsonicus</i> )	<i>Numenius phaeopus</i>			1		1		56		3					
63	Lesser Yellowlegs	<i>Tringa flavipes</i>							4		2					
64	Solitary Sandpiper	<i>Tringa solitaria</i>									1					
65	Willet	<i>Catoptrophorus semipalmatus</i>							100s		44	1				
66	Spotted Sandpiper	<i>Actitis macularia</i>			2	1	1		3		2		1			
67	Ruddy Turnstone	<i>Arenaria interpres</i>							12		3					
68	Short-billed Dowitcher	<i>Limnodromus griseus</i>							3		13					
69	Semipalmated Sandpiper	<i>Calidris pusilla</i>			14		12		80		11					
70	Least Sandpiper	<i>Calidris minutilla</i>							2							
71	Laughing Gull	<i>Larus atricilla</i>							40		18					
72	Royal Tern	<i>Sterna maxima</i>					1		2		150					
73	Sandwich Tern	<i>Sterna sandvicensis</i>							5		3					
74	Gull-billed Tern	<i>Sterna nilotica</i>							8		2					
75	Black Skimmer	<i>Rynchops niger</i>							60		3					
76	Feral Pigeon	<i>Columba livia 'livia'</i>		11	4											
77	Band-tailed Pigeon	<i>Columba fasciata</i>		12												
78	Red-billed Pigeon	<i>Columba flavirostris</i>						1	1		1					
79	Short-billed Pigeon	<i>Columba nigrirostris</i>				1									1	
80	White-winged Dove	<i>Zenaida asiatica</i>			3											
81	Common Ground-dove	<i>Columbina passerina</i>								12	14	12				
82	Ruddy Ground-dove	<i>Columbina talpacoti</i>				1	1		1							
83	Inca Dove	<i>Scardafella inca</i>			6	3	4		10		6	2				
84	White-tipped Dove	<i>Leptotila verreauxi</i>								3						
85	Grey-fronted Dove	<i>Leptotila rufaxilla</i>			2										1	
86	Grey-chested Dove	<i>Leptotila cassinii</i>					1									
87	Ruddy Quail-dove	<i>Geotrygon montana</i>				1										
88	Scarlet Macaw	<i>Ara macao</i>			2	3	5									

	Common name	Scientific name	January				February									
			28	29	30	31	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
89	Crimson-fronted Parakeet	<i>Aratinga finschi</i>		18												
90	Orange-fronted Parakeet	<i>Aratinga canicularis</i>							2							
91	Orange-chinned Parakeet	<i>Brotogeris jugularis</i>							2			2			2	
92	White-crowned Parrot	<i>Pionus senilis</i>					2				16	1	3	3	1	
93	White-fronted Parrot	<i>Amazona albifrons</i>						2								
94	Red-lored Parrot	<i>Amazona autumnalis</i>					1							3	4	
95	Yellow-naped Parrot	<i>Amazona auropalliata</i>								15	3	4				
96	Mealy Parrot	<i>Amazona farinosa</i>			1								2			
97	Squirrel Cuckoo	<i>Piaya cayana</i>			1	1	1		1	1		1		1	2	
98	Groove-billed Ani	<i>Crotophaga sulcirostris</i>			16	3	12			22	14	13	11		2	
99	Pacific Screech-owl	<i>Otus cooperi</i>								1						
100	Bare-shanked Screech-owl	<i>Otus clarkii</i>							2							
101	Spectacled Owl	<i>Pulsatrix perspicillata</i>								1						
102	Ferruginous Pygmy-owl	<i>Glaucidium brasilianum</i>					1			1						
103	Black & White Owl	<i>Ciccaba nigrolineata</i>			2											
104	Mottled Owl	<i>Ciccaba virgata</i>						2								
105	Lesser Nighthawk	<i>Chordeiles acutipennis</i>			21											
106	Common Pauraque	<i>Nyctidromus albicollis</i>								1		3				
107	White-collared Swift	<i>Streptoprocne zonaris</i>		8										90		2
108	Band-rumped Swift	<i>Chaetura spinicauda</i>					10s									
109	Grey-rumped Swift	<i>Chaetura cinereiventris</i>														3
110	Green Hermit	<i>Phaethornis guy</i>						1								
111	Western Long-tailed Hermit	<i>Phaethornis longirostris</i>				4								1		1
112	Little Hermit	<i>Phaethornis longuemareus</i>				1								1		
113	Violet Sabrewing	<i>Campylopterus hemileucurus</i>					10s			10s						
114	White-necked Jacobin	<i>Florisuga mellivora</i>													12	1
115	Green Violet-ear	<i>Colibri thalassinus</i>		24			10s			10s						
116	Green-breasted Mango	<i>Anthracothorax prevostii</i>								1						
117	Violet-headed Hummingbird	<i>Klais guimeti</i>											1	1		
118	Green Thorntail	<i>Discosura conversii</i>													3	

	Common name	Scientific name	January				February									
			28	29	30	31	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
119	Fork-tailed Emerald	<i>Chlorostilbon canivetii</i>								1						
120	Violet-headed Hummingbird	<i>Thalurania columbica</i>											1	2		
121	Fiery-throated Hummingbird	<i>Panterpe insignis</i>		6												
122	Steely-vented Hummingbird	<i>Amazilia saucerottei</i>									2	3				
123	Cinnamon Hummingbird	<i>Amazilia rutila</i>							4	3	6					
124	Rufous-tailed Hummingbird	<i>Amazilia tzacatl</i>					1						2	2	1	
125	Stripe-tailed Hummingbird	<i>Eupherusa eximia</i>					4									
126	Coppery-headed Emerald	<i>Elvira cupreiceps</i>					5		1						1	
127	Red-footed Plumeteer	<i>Chalybura urochrysis</i>											1	1		
128	Purple-throated Mountaingem	<i>Lampornis calolaema</i>					6	1	2							
129	Grey-tailed Mountaingem	<i>Lampornis cinereicauda</i>		12												
130	Green-crowned Brilliant	<i>Heliodoxa jacula</i>					12		4					12		4
131	Magnificent Hummingbird	<i>Eugenes fulgens</i>		30												
132	Purple-crowned Fairy	<i>Heliiothryx barroti</i>				1										1
133	Magenta-throated Woodstar	<i>Philodice bryantae</i>					7		1							
134	Ruby-throated Hummingbird	<i>Archilochus colubris</i>							2	3	2	4				
135	Volcano Hummingbird	<i>Selasphorus flammula</i>		3												
136	Scintillant Hummingbird	<i>Selasphorus scintilla</i>		12												
137	Resplendent Quetzal	<i>Pharomachrus mocinno</i>		8												
138	Slaty-tailed Trogon	<i>Trogon massena</i>											1	1	1	
139	Black-headed Trogon	<i>Trogon melanocephalus</i>			1				2	3	2					
140	Orange-bellied Trogon	<i>Trogon aurantiiventris</i>							1							
141	Violaceous Trogon	<i>Trogon violaceus</i>					1						1			
142	Ringed Kingfisher	<i>Ceryle torquata</i>			2		1				6		1			
143	Belted Kingfisher	<i>Ceryle alcyon</i>									1					
144	Amazon Kingfisher	<i>Chloroceryle amazona</i>				1						1	1			
145	Green Kingfisher	<i>Chloroceryle americana</i>			1		1				2					1
146	American Pygmy Kingfisher	<i>Chloroceryle aenea</i>				1										
147	Turquoise-browed Motmot	<i>Eumomota superciliosa</i>			1				1	5	1					
148	Rufous Motmot	<i>Baryphthengus martii</i>														1

	Common name	Scientific name	January				February									
			28	29	30	31	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
149	Blue-crowned Motmot	<i>Momotus momota</i>					1	2	2							
150	White-necked Puffbird	<i>Bucco macrorhynchos</i>								1	1					3
151	White-whiskered Puffbird	<i>Malacoptila panamensis</i>					1									
152	Prong-billed Barbet	<i>Semnornis frantzii</i>					3									
153	Emerald Toucanet	<i>Aulacorhynchus prasinus</i>						1	2							
154	Collared Aracari	<i>Pteroglossus torquatus</i>										6	2	4	4	
155	Keel-billed Toucan	<i>Ramphastos sulfuratus</i>				1			2			2	3	2	10s	
156	Chestnut-mandibled Toucan	<i>Ramphastos swainsonii</i>					2						1	4	10s	
157	Acorn Woodpecker	<i>Melanerpes formicivorus</i>		12												
158	Black-cheeked Woodpecker	<i>Melanerpes pucherani</i>											3	1	2	
159	Hoffmann's Woodpecker	<i>Melanerpes hoffmannii</i>			4		1	1	2	2	1					
160	Rufous-winged Woodpecker	<i>Piculus simplex</i>														1
161	Chestnut-coloured Woodpecker	<i>Celeus castaneus</i>												1	1	
162	Lineated Woodpecker	<i>Dryocopus lineatus</i>								2	1					1
163	Pale-billed Woodpecker	<i>Campephilus guatemalensis</i>				1	1									
164	Cocoa (Buff-throated) Woodcreeper	<i>Xiphorhynchus susurrans</i>											1			
165	Streak-headed Woodcreeper	<i>Lepidocolaptes souleyetii</i>				1		1				1		1	1	
166	Red-faced Spinetail	<i>Cranioleuca erythroptis</i>						1								
167	Spotted Barbtail	<i>Premnoplex brachyura</i>					4	2								
168	Ruddy Treerunner	<i>Margarornis rubiginosus</i>		1			3	4								
169	Lineated Foliage-gleaner	<i>Syndactyla subalaris</i>					1	1								
170	Fasciated Antshrike	<i>Cymbilaimus lineatus</i>														2
171	Great Antshrike	<i>Taraba major</i>														1
172	Barred Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus doliatus</i>				2				2						
173	Black-hooded Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus bridgesi</i>				4										
174	Dotted-winged Antwren	<i>Microrhopias quixensis</i>				5										
175	Chestnut-backed Antbird	<i>Myrmeciza exsul</i>											2		2	
176	Cinnamon Becard	<i>Pachyramphus cinnamomeus</i>		1									1	1		
177	White-winged Becard	<i>Pachyramphus polychopterus</i>											1			
178	Rose-throated Becard	<i>Platypsaris aglaiae</i>				2				2						

	Common name	Scientific name	January				February									
			28	29	30	31	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
179	Masked Tityra	<i>Tityra semifasciata</i>						3								
180	Black-crowned Tityra	<i>Tityra inquisitor</i>							6				2		1	
181	Snowy Cotinga	<i>Carpodectes nitidus</i>											2		1	
182	White-collared Manakin	<i>Manacus candei</i>													3	
183	White-ruffed Manakin	<i>Corapipo altera</i>													2	
184	Long-tailed Manakin	<i>Chiroxiphia linearis</i>					1			1	1					
185	Red-capped Manakin	<i>Pipra mentalis</i>										1	1			
186	Black Phoebe	<i>Sayornis nigricans</i>		1										2		
187	Long-tailed Tyrant	<i>Colonia colonus</i>												4	3	
188	Scissor-tailed Flycatcher	<i>Tyrannus forficatus</i>							2	4						
189	Tropical Kingbird	<i>Tyrannus melancholicus</i>		2	11	2	12	4	10s	10s	9	13		12	3	1
190	Boat-billed Flycatcher	<i>Megarhynchus pitangua</i>			4								1	1		
191	Streaked Flycatcher	<i>Myiodynastes maculatus</i>							3							
192	Grey-capped Flycatcher	<i>Myiozetetes granadensis</i>											2	1		
193	Social Flycatcher	<i>Myiozetetes similis</i>			13	8	4	4	3	2	4		2	2	3	
194	Great Kiskadee	<i>Pitangus sulphuratus</i>			1	3		4	1	4	1	3	3	2	2	
195	Brown-crested Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus tyrannulus</i>			1	1	1				3					
196	Great Crested Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus crinitus</i>				1				2			1			
197	Bright-rumped Attila	<i>Attila spadiceus</i>													1	
198	Rufous Mourner	<i>Rhytipterna holerythra</i>											1		3	
199	Tropical Pewee	<i>Contopus cinereus</i>					1									
200	Least Flycatcher	<i>Empidonax minimus</i>					1									
201	Yellow-bellied Flycatcher	<i>Empidonax flaviventris</i>											1			
202	Yellowish Flycatcher	<i>Empidonax flavescens</i>													1	
203	Black-capped Flycatcher	<i>Empidonax atriceps</i>		7												
204	Tufted Flycatcher	<i>Mitrephanes phaeocercus</i>						3								
205	Yellow-olive Flycatcher	<i>Tolmomyias sulphurescens</i>								1				1		
206	Eye-ringed Flatbill	<i>Rhynchocyclus brevirostris</i>						1								
207	Common Tody-flycatcher	<i>Todirostrum cinereum</i>				6				4	1		1	3	4	
208	Slate-headed Tody-flycatcher	<i>Todirostrum sylvia</i>								2	2					



	Common name	Scientific name	January				February									
			28	29	30	31	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
209	Northern Bentbill	<i>Oncostoma cinereigulare</i>				2	1			1						
210	Black-capped Pygmy-tyrant	<i>Myiornis atricapillus</i>													2	
211	Torrent Tyrannulet	<i>Serpophaga cinerea</i>												1		
212	Yellow-bellied Elaenia	<i>Elaenia flavogaster</i>													1	
213	Mountain Elaenia	<i>Elaenia frantzii</i>		2												
214	Olive-striped Flycatcher	<i>Mionectes olivaceus</i>						2								
215	Blue-and-white Swallow	<i>Notiochelidon cyanoleuca</i>		12			10s	10s	10s						14	
216	Sand Martin	<i>Riparia riparia</i>			12							4				
217	Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica erythrogaster</i>			16					10s	10s					
218	Long-tailed Silky-flycatcher	<i>Ptilogonys caudatus</i>		4												
219	Black-&-yellow Silky-Flycatcher	<i>Phainoptila melanoxantha</i>		1												
220	American Dipper	<i>Cinclus mexicanus</i>			1?									2		
221	Rufous-naped Wren	<i>Campylorhynchus rufinucha</i>		4	1	1	2		3	2						
222	Banded-backed Wren	<i>Campylorhynchus zonatus</i>												2	1	
223	Bay Wren	<i>Thryothorus nigricapillus</i>											1		2	
224	Rufous-and-white Wren	<i>Thryothorus rufalbus</i>				3										
225	Plain Wren	<i>Thryothorus modestus</i>													1	
226	House Wren	<i>Troglodytes aedon</i>					1	2	1							
227	Ochraceous Wren	<i>Troglodytes ochraceus</i>		1											1	
228	White-breasted Wood-wren	<i>Henicorhina leucosticta</i>											1			
229	Grey-breasted Wood-wren	<i>Henicorhina leucophrys</i>										1				
230	Grey Catbird	<i>Dumetella carolinensis</i>													1	
231	Black-faced Solitaire	<i>Myadestes melanops</i>		1				1								
232	Black-billed Nightingale-thrush	<i>Catharus gracilirostris</i>						4								
233	Orange-billed Nightingale-thrush	<i>Catharus aurantirostris</i>		6												
234	Slaty-backed Nightingale-thrush	<i>Catharus fuscater</i>						1								
235	Wood Thrush	<i>Hylocichla mustelina</i>						2								
236	Sooty Robin	<i>Turdus nigrescens</i>						1					1			
237	Mountain Robin	<i>Turdus plebejus</i>		12				1	2							
238	Pale-vented Thrush	<i>Turdus obsoletus</i>												2	2	

	Common name	Scientific name	January				February									
			28	29	30	31	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
239	Clay-coloured Robin	<i>Turdus grayi</i>		6	13	4	3		2	1			14	14	15	4
240	Tropical Gnatcatcher	<i>Poliophtila plumbea</i>				2				3	9		3	3	1	
241	Rufous-collared Sparrow	<i>Zonotrichia capensis</i>		15			3		4					3		
242	Stripe-headed Sparrow	<i>Aimophila ruficauda</i>							12							
243	Peg-billed Finch	<i>Acanthidops bairdi</i>		2												
244	Blue-black Grassquit	<i>Volatinia jacarina</i>			1					10s		11	2	3		
245	Variable Seedeater	<i>Sporophila aurita</i>				2				18		1		2	3	
246	White-collared Seedeater	<i>Sporophila torqueola</i>								2						
247	Yellow-faced Grassquit	<i>Tiaris olivacea</i>					2	2	2							
248	White-eared Ground-sparrow	<i>Melospiza leucotis</i>							3							
249	Orange-billed Sparrow	<i>Arremon aurantiostris</i>											2			
250	Olive Sparrow	<i>Arremonops rufivirgatus</i>								4						
251	Black-striped Sparrow	<i>Arremonops conirostris</i>												1		
252	Large-footed Finch	<i>Pezopetes capitalis</i>		2												
253	Yellow-thighed Finch	<i>Pselliophorus tibialis</i>														1
254	Rose-breasted Grosbeak	<i>Pheucticus ludovicianus</i>		1						3				1		
255	Buff-throated Saltator	<i>Saltator maximus</i>					2		2			6		1	3	1
256	Blue Grosbeak	<i>Guiraca caerulea</i>								2	2					
257	Painted Bunting	<i>Passerina ciris</i>									2					
258	Common Bush-tanager	<i>Chlorospingus ophthalmicus</i>					4	10	4					4		
259	Sooty-capped Bush-tanager	<i>Chlorospingus pileatus</i>		6												
260	White-lined Tanager	<i>Tachyphonus rufus</i>				2	2									
261	Tawny-crested Tanager	<i>Tachyphonus delatrix</i>					2									
262	Red-throated Ant-tanager	<i>Habia fuscicauda</i>											2			
263	Flame-coloured Tanager	<i>Piranga bidentata</i>		3												
264	Hepatic Tanager	<i>Piranga flava</i>			1											
265	Summer Tanager	<i>Piranga rubra</i>		1		2	1			1	2		2	1		
266	Crimson-collared Tanager	<i>Phlogothraupis sanguinolenta</i>												3		
267	Scarlet-rumped Tanager	<i>Ramphocelus passerinii</i>				2						6	4	2	4	2
268	Blue and Gold Tanager	<i>Buthraupis arcaei</i>												1		

	Common name	Scientific name	January				February									
			28	29	30	31	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
269	Blue-grey Tanager	<i>Thraupis episcopus</i>			14	3	4	3	3			6	14	12	3	
270	Palm Tanager	<i>Thraupis palmarum</i>			1	1							6	3		
271	Yellow-crowned Euphonia	<i>Euphonia luteicapilla</i>													1	
272	Yellow-throated Euphonia	<i>Euphonia hirundinacea</i>					4	1	1							
273	Olive-backed Euphonia	<i>Euphonia gouldi</i>											2	1	3	
274	Golden-browed Chlorophonia	<i>Chlorophonia callophrys</i>							2					2		
275	Plain-coloured Tanager	<i>Tangara inornata</i>											3		3	
276	Silver-throated Tanager	<i>Tangara icterocephala</i>											2	8	4	
277	Bay-headed Tanager	<i>Tangara gyrola</i>												2	3	
278	Golden-hooded Tanager	<i>Tangara larvata</i>										2	2	1	3	
279	Spangled-cheeked Tanager	<i>Tangara dowii</i>		18				3								
280	Scarlet-thighed Dacnis	<i>Dacnis venusta</i>												2	4	
281	Green Honeycreeper	<i>Chlorophanes spiza</i>										1			5	
282	Shining Honeycreeper	<i>Cyanerpes lucidus</i>											1	2	3	
283	Red-legged Honeycreeper	<i>Cyanerpes cyaneus</i>								1						
284	Slaty Flower-piercer	<i>Diglossa plumbea</i>		2												
285	Bananaquit	<i>Coereba flaveola</i>						2		1				1		
286	Golden-winged Warbler	<i>Vermivora chrysoptera</i>							2					1	1	
287	Tennessee Warbler	<i>Vermivora peregrina</i>				3					10				1	
288	Yellow Warbler	<i>Dendroica petechia</i>			1	1				2	2	1		1		
289	Chestnut-sided Warbler	<i>Dendroica pensylvanica</i>					1					1	3	3	1	
290	Black-throated Green Warbler	<i>Dendroica virens</i>							1							
291	Blackburnian Warbler	<i>Dendroica fusca</i>							1					2		
292	Northern Waterthrush	<i>Seiurus noveboracensis</i>				4				1						
293	Prothonotary Warbler	<i>Protonotaria citrea</i>				1										
294	Grey-crowned Yellowthroat	<i>Geothlypis poliocephala</i>							1							
295	Wilson's Warbler	<i>Wilsonia pusilla</i>		4												
296	Slate-throated Redstart	<i>Myioborus miniatus</i>					1	1	2					2		
297	Collared Redstart	<i>Myioborus torquatus</i>							2							
298	Rufous-capped Warbler	<i>Basileuterus rufifrons</i>									2					

	Common name	Scientific name	January				February									
			28	29	30	31	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
299	Three-striped Warbler	<i>Basileuterus tristriatus</i>						2								
300	Buff-rumped Warbler	<i>Basileuterus fulvicauda</i>													2	
301	Yellow-throated Vireo	<i>Vireo flavifrons</i>									4					
302	Lesser Greenlet	<i>Hylophilus decurtatus</i>							2							
303	Chestnut-headed Oropendola	<i>Psarocolius wagleri</i>												1	1	
304	Montezuma Oropendola	<i>Psarocolius montezuma</i>								6	1	12	12	2	3	
305	Spot-breasted Oriole	<i>Icterus pectoralis</i>								4						
306	Streak-backed Oriole	<i>Icterus pustulatus</i>								6						
307	Northern (Baltimore) Oriole	<i>Icterus galbula galbula</i>		1	1	1		1	1		2	1	2	1	2	
308	Black-cowled Oriole	<i>Icterus dominicensis</i>													4	
309	Eastern Meadowlark	<i>Sturnella magna</i>		2				2			4	2				
310	Great-tailed Grackle	<i>Quiscalus mexicanus</i>		22	14				10s		2	14	3	2	4	
311	Bronzed Cowbird	<i>Molothrus aeneus</i>							10s		10s					
312	Melodious Blackbird	<i>Dives dives</i>								1						
313	Silvery-throated Jay	<i>Cyanolyca argentigula</i>		2												
314	Brown Jay	<i>Cyanocorax morio</i>				5		10s	10s							
315	White-throated Magpie-jay	<i>Calocitta formosa</i>					2		3	3	4					

## Mammals

	Common name	Scientific name	January				February										
			28	29	30	31	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
1	Hoffman's Two-toed Sloth	<i>Choloepus hoffmanni</i>			1											2	
2	White-throated Capuchin	<i>Cebus capucinus</i>				2		10								6	
3	Mantled Howler Monkey	<i>Alouatta palliata</i>					20		6	10s	10s						
4	Common Opossum	<i>Didelphis marsupialis</i>										1				1	
5	White-nosed Coati	<i>Nasua narica</i>					1	2	1		10	1	1	3			2
6	Kinkajou	<i>Potos flavus</i>					1										
7	Northern Raccoon	<i>Procyon lotor</i>										1					
8	Grey Fox	<i>Urocyon cinereoargenteus</i>					2										
9	Coyote	<i>Canis latrans</i>									1						
10	Collared Peccary	<i>Tayassu tajacu</i>						1									
11	White-tailed Deer	<i>Odocoileus virginianus</i>			2												
12	Red-tailed Squirrel	<i>Sciurus granatensis</i>												2			
13	Variiegated Squirrel	<i>Sciurus variegatoides</i>			3		3	1	6	3	1	2	1	1			
14	Central American Dwarf Squirrel	<i>Microsciurus alfari</i>											2				
15	Central American Agouti	<i>Dasyprocta punctata</i>						1									
16	Collared Anteater (Tamandua)	<i>Tamandua mexicana</i>				1											
17	Grison	<i>Galictis vittata</i>								1							

## Additional species

Common name	Scientific name	January				February									
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
<b>Reptiles</b>															
Emerald Basilisk	<i>Basiliscus plumifrons</i>				1?								1		
Basilisk (Jesus Christ) Lizard	<i>Basiliscus basiliscus</i>						3								
Black Iguana	<i>Ctenosaura similis</i>			7	3				6	4					
Green Iguana	<i>Iguana iguana</i>			1	1				3	4	22	1			
American Crocodile	<i>Crocodylus acutus</i>			10						6					
"Taboba Gada" - Pit Viper?	<i>Bothrops sp.?</i>								1						
Boa Constrictor	<i>Boa constrictor</i>									1					
Roadguard	<i>Conophis lineatus</i>									1					
Central American Whip-tail Lizard	<i>Ameiva festiva</i>											3	1		
Black River Turtle	<i>Rhinoclemmys funerea</i>											3	2		
False Coral Snake	<i>Erythrolamprus mimus</i>													1	
<b>Amphibians</b>															
Strawberry Poison Dart Frog	<i>Dendrobates pumilio</i>												2		
Green and Black Poison Dart Frog	<i>Dendrobates auratus</i>										2	2	1		
Red-eyed Tree Frog	<i>Agalychnis callidryas</i>												1		